PETROL
by Day and Night
MOTOR CARS ON HIRE.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
East Street, Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

Send for Motor Cycle List.
B. S. A. Machines just received
J. H. 3-speed free engine at Rs. 700.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
Dealers in quality goods.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

VOL. III. NO 217 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.

SAILING AT MARSEILLES.

Date of sailing about	Steamers	Tons	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
SUNDAY.				
12th Sept	Salsette ..	6000	Morea ..	11000
19th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	....	..
6th	Maloja ..	12500	....	..
3rd Oct	Salsette ..	6000	....	..
27th "	Arabia ..	8000	....	..
17th "	Karmala ..	9000	....	..
24th "	Moldavia ..	10000	....	..
31st	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
7th Nov	Khyber ..	9000	....	..
14th "	Persia ..	8000	....	..
21st "	Medina ..	12500	....	..
28th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	....	..

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Marseilles Special Sleeping Car train in connection with the Company's steamers has been resumed.

All passengers landing at Marseilles whether for the special or ordinary trains must be provided with passports with the visé of a French Consul.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly on THURSDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Kamakura Maru	T. Kuwabara	6126	11th Sept.	23rd Sept.
Mogi Maru	S. Kushibiki	3772	20th Sept.	2nd Oct.
Yawgoon Maru	H. Nomura	5348	29th Sept	11th Oct
Kirin Maru	T. Sasaki	3801	6th Oct	18th Oct

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN. via Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Inaho Maru	T. Wakazawa	3939	30th Aug.	11th Sept.
Shinkoku Maru	E. Kuchiki	5336	12th Sept.	21st Sept
Saigon Maru	T. Watanabe	4538	27th Sept.	8th Oct.

For Freight apply to

Y. ASAI,
Manager.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

If you use Zymole Trokeys you will not be bothered with irritation of the throat, causing you to cough. Always carry them with you; they are pleasant to take. B-4

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)
AUTUMN SAILINGS 1915.
OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about
			1915.
City of Glasgow ..	A & C	6545	Sept. 20th
City of London ..	A & C	9090	Oct. 11th
City of Karachi ..	A & C	5563	Oct. 25th
City of Marseilles ..	A & C	9250	Oct. 26th
City of Cairo ..	A & C	7700	Nov. 1st

SAILINGS 1915.
HOMEWARD.

Steamer.	Class	Tons.	Leave Bombay. about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Cairo ..	A C	7700	....	15th Sept.

FARES.	1st. class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	552	828	422	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,038	486	726
Liverpool	600	900	456	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	—	942	—	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees Hospital Nurses. Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK.
BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA
OR BALTIMORE

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London E. C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customerrs and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe India China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Three-fourths of all the sickness is caused by constipation. Regular habits bring good health. Kasagra regulates the bowels and cures constipation. Tastes so good you'd never think it was medicine unless someone told you so. D 5

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Date	Time	Route.
"LINGA,"	2,184	Tuesday, 14th Sept.	11 a.m.	†Direct
"LHASA"	2,184	Sunday 12th September.		

†Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie
*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Fast Mail.)

S. S. "DWARKA" 1,695 tons, sailing on Saturday, the 11th Sept., calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bushire, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Subsidiary Mail).

S. S. "BARODA," 3,172 tons sailing Saturday the 11th September, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein Bushire, Koweit, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "CHAKDINA," 3,035 tons, sailing on or about 16th September via Porebunder calling at Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR LONDON.

S. S. "BERBERA," 4,352 tons, sailing from Bombay about the 15th September. One class only. Special fare Rs. 510. Limited accommodation.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road(near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

11th Sept. 1915.

PARSEE NEW YEAR

ORDERS ARE NOW REGISTERED

AT

FELICE CORNAGLIA

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER

BOMBAY POONA.

Telegrams:—CORNAGLIA. Phone No. 42.

BANKING

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

There's nothing much to a headache—if you are familiar with Stearns' Headache Cure. Convenient to carry, taken in a jiffy, headache goes in another. C-2

SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay about
* S.S. Elysia	6388	J. Kinnaird	25th Sept. 1915
† S. S. Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.D.E.N.E.	20th Oct. 1915
§ S. S. Castalia	6388	Wm. Kelso	25th Oct. 1915

*To Glasgow direct.
†To Marseilles and Liverpool.
§To Genoa and Glasgow.

The single fare to Genoa is Rs. 525 and Rs. 600 to Glasgow.

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	867
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan).
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 19,600,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin.
Australia	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sidney
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tsehling
Hong-Kong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Les Anglos (Cal. U.S.A.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 267,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS — B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL — B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS — B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES — B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos: 108 & 1439

W GOODS FOR PRESENT SEASON IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

LADIES BLOUSES

A consignment of the latest designs and newest materials.

ARRIVED BY LAST MAIL.

SPECIAL SHOW

OF THESE IN OUR

WINDOWS & SHOW ROOMS

ON

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY.

Messrs. BADHAM PILE & Co., Ltd.,

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 17TH MAY 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 26,81,500
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 13,14,273
Reserve Fund	Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of outstations are bought collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay	Medan	Manila
Calcutta	(Sumatra)	Cebu
Madras	Singapore	Hoilo
Rangoon	Malacca	Hong-Kong
Colombo	Kwala-Lumpur (F.M.S.)	Canton
Karachi		Foochow
Amritsar	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Delhi	Seremban (F.M.S.)	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Puket	Batavia	(North China)
Taiping (F.M.S.)	Sourabaya	Hankow
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Saigon	Yokohama
	Haiphong	Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 24.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes. C 5

THE MOTOR UNION

INSURANCE Co., Ld.,

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

WHICH WAS

Founded by Motorists for Motorists

OFFERS

Special Comprehensive Policy

Some special features are:

No Limit to Number of Claims in year.
Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims.
Complete Cover and Absolute security.
Moderate Premium and Equitable Treatment.

Prospectus and rates on application to—

E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Agent,
"BIBLE HOUSE," 166, Hornby Road,
FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 2352. Tel. Address: "Baltic."

BY APPOINTMENT.

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000
Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

ESTABLISHED 1885.

Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR
MOTOR CYCLE
BICYCLE
LIVE STOCK
ACCIDENT
& SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
PLATE GLASS
LIFT & HOIST
DRIVING ACCIDENTS

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—

INDIAN BRANCH:—
25-14, Church Gate St. BOMBAY.
(P. O. Box 112)

Manager for India.—G. M. ROSE.

Do you travel much? Any headaches? Slip a box of Stearns' Headache Cure in your pocket or travelling bag. Simple, easy to take but effective. C-4

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is repaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping & Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 635

LOANS negotiated to officials in Firms, Railways and Civil Service in India. Apply Box No. 529, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1752

A PARISIENNE LADY open to give tuitions to European and Parsi ladies in French conversation and literature. Apply "PARISIENNE," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1681

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
43, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 1548

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 40, Esplanade Road. 832

VARNISHES, PAINTS, ETC.—Best Indian manufactured "PARROT BRAND" Varnishes, Polishes etc., are really worthy a trial. Superior in quality yet cheaper in value. Manufactured by INDIAN CHEMICO-INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Bardoli, Dt. Surat. 1354

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona. Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

MISSING—My Brother Joseph Anthony Fernandez left house on Thursday morning the 2nd instant for Poona Races and he has not yet returned home and no news from him since then. The matter has been reported to the police for enquiries.
J. P. FERNANDEZ,
Vele Parla, 9th September, 1915.
1742

WANTED.

WANTED, PLANT ENGINES, TRUCKS, CARRIAGES. Complete for Constructing a Light Railway, thirty miles long. Send quotations to PRIME MINISTER, Bundi State, Rajputana. 804

WANTED from 1st November a flat, two bed rooms, sitting and dining room. Electric lights, fans and modern conveniences essential. Locality within or near Fort preferred Apply 'X' Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 920

WANTED immediately a CHEMICAL EXPERT to prepare Magnesium Chloride from brine. Apply with copies of testimonials stating pay expected to
Dhrangadra, 5th September, 1915.
DEWAN,
1706 Dhrangadra State.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—A long established Company desires to engage a Parsi or Hindu of experience in canvassing and general office work to represent them as Branch Secretary in an important district. Apply giving age and experience to, Box No. 525 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1732

WANTED by the Porbandar State, a MUNICIPAL SECRETARY, on a salary of Rs. 100—25 (biennially)—150. Municipal experience and knowledge of English and Gujarati essential. Apply stating qualifications to THE ADMINISTRATOR, Porbandar, Kathiawar. 906

WANTED a SMART CLERK for the Central India Agency, Public Works Department, one who is well up in P. W. D. accounts, and retired from Government service preferred. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to.
THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
908 Central India, Indore.

WANTED at once a GRADUATE, an M. A. preferred, on Rs. 60 to 100 as a librarian for the Central Library, Baroda. Apply stating full qualifications to
J. S. KUDALKAR,
Curator of State Libraries,
801 Central Library, Baroda.

WANTED.—Applications are invited for the post of temporary TOWN SURVEYOR, maximum salary Rs. 70 per mensem. Only men who have had a sound practical training and had practical experience of City Survey need apply. Applications with copies of testimonials should be addressed to
STATE ENGINEER,
904 Porbandar.

WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM or SMALL PLOT unfurnished in fort or vicinity, State rent, etc., to Box No. 530, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1761

WANTED—Board and Lodging by Lady. Terms moderate. Private family preferred. Apply to Box No. 531, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1763

WANTED.—FIRMS and FACTORIES desirous to push on their business in Upper India to communicate with HARILAL SHARMA, c/o Postmaster Bombay. 1713

WANTED PATIENTS suffering from skin disease of any kind. Cure guaranteed after diagnosis. Apply Box No. 1, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1710

WANTED—PAYING GUESTS with English family in well situated flat on Cuffe Parade. Large, airy rooms. Electric light and fans. Hot and cold baths. Good table. Moderate charges. Apply to "N. O. R." care of this paper.

WANTED a COMPETENT STORES CLERK by an Automobile Firm. Must be well acquainted with Motor Car Spares and Accessories. Apply with copies of testimonials stating salary required to Box No. 527 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1737

WANTED by a lady in the mofussil an energetic, bright and cheerful GIRL to took after children as a NURSE. Previous experience not necessary. Good salary. Apply stating particulars to Box No. 526 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1733

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of 3RD MEDICAL WOMAN in the Dufferin Hospital, Agra. Pay Rs. 300 per month and free quarters. Application should be addressed to PRINCIPAL, Medical School, Agra. Only those holding British qualification need apply. 809

WANTED a GRADUATE on Rs. 50–55—60, and an INTERMEDIATE on Rs. 35 p.m. Both with Sanskrit as S. L. with prospects. Apply to the undersigned.
(Sd.) B. V. DEO, B.A.,
Mamlatdar and Manager,
A., V. School, Chikhli Dist. Surat.
1739

WANTED on the 1st October, 1915, a thoroughly experienced Cook, clean, and capable, no other need apply, to work under a Khansamah. Good wages to a suitable man.
Original testimonials must be sent, which shall be returned.
Apply the SECRETARY, Punjab Club, Lahore. 802

MEDICAL—Applications are invited from those possessing D. P. H. Degrees as Health Officer, Lashkar Municipality. Apply with copies of Certificates and state lowest salary required to
G. J. E. HAMILTON,
President,
800 Lashkar Municipality, Gwalior, C. I.

WANTED ambitious youths to undergo EXPERT PERSONAL TUITION in "SLOAN-DUPLOYAN" Shorthand, "TOUCH" Type-writing, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Correspondence, Book-keeping, etc. Fees suit all pockets. Proficiency Guaranteed and Situations Secured. Educated "helpless" Orphans Admitted Free.
CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
46. Kalbadevi Road Bombay.

WANTED Three ASSISTANT ENGINEERS, to take charge of Famine Relief works; period of service till next rains. Apply to the Undersigned with copies of testimonials and service records which will not be returned and state minimum salary expected.
MANGAL SINGH,
Rao Bahadur Thakur,
Public Works Member of Council,
905 Marwar State.

WANTED—A STEAM LAUNCH of about the following dimensions.
Length B. P. 50 feet.
Breadth 10 feet 9 inches.
Depth 8 feet.
Draft 5 feet.
Cabin aft.
Owners wishing to sell or hire please communicate at once by letter giving full particulars with plans to the undersigned.
E. J. C. HORDERN,
1757 For Director, Royal Indian Marine.

WANTED a HEALTH OFFICER for the temporary post on a monthly salary of Rs. 300 in the Ahmedabad Municipality. Only those possessing registrable medical qualification and British Diploma in Public Health should apply with copies of testimonials to the Undersigned upto the 30th September 1915.
(Sd.) J. MONTEATH,
Municipal Commissioner,
For the City of Ahmedabad.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, 8th September, 1915. 1738

WANTED, for the Hubli Municipal Water Works, a second class MECHANICAL ENGINEER, competent to take charge of Worthington pumps and jewel filters. Pay Rs. 40—5—§0. Persons with the necessary qualifications need only apply. Applications with testimonials should be sent to the Undersigned before the 1st October, 1915.
S. N. GUTTAL,
Chairman, Managing Committee,
Hubli Municipality.
Hubli, 25th August, 1915. 706

FOR SALE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 7. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1573

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A well equipped DISPENSARY in a thickly populated locality Splendid opportunity for newly qualified doctors. For terms apply to Box No. 524, Advt.Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1729

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE. Good working order guaranteed from Rs. 40 Standard makes. Apply TYPEWRITER SUPPLY AGENCY, Carpenter, Street, Girgaum, Bombay. 1756

FOR SALE—A TWO-SEATER DARRAQUE MOTOR CAR, single cylinder, lately painted new hood, stepney, tyres perfectly good. Rs. 950 or offer. Inspection at WELLINGTON MEWS, Wodehouse Road. 1734

FOR SALE.—A large and commodious storied BUILDING with outhouses and a large compound, situated at the foot of Pali Hill, on Pali-Danda Road, Bandra. Apply to Rev. C. A. D'ABREO, R. C. Chapel, Koli Kalyan, via Santa Cruz Rly. Station. 1758

TO BE LET

LILY COTTAGE Khandalla near Rail way station. Apply Mrs. L. Gomes Mahomedi Mahal, Bombay (2). 1755

TO LET—Vicinity Apollo Bunder. Rent Rs. 70, two rooms with bath-room and use of kitchen. Separate entrance. Apply "X. Z." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1762

TO BE LET.—MEHTA VILLA, Lamington Road, behind Byculla Club. Drawing Room, 5 Bedrooms, Verandah, Stable, etc. Latest Sanitary Fittings. Apply within. 1682

TO LET.—Poona, a nice Bungalow, 21, Napier Road, till the end of November. Rent Rs. 225 or near offer. Apply COOPER, House Agent, Elphinstone Road, Poona. 1686

LIGHT, AIRY and convenient Offices to be let at small rentals to suit tenants. Electric Lift, Light and Fans. No Agents. Apply to SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., 16, Apollo Street. 552

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road; Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Apply
MANAGER,
1657 Watson's Annexe.

TO LET.—Varsova, Off Andheri Station, a beautiful sea-side place, splendidly equipped upper storied Bungalow, fully furnished 6 bed rooms, drawing room, dining room, electric lights, and water supply. Beautiful Garden all around. A regular Chateau in that district, suited for large family or European Chummery. To be let to Parsees or Europeans only. Apply BOMBAY HOUSE AGENCY, 35, Meadow Street, Bombay. 1685

TO BE LET—Colaba Reclamation first floor, north, of "Fair Holme" on Centre Road, facing the sea. Rent Rs. 190.
Upper floor of a house on Cuffe Parade. Rs 225.
Top floor of Sylverton with terrace room. Rs. 140.
Mayo Road. A very good flat in Datoobhoy Mansions. Rs. 230.
Two good flats in Gool Mansions. Rs. 250 and 260, Marine Lines.
First floor of Marine House. Rs. 315.
Ground floor of a house. Rs. 240, Fort.
Several first class shops and offices.
For further particulars, Apply to
E. W. FLOWER & SON,
House Agents.
Hummum Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458.

NOTICES.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

NOTICE.

GENERAL MEETING.

THE next HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Club Members of the Western India Turf Club will be held at the Racecourse, Poona, at 8 a.m. on SATURDAY, 25th September, 1915.

AGENDA.

1. To pass the accounts for the year ending 31st March 1915.
2. To consider the question of altering the present By-laws regarding election to Club Membership.
3. To consider certain proposed alterations to the Rules of Racing relating to the ageing of horses.
4. To discuss any other business brought forward.

Note.—Members desirous of bringing forward any subject for discussion or asking questions regarding the accounts, are requested to intimate the same to the Secretary at least 7 days before the Meeting.

(By order)
J. REYNOLDS,
Ag. Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.
Poona, 24th August, 1915. 1586

THE CENTURY SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ADINTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 3 (Rupees three only) per share for the half year ended 30th June, 1915, will be paid on or after the 16th September, 1915, to the shareholders of the Century Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 26th August, 1915.

By Order of the Board,
C. N. WADIA & CO.,
Agents.
The Century Spg. & Mfg. Co., Limtd.
Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 10th September, 1915. 1751

NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TERMINABLE LOAN.

NOTICE AS TO THE CONDITIONS ON WHICH THE PUBLIC MAY SUBSCRIBE THROUGH THE POST OFFICE.

The Government are raising this year's loan in a new form carrying 4 per cent. interest. It will be repaid in full not later than November 1923. but Government can repay it if they wish any time after October, 1920.

2. Rs. 4½ crores have already been raised in the usual way by the receipt of applications at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and other large centres, and, so far, the loan is now closed. But in addition a special opportunity is being given to persons who wish to take up the loan in small amounts, whether they are savings bank depositors or not, of subscribing through the nearest post office which transacts savings bank business.

HOW TO SUBSCRIBE.

3. Applications through the post office can be made any time up to the 30th October.

4. Applications must be for even hundreds of rupees and for not less than Rs. 100 and not more, in the case of any one applicant, than Rs. 5,000.

NOTE.—An applicant may apply for the new loan up to Rs. 5,000, notwithstanding that he alread holds 3½ per cent. Promissory notes previously purchased through the Post Office.

5. A person desiring to apply must fill up the form below which can also be obtained at any post office which transacts savings bank business. He must at the same time pay the full amount for which he applies. For this purpose he can use the money in his savings bank account if he is a savings bank depositor, or he can pay in cash direct. The applicant may go to the post office himself or send a messenger. All amounts paid will be acknowledged.

6. For every Rs. 100 which the applicant pays he will receive Government Promissory notes for the same amount.

CUSTODY OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

7. The notes may either be kept by the applicant in his own custody or, if he prefers, they may be retained in the custody of the post office authorities on his behalf. He should state which method he prefers in filling up the form of application. If he wishes to keep the notes himself, the post office will advise him when they are ready for delivery, and, on his presenting himself personally, they will be made over to him. If he decides to leave them with the post office, his personal attendance will not again be required, but the post office will send him an intimation in due course that they have been received, and are held on his behalf. Should he at a later date desire to keep the notes himself, they will then be made over to him

PAYMENT OF INTEREST.

8. Interest at 4 per cent. a year will be paid half-yearly, i.e. 2 per cent. on the 31st May and 2 per cent. on the 30th November every year. For the broken period from the date of subscription to the 30th November next, interest will be paid in cash at the time, the Promissory notes are delivered if the applicant keeps them himself, or will be credited into the saving bank account mentioned in the next paragraph if he leaves the notes in the custody of the post office authorities.

9. If the applicant decides to leave his Promissory notes in the custody of the post office authorities, the latter will draw the interest for him regularly each half year and credit the amount into a saving bank account which will be opened for this purpose in his name. The post office will also inform him from time to time whenever interest is thus received. No charge will be levied for this service, and no income tax will be deducted in making the half-yearly payments of interest.

If he keeps the Promissory notes himself, income tax will be deducted from interest in the usual way at the time the half-yearly payments are made.

SALE OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

10. If at any time a savings bank depositor who holds Promissory notes in this new loan, which have been purchased through the post office by the procedure here described, desires to sell them again, or any part of them, the post office will arrange this for him without charging brokerage or other fees. Full particulars asto this can be obtained from the post office atany time.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

I .....
hereby apply for Rupees.....
of the four per cent. terminable loan advertised in the Notification published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated the 28th July, 1915.

I deposit herewith Rs.....being equivalent of the amount of loan applied for by me at par.

I request that Rs.....being equivalent of the amount of loan applied for by me at par may be made available for this purpose from the balance standing to my credit in the Post Office Savings Bank.

In payment for the amount of loan applied for by me at par I deposit herewith Rs.....and request that the balance, viz Rs. .....may be made available from the amount at my credit in the Post Office Savings Bank.

I request that the amount of the loan allotted to me may be held by the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, on my behalf, and interest credited periodically to my Post Office Savings Bank Account.

I request that the amount of the loan allotted to me may be delivered to me in Promissory Notes of the following denominations.*

Score through unnecessary clauses.*

Name .....
Address .....
Date..... 1915.

[The form here given can be cut out and used if desired.]

NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

FOOD SUPPLIES AT THE DIFFERENT MUNICIPAL HOSPITALS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, up-to 1 p.m., (Bombay Time), on Monday the 27th September 1915, for the supply of diets, etc, to the different Municipal Hospitals, from 1st November, 1915, to 31st October, 1916.

2. Forms of Contract, specification, etc., can be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will, on application give any further information that can be required in connection with the contract.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 Five Hundred only to be paid into the Chief Accountant's Office, Bombay Municipality, in cash or public securities, which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or of refusal to sign the contract.

4. The tenders delivered to Officers other than the Chief Accountant or the Commissioner will not be considered.

5. It is particularly requested that any Firm tendering for the contract should intimate while submitting the Tender the names of the partners constituting the Firm.

6. The successful tenderer will be required to pay a further deposit of Rs. 500 (Five Hundred) as security for the due and faithful performance of the contract. The monthly supply bills will be subject to a deduction of 10 per cent on the contract amount if necessary.

7. All charges in connection with the execution, etc., of the contract should be borne by the Contractors.

8. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
J. A. TURNER,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Bombay Municipality.
10th September, 1915..

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 125 of 1913.

HAJI GANI HAJI USMAN .....Plaintiff.
v.
HAJI USMAN ABA and others. ...Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 7th day of August, 1914, the following immoveable property will be sold by public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon. Court at his office in the Court House on Saturday the 25th day of September, 1915 at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right title and interest of the Plaintiff and Defendants abovenamed in all that piece of land at Chinchwad sub-district of Haveli Taluka Poona in the Registration sub-district of Haveli under Survey No. 197 measuring three acres and thirty-two-and-half Gunthas or thereabouts Government Tax Rupees eight annas two and pies three the boundaries whereof are on the East by the passage on the West by the land of Moru bin Sayaji Gawad and others on the North by the Bombay Road and on the South by the Road and beyond it by the ground of Haji Miyaji Lochar together with the buildings huts and building materials trees of different kind and shrubs and wells, water passages, drains, canals and all the other erections and appurtenances thereto.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mulla & Mulla Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 23 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 14th day of August 1915.
J. E. MODI,
Commissioner.

Affidavit as to due publication of Advertisement and posting of the proclamation to be filed before 12 o'clock on the day of Sale in Commissioner's Office.
1756

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SHAMRAO GANPATRAO RAJPUKAR, the sole proving executor of the last Will and Testament of Bhikoba Bachoba deceased has contracted to sell to the Purchaser who is our client the under-mentioned property:—

All persons having any claim or interest thereto or thereon or to or in any part thereof either by way of gift inheritance mortgage charge lease lien trust or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 57 Esplanade Road, within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest and the same if any will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being in Kumbhartukda Lane without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 192 Square Yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 454 New No. 2375 Old Survey No. 311 New Survey No. 436 and by the Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 5028 Street No. 8 (1) and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Keshowlal Runchordas Bhagat on or towards the South by the property of Gordhandas Ranchordas Bhagat on or towards the East by the said Kumbhartukda Lane and on or towards the West by an Oart belonging to Parbhudas Pranjiwandas.

Dated this day of September 1915.
EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.,
1712 Purchaser's Attorneys.
O. R. M. W

One Thing Is Sure,—Kasagra, the ideal tonic taxative, cures constipation. It is mild in action and pleasant to take, but it does the work and produces permanent effects. 2176

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NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mrs. MARY EMERCINIO BAPTISTA, widow and administratrix of the property and credits of Peter Baptista deceased has contracted to sell to our clients YAMUNABAI, widow of GAJANAN MANIKJI and her minor son CHHOTU GAJNAN the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any right, title, interest claim or demand in to or upon the said property by way of inheritance, gift, trust, mortgage, lease, lien, partnership, co-parcenery, contract or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 109 Medows Street Fort Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims shall be considered as waived and null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of redeemed Pension and Tax land or ground together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being on the south side of a passage of the Oart called Ambramat Girgaum in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and twenty-five square yards of thereabouts and assessed in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1152 and street No. 99 and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 204 New No. 1648 old Survey No. 545 and new Survey No. 7771 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North and East by the passage on or towards the South by the property of Doming Misquita and on or towards the West by the property of Jose Antone Ferreira.

Dated this 10th day of September, 1915.

DUPTARY FERREIRA & DIWAN,
1759 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of ERNEST AUGUSTUS GOLL Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Ernest Augustus Goll deceased who died at Zurich in Switzerland on or about the Twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and the Probate of whose will having effect throughout the whole of British India was granted on the 30th day of August 1915 to Mr. Darasha Bazonji Mehta of Bombay, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said executor at the office of Messrs. Payne & Co., his Attorneys, at Treachers Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one Calender month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said executor will hand over the assets to the person entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

Notice is also given that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to pay up their debts to the said executor without any delay.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1915.

PAYNE & Co.,
1673 Executors Attorneys.

THE JIVRAJ BALOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that an Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at its Registered Office, No. 9, Green Street, Fort, on Tuesday, the 28th September, 1915, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet Abstract of Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1915.
II. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
III. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, the 28th September to Tuesday, the 12th October 1915 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Director,
ABDOOLABHOY JOOMABHOY LALLJEE & Co.
Agents.

Bombay, 9th September, 1915.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the distillation of liquor under the Madras System in the Rajpipla State for a period of four years and eleven months commencing from the 1st of August 1916.

2. Any information regarding the terms of this contract will be supplied to the intending tenderer on application to the undersigned

3 These tenders must reach the Huzur Office on the 11th October, 1915.

P. H. DASTUR,
Dewan, Rajpipla State.

Nandod, 6th September, 1915.

1730

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be closed on FRIDAY, the 17th instant that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 10th September, 1915.

1749

FOR SALE AS A GOING CONCERN.

A PROSPEROUS Cafe and confectionery business situated in the centre of the residential quarter of Karachi, close to the leading Clubs.

Apply in the first instance by letter to W. N. Richardson, Esq., Controller of Hostile Trading Concerns in Sind, Karachi.

1741

FREE I FREE II FREE III

Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Dass's.

HEALTH LITERATURE.

The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:

THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
30/8, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

AUCTION SALE

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS AND INVESTORS IN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KALBADEVI ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Hurjiwan Virji, Ranchordas Cullianji, Pragji Cullianji and Manibhai Dharamsey, the Special Commissioners and Receivers appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in Suit No. 579 of 1903 and in pursuance of the authority given to them by certain orders made in the said Suit No. 579 of 1903 and dated respectively the 25th day of September, 1906, 1st day of November, 1906, and 14th day of April 1915 and an order dated the 17th day of July, 1915, made in the said Suit No. 579 of 1903, and Suit Nos. 840 of 1914, 849 of 1914, 1902 of 1914 and 218 of 1915. Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by public auction at the premises, unless previously disposed of by private sale on SATURDAY, the 11th day of September, 1915, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), the undermentioned very valuable immoveable property.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage buildings, and premises standing thereon situate at Kalbadevie Road which said buildings and property are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Ward Nos. 1810, 1811, 3073, 3077-79 and Street No. 102-104 and 3A, 7, 9 and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 461 of Pension and Tax bearing Collector's New No. 2431 Old Survey No. 23 and New Survey No. 123 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of Hurjiwan Virji and Ranchordas Cullianji as representing the Plaintiffs and Defendants 1 to 6 in the said Suit No. 579 of 1903 and the said piece of land or ground contains by admeasurement 1297, 81 square yards or thereabouts and the said premises are situate in the Registration Sub-District formerly of Bhuleshwar but now of Bombay and are bounded as follows:—On or towards the North by the Property formerly of Mowji Premjji and now of Vallubhdas Jamnadas on or towards the South partly by property of Naronji Purmanand and partly by Kolbhat Lane on or towards the East by the Kalbadevi Road and on or towards the West by the property of Morarji Velji and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the parties to the said Suit No. 579 of 1903.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale applications may be made to Messrs. Little & Co., Attorneys to the Vendors, at their office, Old Secretariat, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.

Private offers for the purchase of the said property are invited and may be made in writing to Messrs Little & Co., at their said office before SATURDAY the 11th day of September, 1915.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th September, 1915.

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

52. Medows Street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS NOTICE OF SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT PACHORA.

The immoveable property known as the Nathu Lalji Ginning and Pressing Factory and belonging to the estate of the deceased Nathu Lalji, situate at Pachora in Khandesh District will be sold by public auction on the premises at 4 p.m. on SUNDAY, the 3rd October, 1915, under the direction of the Receivers of the said property appointed in High Court suit No. 765 of 1910.

Private offers for purchase of the said property will also be received and considered and the same can be made to the Solicitors of the Receivers.

Information as to particulars and conditions of sale etc., can be had at the office of Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chhotubhai, Solicitors for the Receivers at their office situate at Esplanade Road in Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF TEAK AND BLACK WOOD FURNITURE AT GIRGAON. THAKORDWAR OPPOSITE ZAOBA'S TEMPLE TRAMWAY ROAD VITHALDAS GOPALDAS HOUSE, THIRD FLOOR.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY the 12th September at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. Gandhi & Co., will sell by public auction at the above place rich ramaining household and office teak and blackwood artistic furniture of a private gentleman going abroad, including oak wood chairs teapoy, fancy round center table, bookstand, double and single cots cupboard double door almyrah, English verandah bench, partition screen's, writing tables, rich drawing room suites, fancy mirror cabinets reclining sofas, easy chairs, English folding chairs, bicycle, card camera, photoes, etc., etc.

The property is on view.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th Sept., 1915.

After strenuous outdoor exercise take Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract—invigorator and energy producer. It feeds the broken down tissues and makes you feel like new. 4

AUCTION SALE

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 13th September, 1915, Messrs. CRAWFORD AND CO., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street Fort, horses and carriages at 2 p.m., (S. T.), and household and office furniture, bicycles and other sundry goods at 3 p.m., (S. T.)

The property of a European gentleman:—Dining table and dining chairs, drawing room silk and rich tapestry lined spring cushioned sofas and chairs, blackwood chester field sofas, mirror door almiras, cupboards, side-boards, dressing chest of drawers, writing and dressing tables, marble top centre tables, fancy teapoys, cane sofas and chairs, easy chairs, folding and rocking chairs glass screens, rolled top office table, dumbwaiters, bookstands, Josh fan, towel horse clothes baskets, wall-brackets, hatstands, glassware crockeryware etc.

An English Estate:—Banjo, Brussels large carpet Empire Typewriter.

By order of the Post Master General Bombay, unserviceable goods such as leather delivery bags, drill and canvas bags, handbags, cash bags, wallets, belts and straps, hurricane lanterns, hanging lamps, parcel scales, copying press, chairs, stools, clocks and time-pieces, oil cloths and tarpaulins etc.

AT 2 P.M., (S. T.)

2 Rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature office broughams.

2 Rubber-tyred palanquin shaped miniature office shigram.

1 Rubber-tyred well-built victoria.

AT 3 P.M., (S. T.)

Several gents' second hand bicycles.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th September, 1915.

MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. Ry. LISTS
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

AUCTION SALE OF HIGH CLASS SAFES.

On THURSDAY, the 16th September, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA AND CO., will sell by Public Auction at their offices at 53, Medows Street, Fort, (first floor opposite Oak Lane) a trial consignment from Messrs. Tosh and Co., just received consisting of the following fire and burglers resisting very high class bent iron safes of the following sizes.

1 Iron safe 28 inches by 22 by 22 inches.
1 Iron safe 30 inches by 24 by 24 inches.
1 Iron safe 30 inches by 24 by 24 inches.
1 Iron safe 36 inches by 24 by 24 inches.
1 Iron safe 36 inches by 24 by 24 inches.
1 Iron safe 40 inches by 24 by 24 inches.

The above safes are specially suited to merchants and private users as they are fitted with secret and other convenient useful drawers.

The safes are on view

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th September, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW
ALEXANDRA CINEMA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
'Phone 1882.
TO-NIGHT. TO NIGHT.
A Clarendon Masterpiece

Adapted from the MARCHIONESS TOWNSEND'S original story—When East Meets West.

EULALIE

In Three Parts. 4,000 Feet.

A weird and mystic story of Hypnotism and Wireless. The story of a Girl of singular beauty in the clutches of a man of immense psychic powers. The effects of ancient hypnotism and modern western inventions combined. The scenes of the prologue set in Egypt.

Our two fun-filled Special Keystone Comics:—

HIS DOCTOR'S ORDERS.
FATTY'S DEBUT.

3 Shows nightly. Each 1½ hours.
7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15 and 10-30 to 12.
Extra Prize Shows, Sat. & Sun. 5-15 to 6-45.
USUAL POPULAR HALF RATES.
Free List suspended on Sat. & Sun.
Special Prize Show on Friday 16th, 5-15 to 6-45.

Messrs. B. Ardeshir & Co., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, hold the exclusive rights for India, Burma and Ceylon for the film EULALIE.

LECTURE
By Mrs. ANNIE BESANT
AT THE
EMPIRE THEATRE
On Wednesday, 15th instant,
at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.)
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Orchestra.....Re. 2.
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Dress Circle.....Ans. 8.
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A nice moral from a small spool of busy Ant and unthoughtful Grasshopper.

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Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

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Transacted [illegible] for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. SPRINGFIELD,
Manager.

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Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

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AS PLAYED BY THE GREAT PATHE PLAYERS IN THE PATHE STUDIOS IN JERSEY CITY.

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In the great Pathe Studio in Jersey City, the home of the famous Pathe moving pictures, every episode and incident of the "Perils of Pauline" has been done in real life.

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It is Mr. Crane Wilbur who takes the part of Harry. He is exactly the wholesome, straightforward, high-minded and lovable chap the story calls for. He is just out of college with a fine athletic record and able to pick up Pauline in his arms and save her if danger threatens. He has lived in the house with his charming adopted sister and has learned to worship even the ground she walks on. It is lucky for Pauline, as it turns out, that she has so fearless and resourceful a lover to depend upon in times of peril.

One human being stands between Harry and Pauline. Raymond Owen is a rascal of more than ordinary ingenuity and persistance. Owen is determined to kill Pauline—not because he has anything against the girl, but because he will thus be able to get his hands on her great fortune. Such new and ingenious and unexpected and unthought of villainy as Owen resorts to could not be portrayed by a less skilled actor than Mr. Paul Panzer.

Mr. Panzer is indeed "the villain." He is a remarkable villain. His face, at times, reflects gleams of wickedness which freeze the blood and make the observer shudder and wonder if Harry Marvin can successfully protect the girl he adores from such an accomplished scoundrel.

These three famous Pathe players take the leading parts in the moving picture reproduction of Mr. Charles Goddard's powerful novel. Other parts are taken by several more of the Pathe artists. The scenes have been posed with painstaking care and the costumes of the ladies have been designed by Lady Duff-Gordon, the famous "Lucile".

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GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 10.

Lord Cromer	Fellows	New York	July 25
Chakdina	Elton	Durban	August 21
Roma	Cogliolo	Genova	August 24

DEPARTURE.

Sept. 10.

Shwedagon — Jenties — Rangoon

The following vessels received port clearances yesterday.—

Steamer	Baroda	for	Persian Gulf
,,	Dwarka	for	Persian Gulf

The following vessels entered the Docks for loading:—

Steamer	Chakdina	for	Durban, & etc.
,,	Zeyani (to arrive)	for	Basra, & etc.
,,	Roma	for	Genova

Friday, September 10, 1915

S. S. Lord Cromer:—The steamer Lord Cromer, 2,903 tons, Captain H. Fellows, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from New York, 25th July, with a general cargo and oil.

S. S. Chakdina:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chakdina, 1,579 tons, Captain G. R. Elton, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Durban, 21st August, with a general cargo and cargo of coal.

S. S. Roma:—The Italian S. N. Company's steamer Roma, 2,328 tons, Captain A. Cogliolo, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Genoa, 24th August, with a general cargo and 10 cabin and 85 deck passengers.

S. S. Shwedagon:—The steamer Shwedagon, 1,999 tons, Captain W. E. Jenties, sailed yesterday for Rangoon via Marmagoa, with a general cargo.

S. S. Baroda:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Baroda, 1,898 tons, Captain H. Horscraft, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo.

S. S. Dwarka:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain E. Prince, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf with a general and a same bottom cargo.

S. S. Mooltan:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Mooltan with the Homeward Mails of the 5th instant arrived Aden at noon on Friday, the 10th instant.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Titania	Knudsen	D. Nanji & Sons
B. Ozarda	Maples	M. M. & Co
D. & E. Baroda	Horscraft	M. M. & Co
F. Umvelosi	Axelson	W. & A. G. & Co
K. Thistledhu	Blackliu	T. M. & Co
M. Lunka		Govt
N. Moras	Koonce	L. Ebrahimji
P. Belle of France	Carfill	J. F. & C)

HARBOUR WALL.

Kaveri	K. N. & Co
Sarasvati	K. N. & Co
Netravati	K. N. & Co
Ponani	K. N. & Co
Mahanadi	K. N. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Kowelt	Wilson	T. M. & C
2 Inano Maru		N. Y. Kaisb
3 Akbar	Murch	T. M. & Co
4 Bahrein	Bonnet	T. M. & Co
6 Gibraltar	Semple	K. N. & Co
9 Rahmani	Wheeler	T. M. & Co
14 Lhasa	King	M. M. & Co
16 Dwarka		M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

3 City of Poona	McNeil	K. N. & Co
4 Kaiser-i-Hind	Bennett	P. & O Co
6 Holizones	Enyun	D. Nanjee & Sons

HARBOUR WALL.

Pentakota	M. M. & Co

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Urlana	M. M. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Sant Tukaram	I. C. S. N. Co
St. F. Xavier	I. C. S. N. Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM

Chakdina	Elton	M. M. & Co
Dwarka	Prince	M. M. & Co
Khosrou	Hannah	M. M. & Co
Kinkon Maru	Tenjimoto	G. Arbuthnot & Co
Lord Cromer	Fellow	
Malta	Talbot	P. & O Co
Nursni	Thompson	T. M. & Co
Roma	Cogiolo	I. S. N. & Co

EXPORTS.

Sept. 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Halezones (s) 26 bales cotton waste, Commercial Trading Co.; 85 bales cotton waste, T. Damji; 204 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 293 bales cotton fly, J. Purbhudas and Co.; 30 bales wool, Bombay Co.; 8 bales wool, D. Nagji; 110 bales wool, E. Mahomed; 5 bales wool, B. Valabdas; 60 bales wool, H. E. G. Mahomed and Sons.

Gibraltar (s) 208 bales cotton waste, H. E. Bode and Sons; 163 bales cotton fly, H. E. Bode and Sons.

FOR LONDON.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s) 7 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.; 1 bale woollen carpets, King King and Co.; 29 cwts. bees wax, J. M. Rahimtoola; 10 cwts. fishmaws, E. Moledina; 510 cwts. gum Arabic, M. Jafferbhoy; 6 cases cotton cold piece-goods, King King and Co.; 58 casks Indian chutney, Framji Nowroji; 1 case Indian chutney, Framji Nowroji; 10 casks Indian chutney, D. P. Batha and Co.; 550 cwts. olibanum, M. Jafferbhoy; 36 bales goat skins, E. N. Stein; 29 cwts. deer horns, N. Kassam; 80 tons cotton seed oil cake Indian Cotton Oil Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s) 16 bales woollen carpets, King King and Co.; 4 bales woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s) 1,000 casks goat skins, E. N. Stein.

FOR HULL.

Umvolosi (s) 2,000 cwts. cotton seeds, Volkart Brothers; 1,027 cwts. cotton seeds, A. Khimji.

Barrington Court (s) 1,000 cwts. cotton seeds, Volkart Brothers; 4,157 cwts. myrabolams, P. Mathuradas and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Titania (s) 1,700 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR OSAKA.

Chinkoku Maru (s) 500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR KOBE.

Chinkoku Maru (s) 1,300 bales cottor, Ralli Brothers; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 300 bales cotton, G. Dossa and Co.; 2,700 bales cotton, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 2,000 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 600 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

Kamakura Maru (s) 202 bales cotton, C. Bomanjee and Co.; 219 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 405 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.; 500 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Chinkoku Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

Kamakura Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Kamakura Maru (s) 98 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Kamakura Maru (s) 700 bales cotton yarn, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kamakura Maru (s) 800 bales cotton yarn, M. B. Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Berbera from London, Agents M. M. and Co.—22 cases shoes, 15 cases capsules, 1,100 kegs 130 boxes 5 packages 19 cases gunpowder, 5 casks soda sulphate, 100 cases mineral water, 70 drums sanitary fluid, 1 case potash nitro, 1 case potash, 100 drums okol sanitas, 6 cases 20 kegs boric acid, 3 cases ammonia carbonate, 2 casks 3 cases ammonia, 24 cases syrup, 7 cases chloroform, 2 casks magnesia, 17 casks 14 drums zinc chloride, 110 kegs 136 drums disinfectant fluid, 50 tons 4 cases chalk, 80 crates cement slabs, 150 casks cement, 12 drums 6 casks Asbestos cement, 1 case magnesium carbonate, 2 cases tartaric acid, 94 drums magnesium chloride, 522 cases 15 packages medicines, 5 cases motor car and accessories, 1 case cycle, 3 packages brandy, 336 cases gin, 118 cases lime juice, 12 casks 30 cases vinegar, 3 cases wine, 120 cases ginger ale, 1 case perfumed spirit, 4 cases glass bottles 10 cases rubber tyres, 11 crates 3 casks earthenware, 30 cases musical instruments 1 case leather, 2 cases rubber sheet, 4 bales leather bands, 2 cases leather goods, 3 cases rubber heels, 1 case leather skins 11 cases sauce, 1 cask grease, 40 cases 80 kegs marine glue, 9 packages biscuits, 420 cases O. stores, 52 cases provisions, 62 cases confectionary, 165 cases milk, 6 cases food, 1 case sardine, 2 cases cheese, 4 cases infant's food, 35 cases fruit salt, 32 cases castor oil, 7 cases olive oil, 36 barrels lubricating oil, 2 cases nails, 1 case meats, 1 case pearl barley, 6 cases essential oil, 5 barrels linseed oil, 180 barrels 1 cask grease, 40 cases 80 kegs marin glue, 9 rolls sheet lead, 240 kegs white lead, 28 drums oil, 2 cases salt, 1 case dye, 1 box ivory ring, 8 cases virol, 64 cases 4 casks blacking, 2 cases plaster of Paris, 4 cases boot polish, 117 pigs 6 sheets lead, 33 cases varnish, 20 packages 2 cases paper, 2,000 numbers zinc plate, 22 cases perfumery, 1 package 530 drums 753 kegs 1 case paint, 12 cases tobacco, 81 casks 41 packages tallow, 9 cases cigarettes and tobacco, 103 cases soap.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

The All-India weather report indicates that the depression is only slightly marked, but the Arabian sea current continues active in the Peninsula where heavy falls have occurred.

Rainfall has been general in Lower Burma, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and local in Bengal, Central India, Mysore and the Madras Deccan. A few falls occurred in the United Provinces and East Rajputana.

The principal amounts were:—Ratnagiri 9 inches, Karwar, Merkara 3 inches each, Bombay and Nagpur 2 inches each, Mangalore and Calingapatam 1 inch each.

An increase of rainfall in East Central Provinces and in Bihar is forecasted.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 10th Sept. 1915.	Total since 1st June 1915.	1st June to 10th September. 1914.	1913.
Colaba Observatory	1.80	69.37	61.18	65.28
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital]	1.16	72.51	63.07	76.09
Esplanade [Gok Tej. Hospl.]	1.32	68.11	65.31	75.30
Byculla [J. J. Hospital]	1.66	75.58	72.68	78 78

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours quoted in Bombay Mean Time, depth [illegible] is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of Week	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h	m	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.	Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay. Mean Time. h	m	Depth on Sill. ft.	in.
	Sept.					Sept.				
Fr.	10	m	11 48	28	5	10	m	5 24	16	2
Sat.	11	m	0 4	28	4	11	m	5 59	16	4
			0 20a	28	6			6 22a	15	4
Sun.	12	m	0 45	28	7	12	m	6 35	16	10
			0 53a	28	3			6 55a	15	0
Mon	13	m	1 30	28	5	13	m	7 13	17	8
			1 28a	27	8			7 31a	15	1
Tu.	14	m	2 20	27	11	14	m	7 55	18	9
			2 6a	26	10			8 12a	15	7
W.	15	m	3 16	27	1	15	m	8 46	19	11
			2 32a	25	10			9 4a	18	4
Th.	16	m	4 21	26	4	16	m	10 2	20	11
			3 53a	24	9			10 14a	17	3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Sept.	Sunrise	Sunset
10 (Friday)	6h 25m	6h. 47m.
,, 11 (Saturday)	6h. 25m.	6h. 46m.
,, 12 (Sunday)	6h. 25m.	6h. 45m.
,, 13 (Monday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 44m.
,, 14 (Tuesday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 43m.
,, 15 (Wednesday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 43m.
16 (Thursday)	6h 26m	6h 42m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon 1915 Aug. 25th 3h 10-5m a. m. Last Quarter 1915 Sept. 1st 8h 26-6 p. m. New Moon 1915 Sept. 9th 4h 22-7m p. m. First Quarter 1915 Sept. 16th 0h 51-3m p. m. Full Moon 1915 Sept 3rd 3h 5-2m p. m.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 9th September, 1915.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr...	29.625 inches
Temperature of Air	78.2 degree
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.0 ,,
Dew Point	76.5 ,,
Relative humkity of Air	0.945 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	10.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	79.6 ,,
Minimum do. do.	75.4 ,,
Genral direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WNW.W.
Movement of Wind do. do	169 miles.
Fall of Rain	4.13 inches.
Total fall during month	5.95 ,,
Do. do. year	70.78 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 10th Sept.	0.00 ,,

RECENT RISING OF THE BUNERWALS.

TWO PESHAWARIS ARRESTED IN CALCUTTA.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

Two Peshawaris were arrested in Calcutta on Wednesday on suspicion. The two men are alleged to have been implicated in the recent rising of the Bunerwals and a warrant for their arrest was issued by the District Magistrate of Peshawar.

TRAVANCORE PLANTERS' GIFT OF ÆROPLANE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Sept. 10.

It is learnt that the European planters of Travancore have organized a fund for purchasing an aeroplane at a cost of Rs. 34,000 to be made over to the Imperial Government for use in war.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 10th September, 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual and day temperature is in excess. Night temperature is also above normal in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. Day temperature is generally in excess; night temperature is also above normal in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah reports 0.38in. of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is higher than usual in Rajputana, the excess ranging from 7deg. to 15deg. F.; night temperature is also above normal at Jaipur and Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Indore reports 0.50in. of rain. Skies are moderately clouded. Temperature is in excs except at the coast stations.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general except in the extreme eastern and north-eastern districts of the reporting area; Hoshangabad has had 0.97in. Khandwa 0.74in., Akola 2.08in., Amraoti 1.93in., Nagpur 1.76in., and Chanda 1.46in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in excess in the northern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been widespread; Bombay has had 1.80in., Ratnagiri 9.20in., Mormugao 2.03in. and Karwar 2.76in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Ratnagiri and Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Malegaon has had 0.34in., Ahmednagar 1.17in., Poona 0.46in. Sholapur 0.13in., Bijapur 0.62in. Belgaum 0.77in. Aurangabad 0.63in., Nizamabad 0.57in., and Hyderabad 1.00in. Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is generallly in defect.

General Remarks.—The depression from the Bay of Bengal has moved slightly northward and is to-day near Raipur. It has determined a considerable increase of rainfall in the west Central Provinces, while with the northward advance of the depression there has been a decrease in the Bombay Deccan. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan north Malabar, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and the west Central Provinces and local in east Rajputana, Central India West and the Madras Deccan. The depression may move further in a nearly northerly direction. A decrease of rainfall is likely in the Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces, fairly general in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, local rain in Central India West and a few showers in the south United Provinces and Rajputana.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 10th of September, 1915.

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity: 8 A. M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours	Total 1st June to date	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (9th)	93	83	70	..	9	—0.01
Jask	102.6	84.9	42	..	0	—0.08
Do. (9th)	102.5	84.8	44	..	0	—0.06
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (9th)	100.7	84.2	24	..	0	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	110.3	79.6	37	..	0.65	—3.90
Rawalpindi	99.7	69.8	56	..	13.52	—7.07
Lahore	107.6	78.5	54	..	2.54	—11.55
Hissar	108.4	81.0	43	..	4.37	..
Ambala	102.1	80.3	66	..	10.51	—10.91
Delhi	102.8	83.7	68	..	7.47	—13.27
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	101.7	83.3	68	..	13.64	—8.42
Mainpuri	96.3	79.1	85	..	20.48	—0.85
Jhansi	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	94.0	82.1	87	..	46.82	8.06
Allahabad	95.1	81.5	80	..	40.24	—0.70
SIND AND RAJPUTANA	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jacobabad	86.8	77.4	80	..	0.25	—5.71
Karachi	104.2	81.0	37	..	7.85	—9.88
Ajmer	100.5	77.1	77	..	8.41	—11.58
Jalpore	103.8	83.0	62	0.38	13.92	—9.56
Kotah	..	..	..	..	..	..
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
WEST—						
Bhuj	99.0	75.0	76	..	3.69	—8.68
Dwarka	84.3	78.2	83	..	7.52	—5.78
Veraval	81.6	76.3	90	..	7.40	—8.50
Rajkot	100.2	76.8	74	..	6.99	—16.08
Bhavnagar Para	97.6	79.4	77	..	8.28	—8.83
Surat	85.5	78.5	86	..	21.45	—13.85
Ahmedabad	98.7	70	..	..	9.11	—16.73
Deesa	106.1	..	72	..	4.30	—17.05
Neemuch	99.0	77.0	82	..	12.60	—11.44
Indore	90.3	72.0	90	0.50	19.70	—5.86
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	91.9	76.1	80	..	52.06	15.79
Sangor	92.2	78.8	88	..	34.62	—3.22
Hoshangabad	90.6	73.5	94	0.97	36.10	—4.11
Khandwa	90.4	74.5	96	0.74	19.72	—3.60
Akola	89.9	72.1	90	2.08	22.66	—1.42
Amraoti	84.0	72.5	98	1.03	23.01	—2.15
Nagpur	91.9	73.9	92	1.76	37.15	—1.11
Chanda	87.1	75.2	95	0.46	31.82	—2.62
Raipur	89.2	79.6	88	..	40.12	1.09
KONKAN—						
Bombay	81.2	76.2	88	1.80	69.37	7.22
Ratnagiri	79.5	73.1	96	9.20	87.35	—1.50
Mormugao	78.9	73.7	95	2.03	76.54	—4.52
Karwar	80.9	73.6	95	2.76	86.01	—18.84
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	87.4	72.6	96	0.34	15.98	1.45
Ahmednagar	78.0	69.3	97	1.17	18.20	4.38
Poona	75.4	70.3	87	0.46	25.68	9.95
Sholapur	79.3	70.8	92	0.13	14.65	—2.96
Bijapur	78.7	69.5	91	0.62	8.60	—1.89
Belgaum	74.3	67.0	97	0.77	34.09	—1.01
Aurangabad	82.4	69.1	95	0.43	22.34	2.51
Nizamabad (Indur)	80.9	72.1	90	0.57	26.76	—3.69
Hyderabad	79.8	71.2	92	1.00	34.75	14.90
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	86.0	74.5	88	0.90	83.10	—19.52
Calicut	84.4	74.1	92	0.67	78.74	—5.18
Cochin	85.4	76.7	84	0.09	70.62	3.69
Colombo	85.6	78.5	85	0.09	22.28	4.38
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	90.3	80.2	75	..	30.80	10.90
Bellary	85.8	73.6	71	0.11	12.46	4.91
Cuddapah	96.2	80.2	56	..	11.20	—4.36
Madras	97.6	82.5	60	..	11.95	—0.72
Bangalore	82.2	64.8	84	0.10	14.33	—0.57
Coimbatore	89.4	73.6	58	..	6.41	1.80
Trichinopoly	98.6	79.4	60	..	6.26	—2.17
Negapatam	95	79.6	76	..	6.71	—1.84

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 9th September 1915, was 29.832 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. a' aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

(15th Sunday after Trinity, 12th September.)

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle) Church Gate Street, Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7.45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral)—Smart in F; Hymns, 268, 276, 315, 197; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; Canticles—Chants; Hymns 353, 263, 27; Collections for Choir Fund; Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 a.m.; Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. J. B. Glass.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. R. L. Wormald; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5.15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy (English: Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. Canon E. S. Heywood, M.A., Rev. J. H. Robinson, M.A., (Marathi). Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A., (Gujrati): Rev. L. Hari. English Services: 8-a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil), 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m. Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—There will be no services in this Church until further notice.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain: Rev. C. B. Grey Collier; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Matins (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock—Chaplain (Vacant) 9-45 a.m. Morning prayer and Holy. Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe; 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzerathi); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain: Rev. J. B. Glass, Morning Prayer and Sermon 11 a.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 a.m., Evensong and Sermon, Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's, Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and R. Pearse, 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 10-30 a.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland) Apollo Street, Fort Senior Chaplain: Rev J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m. Joint-Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service: Praise List, Psalms 90, tune 63, Paraphrase 20, tune 73, Hymns 12, 570, 267, 2nd tune.

United Free Church of Scotland, Wandby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service Sermon on (1) "The Message of God"; and (2) "To our Nation"; Preacher: The Rev. R. M. Gray. Offering for the Women's Branch of the War Relief Fund.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyteriar Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. P. Nikambe English Service 8.30 a.m. Preacher: Rev. Dr. R. Scott; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m. Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev W. E. Bancroft 8-30 a.m. Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-45 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner. 11 a.m., Morning Service. Rev. F. W. Woods 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. F. W. Wood.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. P. W. James; 6-30 Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; 4-45 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. P. W. James; Sunday School at 5 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission: (Minister Rev. S. Rahator).—8-15 a.m., Byculla; 4-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel; 6.30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel. (Tamil and Telugu Sevice).

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba. Minister Rev. Mr. A. E. Hubbard; 9 a.m., Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; Sunday School and Bible Class for men from 5 to 6 p.m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor Rev. John Malelu:—9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m. Sunday School Teachers Class; 3-15 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 4.30 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (Opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services—Sunday, 6-30 p.m., Preaching; Saturday 6-30 p.m., Preaching, Saturday, 5-15 Sabbath School, Wednesday, 6-30 p.m., Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Pettit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevi, Vicar Rev. Dr B. De Monte—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.

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	Rs.	a.	p.
230 Volt D. C. Desk Fans 16" (Fixed)	45	0	0
" " " " " 12" (Fixed)	35	0	0
" " " " " 16" (Oscillating).	70	0	0
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230 Volt A. C. Desk Fans 16" (Fixed)	50	0	0
" " " " " 12" (Fixed)	38	0	0
" " " " " 16" (Oscillating).	75	0	0
" " " " " 12" (Oscillating).	63	0	0
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COMMERCIAL.

"IF WE STOP COTTON WE STOP WAR."

An important meeting was held at Queen's Hall in mail week, says the "Standard" to discuss the question of cotton being declared contraband of war. A resolution was submitted "that his Majesty's Prime Minister be informed that in the opinion of this meeting the protection of the interests of the Empire and its Allies would be best secured by an immediate declaration that cotton is contraband of war." The chairman was Sir Charles Macara, chairman of the Cotton Manufacturers' Federation, while the speakers included Sir William Ramsay and Sir George Makgil. A letter was read from Admiral Lord Charles Beresford.

Sir Charles Macara said that with regard to the part that cotton has played in the production of propulsive explosives, everyone, of course, was aware that cotton was largely used for this purpose, but until recently it was not known that it was so largely employed as is the case. He had no doubt that the manufacture of propulsive explosives had consumed a certain proportion of the surplus amount of cotton created by the war and had been one factor, at least, in mitigating the losses to the cotton growers.

The cotton crop of the world had from year to year varied millions of bales, and as a matter of prudence he had long been advocating that, in years of plenty, a reserve should be created against lean years. An equivalent of the American, Egyptian, and East Indian raw cotton used by Germany and Austria in normal years might have been purchased to create such a reserve. The statistics showed the normal consumption of neutral countries, but when one found that these neutral countries had been importing enormous quantities of the raw material immensely in excess of what it was possible for the machinery it was known they possessed to consume, there could be no doubt they had supplied the enemy with the necessary material for the manufacture of their clothing and munitions of war, thus to a certain extent nullifying the work of the British Fleet.

Had the proposals he made to the British and American Governments been carried out, which might be considered a business transaction, to minimise the loss of revenue brought about by the year, the neutral countries could have had the amount of cotton for their normal requirements, and there would have been no cause for grievance on the part of anyone engaged in the cotton industry in any of its departments.

THE COMMAND OF THE SEA.

He was sure that the Government had given anxious consideration to this most complicated problem, and there was no doubt that during recent months the stocks of cotton accumulating at Liverpool showed that some improvement was taking place, but they must all be agreed that we must utilise our command of the highways of the sea and prevent by every means possible, both diplomatic and practical, cotton from reaching enemy countries. There was not the slightest doubt that if Germany had succeeded in any way in blockading the British coast no consideration whatever would have prevented them from utilising that advantage to the fullest extent.

Quoting from an article which he contributed about a year ago to a financial journal, Sir Charles Macara pointed out that in that article he said that he was "more convinced than ever that interference with the supply of food and clothing would be the prime factor in bringing the present colossal war to an end." Speaking now, after twelve months' experience of the war, he felt it was an absolute necessity that well-considered, strong measures must be carried out which would have the effect of preventing cotton reaching enemy countries, while, at the same time, acting fairly in the interests of neutral countries and safeguarding the future welfare of a great international industry.

Sir Charles declared finally that if his scheme had been carried out and cotton had been declared contraband the war would have been over by last Christmas, or by March at the latest. He moved the resolution.

SIR WILLIAM RAMSAY'S SPEECH.

Sir William Ramsay, in seconding, said: The first point I wish to make is that cotton is the only substance which the Germans cannot furnish themselves with for ammunition. A good many chemicals are required for modern ammunition, and the most important is nitric acid. There are plans of getting it out of the air, and the Germans have started huge factories; I believe they have advanced something like fifteen million sterling for one which is not far from the basin of the Rhine.

Wood, hemp, straw, anything that contains woody fibre, is valuable for the production of nitro-cellulose, but none of these has what is technically called the ballistic power of cotton; they are not so strong. That means that if the Germans are driven to use wood fibre for their powder, that powder would not propel the shell or bullet so far. Therefore, unless they use cotton they alter the quality of their ammunition, to their own great disadvantage.

It may be urged that there are plenty of sheets, pillow slips, clothes, and handkerchiefs in Germany, and that the Germans can make gun-cotton out of these; but, again, the effectiveness of a powder made from used cotton, which has often been washed is not so good as that obtained from pure cotton. Thus they are in the same difficulty, for the strength of the ammunition is not so great.

It is obvious that we ought to do our best to prevent the Germans getting that single material which is the only one they have not got for propelling their ammunition. We are limited to cotton, and if we stop cotton we stop the war. Cotton, however, is going into Germany. The Swiss have had twenty-nine times as much cotton as they normally have.

The expenditure of ammunition during this war is enormous and hitherto unheard of. I believe a thousand tons a day of cotton is under the mark. A single 16-inch gun takes a bale of cotton of between 400 and 500 pounds to furnish the gun-cotton necessary for discharging its shell. One such bale will fire about 30 rounds for a 4.5-inch gun and about 80,000 rounds of rifle ammunition. At the beginning of the war it was stated that the total available cotton in Germany was 250,000 tons, which, calculating an expenditure of a thousand tons a day, was sufficient for 250 days, or about eight months. Had we stopped cotton and had the Germans only had that reserve, the war would have been over at the end of March. Supposing that the Germans had been saving cotton for some time and had saved as much again, war would have been near its end now. The war will go on as long as we furnish Germany with cotton, and we must attempt to stop cotton. Until that is done we shall be furnishing Germany with means of killing our soldiers and those of our Allies. It is grossly unfair to ourselves and our Allies that we should continue to do so.

Sir George Makgill, representing the Anti-German Union, also spoke in support of the resolution. "We are here," he said, "not to attack the Government, but to strengthen its hands, because we of this country believe the Cabinet need strengthening. The nation has awakened to the urgency of the problem and realises that this is a vital matter. This is a question of the lives of our soldiers, of the existence of the nation itself. As far as I can see, what American planters object to is being kept in suspense. The people who are asking us to declare cotton contraband are the planters in the Southern States of America quite as much as the people in this country. It is to their interest to know where they stand and where we stand, and it is a question which admits of no delay. The cotton crop is due next month, and it becomes urgent that some decision should be taken."

A letter was read signed by 23 members of the Manchester City Council expressing their earnest belief that it was "imperative in the common interest of our nation our Allies, and to our and their peoples and brave defenders that cotton should be declared contraband of war.

A letter was read from Admiral Charles Beresford, in which he said that he agreed that had cotton been declared contraband in February the war would now be approaching its closing scenes.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

Liverpool, Sept. 9th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..		15,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		2,500
" Sales of East India ..		300
" Imports		Nil.
Mid. Americans		.5.98+9d
Egyptian F.G.F.		.8.00+10d
New York 11 a.m., (as known in Liverpool at closing time)	October	.10.08+23
	January	.10.62+28
New York Official noon call	October	.10.12+26
	January	.10.65+28

Too much smoking sometimes creates a headache—aches so much it nauseates—Stearns' Headache Cure clears the head and makes you feel like new. C 6

New Orleans 10 a.m. October ..9.94+32 January .10.48+32

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 9th.

Estimated Sales.. 10,000
Total Imports .. .. Nil.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's price	
Sept.	5.81	
Sept.-Oct.	5.81	
Oct.-Nov.	5.86	
Nov.-Dec.	5.90	
Dec.-Jan.	5.94	
Jan.-Feb.	5.98	
Feb.-Mar.	6.02	+7
Mar.-Apl.	6.05	
April-May	6.09	
May-June	6.13	
June-July	6.16	
July-Aug.	6.20	
Aug.-Sept.	6.20	

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 9th.

Months.	To-day's price
September	5.87+6
Sept.-Oct.	5.87+5
Oct.-Nov.	5.92+5
Nov.-Dec.	5.96+5
Dec.-Jan.	5.99+5
Jan.-Feb	6.03+5
Feb.-Mar.	6.07+4
Mar.-Apl.	6.10+5
Apl.-May	6.14+6
May-June	6.17+6
June-July	6.21+6
July-Aug.	6.24+6
Aug.-Sept.	6.25+5

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 9th.

M. G. Bengal Good ..	4.15		
" " Fully Good	4.30		
" " Fine ..	4.45	unchgd.	
M. G. No. 1 Oomra Good	4.65		
" " Fine ..	4.95		
" Broach Good ..	5.20+5		
" " Fully Good	5.35+5		
" " Fine ..	5.50+5		
" Scinde Good ..	4 15	unchanged	
" " Fully Good	4.30	do.	
" " Fine ..	4.45	do.	

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	12,000
" Exports to Great Britain	18,000
" " to Continent ..	
Futures at New York October .	.10.18+20
Futures at New York January .	.10.72+23
Spot Cotton at New York ..	.10.20+20
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ..	..9.63+13
Tone of Spot Cotton:—	
Futures at New Orleans ..	.10.06+25
Futures at New Orleans January	.10.60+25
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	.. 6⅝
Demand Bills	.. 4.67.25
Silver Commercial Bars	48⅜

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, Sept. 9th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

	£		£
Total Bullion ..	67,500,000	Dec.	900,000
Public Deposits .	129,600,000	"	8,300,000
Other do. .	85,900,000	"	2,000,000
Govt. Securities .	34,400,000	"	10,000,000
Other Securities	145,200,000	Inc.	100,000
Notes and Gold .	54,100,000	Dec.	500,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 25% of the Liabilities.

Extra allotments.

Transfers Calcutta Rs. 1,030,000 } at 1/4 1/32
" Bombay " 500,000 }
" Madras " 300,000 }

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 9th.

Bar Silver Spot 23 11/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—No sellers.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 %
since 8th August 1914.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st... 4 13/16 unchgd.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. 5 do.
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months 5⅛ do.
" " " " 6 " 6 do.
Interest day to day loans .. 3¾ do.
" 7 day market loans .. 4¼ do.
Exchange on London at Paris Francs.. 27.78

SHEEP SKINS.

London, Sept. 9th.

Sheep skins sales closed to-day steady.

Zymole Trokeys strengthen the voice preventing the irritation which follows a long strain on the vocal cords. They are invaluable to public speakers and singers. B 6

Sheep skins Madras Prime a penny advance.

THE MAILS.

London, Sept. 9th.

The Bombay Mails were delivered here to-day.

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 9th.

3½ % 1925—1928 £92 9/16
4½ % 1925—1945 £98 1/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

London, Sept. 9th

WHEAT.

Wheat White Bombay Club, No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-ship Nominal.
Wheat, White Delhi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. Not quoted.
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F July Sellers 54
Tone:—Steady.
Wheat F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. July Sellers 53⅝
Wheat Choice White Bombay Nominal.
Karachi Barley Sept.-Oct. Sellers 38

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe 60lbs. Nominal.
Barletta Russo 62½lbs.—Nominal.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, Nominal.
Victorian. Nominal
New South Wales. Nominal.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. ex-Ship Sept.-Oct. Value. 57
Rapeseed, Yellow Gusarat, 416lbs. ex-Ship, Aug.-Sept. Sellers. 59
Rapeseed, Brown 416 lbs. ex-Ship. 3% Aug.-Sept. Sellers. 52
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship. Sept.-Oct. Buyers. 56/6
Toria Rapeseed 3% Aug.-Sept. 52/6

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) September-October Sellers 51/3

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Sept.-Oct. Hull Value £8-7-6

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£76¼
Standard Copper G M.B.	£67
Copper Braziers	£94
Yellow Metal	11
Hard Spelter Nominal	50
Tin Plates C.I.F Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	£17/5
Pig Iron No. 1 Gartsherrie	£85

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal. Value. 25

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta September/December.	20
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi September/December.	20/1¼
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta September/December.	22
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Sept.-Dec.	22/1¼
Calcutta Linseed September-October Sellers	56

RUBBER.

Para Rubber September-Oct. Sellers	2/5
Ceylon Rubber Oct-Dec. Paid	2/4

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's rates for:

Asiatic Petroleum Co., Limited, Brandth	Rs.	as.	p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip Gl	3	14	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4	8	0
Deer Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Gl.	3	12	0
Deer Brand New Tins per pair . ..	4	6	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Galls.	3	7	6
Bull Brand New Tins per pair ..	4	1	6
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per 8 Ip. Gl.	3	2	6
Swan Brand New Tins per pair ..	3	12	6
Anchor Tins per pair	4	9	0
Rising Sun Cases per case	4	15	0
Anchor Cases per case	5	1	0
Shell Cases per case	5	8	0

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Sept. 10.

The market have to-day in sympathy with higher advices from America opened firm with Good Broach quoted at Rs. 273¼.

The market eventually advanced to Rs. 274 and F. G. Bengals were quoted at Rs. 220. There was a certain demand for New Crops styles but sellers were few.

Ready cotton is in fair demand.

We quote:—
Fine Akola. September, 223.
Fine Bengal, September, 195.
Quotations for 1916:—
Good Broach, April, 273¼.
Fully Good Bengal, January, 219¼.
Fine Khamgaum-Akola, January, 241.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine	F.G	Good.	Delivery.
M.G. Broach	..	..	271	Apr. 25'16
M.G. "	..	..	..	..
M.G. Bengals (Ry. terms)	224	217	..	Jan. 25'16
H.G. Rajputana (Ry. terms	..	..	..	..
M.G. Sind Punjab (Ry. terms)	..	..	..	..
M.G. Khandesh	..	..	..	..
M. G. Mathia	..	..	..	..
M.G. Khandwa, Sanawad ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Wardha, Hinganghat ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Bengals	199	..	..	Sept. 1915
M.G. Akola, Khgm., Fair Staple	221	..	..	Sept. 1915
" " " ..	239	..	..	Jan. 1916
M.G. Yeotmal	..	..	..	..
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam ..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Oomrawatee description	..	..	..	..
Saw Ginned Dharwar	..	..	239	Sept. 1915
H. G. Western	..	..	204	Do.
M.G. Westerns	..	..	215	Do.
M.G. Miraj	..	..	240	Do.
M G. Compta	..	..	240	Do.
H.G. Bhangalkote	..	..	..	..
H.G. Bijapore	..	..	..	..
M.G. Bengals	225	..	..	Nov. 1915
Do.	227	..	..	Dec. 1915

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 9th September, 1915:—

Cotton	7,849 Bales.
Wheat	31,169 cwts.
Linseed	12,769 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	2,159 "
Ginjellyseed	104 "
Poppyseed	1,030 "
Groundnuts	1,295 "
Castorseed	763 "
Rice	5,397 "
Myrabollams	1,140 "
Cottonseed	7,938 "
Mowraseed	596 "
Gram	1,741 "
Joowar	9,083 "
Barley	1,015 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.
White Pessi 85 per cent. ... Rs. 7-2, R. D. per cwt.
White Delhi ... Rs. 7-3-6. R. D. per cwt.
Linseed.
Ready ... Rs. 8-6, B. T. per cwt.
Forward Sept. ... Rs. 9, R. D. per cwt.
Rapeseed.
Brown Cawnpore ... Rs. 7-1, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Etawah ... Rs. 7-2, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Katni ... Rs. 8 B. T. per cwt.
Yellow Gujerat ... Rs. 8-7, R. D. per cwt.
Poppyseed.
Ready ... Rs. 8-1, R. D. per cwt.
Groundnuts ... Rs. 40, B. T. per candy.
Mowraseed ... Rs. 4-1, R. D. per cwt.
Castorseed.
Ready ... Rs. 6-12 R. D. per cwt.
Cottonseed ... Rs. 23, B. T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4d.
D.-D. Mail	1s. 4d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4d.
	October.
Banks Buying Rates:—	
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do. forward	1s. 4 11-32d.
	Any time.
Do. 4 Months' Sight Ready.	1s. 4 3/8d.
Francs 3 m-s. do.	192 nominal.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong	132½
Do. Shanghai	170½
60 d-s. Yokohama	153½

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	25-4-0
Australia do.	24-11-0
Bombay do.	24-5-0
English Shield Sovereigns	15-12-0
English Dragons	15-3-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	60-9-0

STERLING TRANFERS ON LONDON.

As the result of the allotment of Sterling Transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for £1,000,000 offered for sale yesterday, £50,000 deferred was allotted to Calcutta; Bombay and Madras did not tender.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of:—

August, 1913	Rs. 30,60,89,000
August, 1914	Rs. 21,89,41,000
August, 1915	Rs. 22,34,51,000

THE CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LD.

The Directors' seventeenth annual report for the year ending 31st March, 1915, stated that the new applications received during the year amounted to Rs. 1,18,09,410. Policies were issued for Rs. 1,00,78,550 and applications for Rs. 17,30,860 were postponed or declined. The total insurance in force on the 31st March, 1915, amounted to Rs. 6,34,23,722 of which policies to the amount of Rs. 4,92,570 were re-insured. The income for the year amounted to Rs. 54,10,441.86. The total assets now amount to Rs. 1,86,48,249.74, an increase during the year of Rs. 5,30,020.02. The total amount paid to policy-holders and beneficiaries during the year amounted to Rs. 35,05,497.06, making a total of Rs. 2,06,02,722-12 paid since the Company's inception.

WHEAT PRICES.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 10.

Wheat prices in India are slightly easier this week, the rates at Lahore and Meerut having gone down a quarter of a seer each and now standing at 9 seers per rupee. Those at Cawnpore, Delhi and Jubbulpore remain unchanged at from 8½ to 8¾ seers.

The Select Committee on the Inland Steam Vessels Bill met yesterday morning at Simla.

Rev. Father P. Hoffman of Catholic Mission who is to be interned by the order of the Government has left Madras.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOK.

	Rs.	a.
Royal Road to Beauty	1	0
Sexual Science	2	0
Marriage & Parentage	1	0
Perfect Manhood	0	8
" Womanhood	0	8
Private Words for Men	0	8
" " Women	0	8
Every Wife's Guide	0	12
Parturition Without Pain	1	0
Marriage & Disease	0	8
Hints on Reproductive Organs	0	8
Home Treatment for Sexual Abuses	0	12
Tokology	2	8
Whispers to Married People	0	8
Private Counsellor	2	0
Kellogg's Man the Masterpiece	9	6
Young Wife's Advice B. K.	0	12

SELF AND SEX SERIES:—1 What a Young Boy Ought to know, 2 What a Young Man Ought to know, 3 What a Young Husband Ought to know, 4 What a Man of 45 Ought to know, 5 What a Young Girl Ought to know, 6 What a Young Woman Ought to know, 7 What a Young Wife Ought to know, 8 What a Woman of 45 Ought to know...each 3 0

RANADE'S (Justice M. G.) BOOKS.

1.	Rise of the Maratha Power, Vol. I.	1 8
2.	Essays on Indian Economics ...	4 0
3.	Essays and Speeches on Religious and Social Reforms ...	3 0

GOPAL NARAYEN & CO.

Booksellers, Bombay.

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Insist on the signature "J. ESPIC" on each cigarette.

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WELBURN'S HOUSEHOLD COALS

Best and Economical for Culinary purposes.

Now used by **leading Families Hotels, Clubs, Messes, Restaurants and Cafes**, Send a trial order and you will be convinced.

Those who buy **Welburn's Household Coals** have the satisfaction of knowing that they get not only cent percent value of theirmoney but more. Par excellence suitable for Cooking.

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Our qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon with diploma from the Royal London (Moorfields) Ophthalmic Hospital, will examine eyes retinoscopically for glasses free of charge.

We hold flattering testimonials from distinguished personages and include among our constituents such notabilities as the Honourable H. E. Rear Admiral Peirse, all past and present chief justices and puisne judges of the Bombay High Court, honourable members o the Bombay Legislative Council, members of the medical profession etc

"LU-LU" EYE DROPS

An absolutely non-irritant and a Positive Cure for all Sore Ulcerated and Weak Eyes. Price Re. 1.

An Illustrated Essay on the Eye containing useful information sent post free on application.

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281, Hornby Road BOMBAY.

AT

CHINA-JAPAN STORES

Abdul Rehman Street, Crawford Market.

No clearance sale, notwithstanding the Prices are astonishingly and comparatively low.

Just received a fresh consignment of latest fashions in Japanese curios and fancy goods for Presents.

Your visit only once is cordially invited and you will patronise us.

Please read on board—

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NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

MAXIMUM Insurance protection and MINIMUM of cost guaranteed by the

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE Company, Limited.

For particulars apply to:—

FRAMROZE R. JOSHI, J.P.
Managing Director,
67, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS WANTED.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Parsi New Year Holiday, Banks closed.

Bombay Gymkhana Cricket: A Team v. Friends' Union; B Team v. Grant Medical College.

Poona Races.

Y. W. C. A., "The Briar Rose," by the Girls of the John Connon High School, 5-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, Sept. 12.

Parsi New Year Day, 1285 Yezdezerdi.

P and O. Co's. S. S. Salsette with English Mails due 6 a.m.

MONDAY, Sept. 13.

Municipal Corporation meeting, 3-40 p.m.

Mrs. A. Besant's Public Lecture on "The Submerged Classes,—Here and in England," Empire Theatre, 6-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, Sept. 14.

Specie Bank, adjourned meeting of creditors, 3 p.m.

Mrs. A. Besant's Public Lecture on "India After the War," Empire Theatre, 6-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m.

Municipal Standing Committee meeting, 4-10 p.m.

Marcks and Co., Ordinary General Meeting, Esplanade Road, 3 p.m.

Mrs. A. Besant's Public Lecture on "Theosophy and War," Empire Theatre, 6-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 Cinema, 9-30 p.m. The Grotesques.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

Corps Orders by Major E. T. Lambert, Commanding B. V. A.

Colaba, Sept. 10.

836 Parades. 7-0 a.m. Recruits Drill.

837 Leave. The undermentioned Officer is granted 4 months leave from 10-9-15 date of availing.

Major R. W. R. Pennington, V. D.

838 Commands Major E. T. Lambert will take command of the Corps from 10-9-15 in addition to his present duties vice Major R. W. R. Pennington, V.D. proceeding on leave. Lieutenant H. A. Starkey (attached) will take over command of No. 1 Company from 10-9-15.

839 Duties. 2nd Lieutenant J. Dodds will take over the duties of Officiating Adjutant, B V. A. from 10-9-15.

(Sd.) J. DODDS, 2nd Lieut. B. V. A.

Offg: Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Artillery.

STRING BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15.

March.—Old Comrades ..... Teike
Overture.—The Bohemian Girl ..... Balfe
Valse.—Bebe .....
Melodies from—The Sunshine Girl. Rubens
Intermezzo.—Aisha ..... Lindsay
Selection of Harry Lauder's Songs ..... Williams
Two Step.—Everybody's doing it now. Berlin

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut-Col. C. B. Baldock and Officers 108th Infantry, the Band of the 108th Infantry under the direction of Mr. E. Colonna, Band Master will play a programme of music this evening at the Bombay Gymkhana commencing at 6-15.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of August 1915 was 536, of whom 464 were males and 72 females.

HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. & O. S. S. Khiva which left Bombay on the 8th ultimo arrived London on Thursday the 9th instant. All well.

LECTURE ON "GANESH POOJA."

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, to-morrow at 6 p.m. (B. T.), when Pandit Kavi Shanker Shama will deliver a lecture on "Ganesh Pooja."

NEW SONAPUR CHAPEL OF OUR LADY OF DOLOURS.

From to-morrow commences the seven novenas of Our Lady at this church. Novena mass will begin at 7-15 a.m. In the evening there will be rosary, sermon and benediction at 7 p.m. (S. T.).

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

The 15th public lecture of the A. E. League will be delivered to-morrow at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the Municipal Charni Road Boys' School by Mr. V. B. Velanker upon "Young Keists' Union," wher Mr. J. N. Vaidya will preside.

BOMBAY ARYAN BROTHERHOOD.

It is proposed to hold a second conference of the above Brotherhood on the 4th of November next to discuss the question of the "Caste System and its Evils" in its different aspects.

THE GURJAR SABHA.

A meeting of the Gurjar Sabha will be held to-morrow at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in the Arya Samaj Mandir, Kandewadi, Girgaon, Mr. Harisidhbhai V. Divatia, will open a discussion on "Social Reform Legislation." Mr. Daji Abaji Khare, will preside. The meeting is open to the public.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Two attacks of plague, with no fatal cases, were reported in Bombay on Thursday, one each from Dhobi Talao and Byculla. There was one attack of small-pox, but no cases of cholera. The total mortality, from all causes was 58, as compared with 76 of the corresponding day of 1914 and 79 of 1913. The total number of rats caught was 2025, out of which four were found to be plague-stricken.

REPORTED THEFT.

Mr. Bapulal Gopal, a partner in the firm of Ramdas Ramchandra and Company on Kalbadevi Road, has complained to the Police that his shop was broken into and gold watches to the number of forty and cash of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,035 had been taken away.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

It has been proposed to hold a series of public lectures under the auspices of the above Association. The object of these lectures is to discuss the ways and means by which educated men can move the public thought on lines of progress in all directions. The preliminary address will be delivered by Mr S. V. Palekar this evening at 5-0 p.m. (S. T.), in the premises of the Association opposite China Baug, Girgaum Back Road.

FATE OF A DRUNKARD.

A man named Joseph Louis who was employed as a topus on board the S. S. Jubba, while under the influence of liquor tried to find the house of his friends, but not finding them there sat on a third floor window, but lost his balance and fell on the pavement. He was removed by the Police to the G. T. Hospital, where it was found that both his legs had been fractured.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Brotherhood Mr. K. M. Munshi, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, will deliver a public lecture in the Prarthana Mandir Hall, Girgaum, to-day at 6-15 p.m. on "Manhood and some of its Interpretors." The Hon. Mr. Srinivas Shastri of the Servants of India Society will preside.

On Sunday the Senior and Junior Classes of the Brotherhood will meet as usual at 9 a.m. at their respective places. The Senior Class will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. Scott, M.A., D.D., and the Junior Class by Mr. S. N. Gamadia, M.A.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

The following is the list of passengers proceeding home on Sunday, per P. & O. Co.'s mail steamer Salsette:—

Mr. W. M. Barrett, Mr. Geo. Burgess, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Clough, Mr. W. Leech, Mr. J. McCabe, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. W. Oliphant, Khan Bahadur Syed Rustamalli, Hon. Mr. L. C. Porter, I. C. S., Mrs. P. Grey, Mr. G. E. Wakefield, Mr. R. W. R. Pennington, Mrs. Field and infant, Mrs. Mayne, Mrs. Bennett and infant, Mrs. Colson, child and infant, Mrs. Allcard, 2 children and Nurse, Miss Allcard, Mrs. Younghusband, Mr. G. H. Frost, Mr. F. Robinson, Mr. Lees Eckkersall, Mr. Pugh, Mrs. Hovell, Miss E. Hewitt, Mr. K. C. Mahindia, Mr. O'Bryne and Mr. T. Gerrard.

PASSENGERS PER S.S. UMVOLOSI.

The Natal Line s. s. Umvolosi will sail from F Shed, Prince's Dock, to-day, with the following passengers. Medical inspection will take place alongside the vessel at 10-30 a.m.

To Weymouth:—Mr. Claytan, Miss Deane, Mrs. Davies and infant, Mr. F. R. Fordham, Mr. Gore, Me. Hoines, Mrs. Hoines, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Laxton, Mr. Leader, Mr. Peskalis, Mr. Skidmore, Mr. C. W. A. Turner, Mrs. Turner, child and nurse, and Mr. White.

PRIEST V PARISHIONER.

THE "WORST WITNESS IN COURT."

On Wednesday, at the Pali Hill Court, Atin Patrice DeSouza, appeared before Mr. G. H. Cowan, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bassein Prant, to answer charges under sections 447, 323, and 506 I.P.C. of treapass, hurt and criminal intimidation brought against him by Rev. Father Paul J. DeLima, Vicar of the Roman Catholic Church of Gorai in Salsette.

Mr. M. K. Lalkaka, Bar-at-Law with Mr. Dabholkar, pleader, appeared on behalf of the vicar while Mr. John Albert Vallis, Solicitor, defended the accused.

The vicar's complaint was that on Sunday the 15th ultimo the accused entered the Church compound abusing him and threatening to kill him and as he would not go away, when remonstrated he had to be turned out. The accused again entered the Church compound and assaulted him and tore his garments which consisted of a *tooman* and a *banian*. There were nail marks, the vicar said, on his left cheek, and when certain men who ,were his witnesses in the case, came to his rescue the accused said that he was prepared to go to transportation for life like the Utan men but he would kill the priest. The vicar added that his ecclesiastical duties were such that he had to administer the sacrament to the sick and dying at all hours of the night and day and that therefore he was mortally afraid the accused would be easily able to find an opportunity to carry out his threat.

As the vicar was being examined his Worship had repeatedly to warn him to confine his answers to the point. The learned Magistrate remarked that the reverend gentleman was the worst witness he ever had in his Court and unnecessarily took up a great deal of the Court's time by making a speech every time he was asked a question. Again when the vicar was being cross-examined by Mr. Vallis and he appeared to give argumentative answers his Worship warned him to answer the questions. To a question asked by Mr. Vallis, in cross-examination of the vicar, whether it was not a fact that he had a violent temper and that there were frequent displays of it in his relations with his parishioners, the vicar answered with some display of temper "you have a worse temper than me."

The prosecution witnesses having been heard Mr. Vallis was called upon to submit his defence, and the case has been adjourned to the 18th instant.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday 19th September, 1915, should be regarded as a non weather working day for vessels in the Prince's Victoria and Alexandra Docks.

AUBREY'S FORM DISCUSSED.

A SUPERFLUOUS ENQUIRY.

THE AWAKENING OF BRUCE.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

Unless it was, that owing to the depressing climatic conditions which prevailed at Poona last Wednesday, the Stewards of the W. I. T. C. felt it was incumbent on them to create a diversion to raise the drooping spirits of the melancholy joyless crowd, I fail to see where the necessity arose for instituting an enquiry into the running of Aubrey when he cantered home in the Rosherville Plate. And if our racing tribunal had stayed their hands until the conclusion of the Visitors' Plate, when Mr. Hajee Oosman Sait's horse again rubbed it into them that he was even capable of spread-eagling the 2nd Division with the impost allotted to him by the handicapper, a lot of time and trouble might have been spared in arriving at a conclusion that was obvious to the merest racing tyro. There was not a shred of evidence to presume that Aubrey was not capable of winning both the races: on the contrary, his past up-country form indicated as clear as a pickstaff, that at the weights both events were practically at his mercy.

It is fairly obvious that the Stewards must have been influenced to take action in deference to the outcry raised by the disappointed ones who had neglected to "get on" to the good thing, in having been so leather-headed as to take a line for Aubrey through his recent performances in the country-bred class, when he met the redoubtable Seeta in the Patiala Plate at the Fourth Extra and in the Bangalore Plate a fortnight later.

Now, how was it possible to deduce from these performances that Aubrey's displays put him beyond the pale of winning the Rosherville Plate and the Visitors' Plate? He gave us a taste of his known capabilities by winning the Country Bred Produce Plate and running third in the Newmarket Plate. What more could he do? He had not the fair Seeta to contend with in either of these events. And the only rational conclusion to arrive at is, that with 6st. up Seeta could have won the Rosherville Plate and stood a good chance of annexing the Visitors' Plate, at the same weight, had she been entered. That is all: therefore why all this hub-bub about nothing?

But, apart from all this deductive rot, has it never occurred to the small band of cavilling squealers, who are for ever ready to cast unjustifiable aspersions broadcast when they happen to get on the wrong 'un,—has it never occurred to them, I repeat, that there might be other and nobler reasons to account for Aubrey's disappointing essays when he met Seeta. It must have been obvious to the most indiscriminating observer when the pair were parading round the paddock, that a complete understanding, if not *une affaire du coeur* existed. Seeta's light-hearted skip, and the saucy responsive whisk of her tail, when she encountered Aubrey's languishing glad-eye were sufficient to suggest that the budding scenes of the "old old story" were being enacted in the early stages of an equine country-bred romance. And it is preposterous to suppose that this chivalrous, love-sick son of Muderah and Cowai would have been guilty of depriving his inamorata of the fruits of victory in any race merely to gratify the whims of a speculative public or the dread of censure of a small racing tribunal. Of course not: the bare idea of such a thing is positively absurd. It is therefore highly satisfactory to learn that Mr. Hajee Oosman Sait and Company's explanation has been accepted.—whatever it was—and that the incident is closed.

The Stewards were probably too engrossed over the Aubrey affair to pay any attention to Bruce's astounding display when he won the Cecil Gray Plate. And if they happen to glance through these notes, I respectfully ask them not to fail to institute a searching enquiry into the running of this horse. There are one or two people actively engaged in the business part of Poona racing that are apparently suffering under the belief, that the only people who are vouchsafed the intelligence of an ordinary individual are themselves, and the sooner the delusion is dissipated the better for all concerned.

From the splendid work Bruce has put in on the track, Mr. Heath, his owner, has all along set great store on his racing possibilities, and considered from his private gallops that he should have won earlier than last Wednesday. Mr. Heath was so disheartened at Bruce's previous disappointing efforts that he contented himself by merely backing him for fifty each way, so that he should not run exactly loose, in the event of Bruce taking it into his head to extend himself in the Cecil Gray Plate.

Bruce on this occasion won easily. Mr. Heath for mere sentiment expended Rs. 50 on him to win: the public could not and did not back him. Who then backed Bruce to the extent the tote indicated by returning a dividend of only Rs. 126/8? Surely it is possible to obtain some sort of a clue to the investors on Mr. Heath's horse! There are people who will take an odd ticket or two on anything on the off-chance, and these lucky investors might be difficult to identify. But the solid money, in the shape of hundred-rupee tickets ,who was this paid to? If the Club will set to work and find this out, a great service will be rendered to the public. I am not trying to pose as a Sherlock Holmes in this matter, because it is not necessary. The little game is as clear as daylight and as Mr. Heath should be capable of looking after himself, I make no appeal for an investigation on his behalf, but for the public good only. And if this matter is probed to the core, I opine the Stewards will be rewarded with a few delectable revelations they did not bargain for.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

The following is the programme for next Wednesday's mud sports:—

1. Tent Pegging (Individual with swords)
2. Musical Chairs for ladies.

This event will not take place unless there are at least four entries.

3. Jumping (half sections) Horses and Ponies.
4. Whistling Stakes. (Ladies' nomination) Men will ride a given course to their partners who will hand them a glass of soda water and a straw.

This must be drunk through the straw after which a biscuit is to be eaten by the man who will then whistle the tune on his card. The lady to write down her interpretation of the tune and the man will then ride to the winning post carrying this with him.

5. Scurry Handicap Horses and Ponies.
6. Balaclava Melee in half sections.

Events 1, 3, 5 and 6 are open to all members of the Bombay Light Horse.

FIRE AT COLABA.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT RS. 3,000.

A third fire occurred in the same place in Colaba Pasta Lane, in a godown belonging to Miss Hamabai Petit. The smoke was first observed by a man belonging to the Bombay Salvage Corps who was on duty at the 2nd Pasta Lane, on the night of the 9th instant.

The fire had started in a stack which was in the same room where the fire on the 6th instant had first started and it was put down in a few minutes, as it was not of a serious nature, by the Colaba and Fort Fire Engines, which had turned up very promptly on the scene. The estimated damage is about Rs. 3,000. It is surmised that the fire was caused in a bale which must have been smouldering as a result of the last conflagration.

MUSIC LICENSE DURING MOHARRUM

DRAFT NOTIFICAOION.

The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under sub-section (1) (*f*) (*ii*) and (*h*) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, is published by the Commissioner of Police. Any objection or suggestion which may be sent to the Commissioner of Police by any person with respect to the draft before the 1st of October 1915, will be considered by the Commissioner:—

"Any person applying for a license for the playing of music in any street or public place during the period of the Muharram festival shall deposit in the office of the Commissioner of Police at the time of the application for the license a sum of Rs. 50, or such smaller sum as the Commissioner of Police in his absolute discretion may in any case fix if upon the consideration of all the circumstances he considers that the deposit of such smaller sum may be accepted. In the event of the grant of the license to the applicant and of his obedience to the rules issued for the conduct of the Muharram, and in the absence of any disturbance by or with the connivance of the applicant, the amount of deposit will be returned to the applicant after the close of the festival. Otherwise the deposit will be forfeited to Government and will be credited to the fund for the relief of indigent pilgrims to Mecca."

SRI BHARAT DHARMA MAHAMANDAL

The Secretary of this institution writes as follows:—

It has been decided by the Council of the Sri Bharat Dharma Mahamandal to convene the Sixth Mahadhiveshan, i.e., All-India Convention of the Society at Benares during the Christmas holidays.

The session will last seven days and each day's meeting will be presided over by either a Dharmacharya (head of a sect or monastic order) or a Ruling Chief.

A noticeable feature of the gathering will be the ceremony of *Mun Dan*, i.e., the conferment of testimonials, titles, silver and gold medals, etc., on persons who for scholarship, literary work, special act of charity, performance of some great Vaidik Yajna, or promotion of indigenous arts and industries, are entitled to distinction.

The draft list of subjects to be dealt with at the assembly is in circulation among the pratinidhis of the Mahamandal of approval, and will be duly published.

STEAMER FOR HAJ PILGRIMS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

SIR,—I aave now learnt from a reliable source that the steamer Sirdar which belongs to Mr. Shustri, will start on the 30th September and will reach Jeddah on the 11th October, i.e., eight days before Haj. Pilgrims will reach holy Mecca in time comfortably. It is pleasing to note that Mr. Shustri has commenced issuing single tickets to the pilgrims. The passage rate is Rs. 70.—Yours, etc.,

TAJ-MAHOMED, M.
Shaidai Kaba.

Bombay, September 10th.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

Quite an epoch making announcement in the Cinema line, has been made this week by the proprietors of the Imperial Cinema, who, not contented with the already unchallenged reputation of showing only the best of films, have now gone a step further and have secured at a tremendous cost a film which is certainly going to astonish the Bombay Cinema lovers. For, there is no doubt that a venture of this kind, with the elaborate newspaper advertising has never been undertaken in this country. The film is said to be everything that could be desired and the resources of a firm like Pathe's can certainly guarantee for its excellence in every respect. The story briefly told runs as follows:—

Stanford Marvin, a rich retired manufacturer, has a son, Harry, and also an adopted daughter, Pauline. Harry is in love with Pauline and Pauline likes Harry, very much. Old Mr. Marvin, who feels his health failing, asks Pauline to marry Harry at once, so that he may see them happy and see her provided for in case anything should happen to him.

Pauline, although admitting that she loves Harry, says that she will not marry him for a year or two at least, until she has satisfied her ambition to become a great writer.

She proves that she has some talent by showing Harry and his father a story written by herself, which has appeared in one of the magazines.

Mr. Marvin recognizes her talent, and agrees to send her on a year's trip around the world, in order that she may see life and be able to write better.

Mr. Marvin has had a hobby for collecting antiques, and among his other treasures is a mummy. Just after his decision to give Pauline her trip, he is sitting in the library when he is attacked by one of his fainting spells. While in a semi-conscious state, the mummy steps down from her case and addresses him.

This causes an attack of heart failure, resulting in his death. His will, when read, leaves one-half of his fortune to his son and the other half to his adopted daughter, Pauline, with a provision that in case of her death before she marries Harry her share will go to his secretary, Owen.

Owen is a villain at heart and plots to secure Pauline's fortune for himself. How these plots are laid, how they are carried out, and Harry's share in protecting Pauline, is shown on the screen in different episodes of the story.

Owen is a great villain, and leads Pauline into a series of the most thrilling adventures.

Harry, as Pauline's self-appointed protector, is kept a very busy man rescuing her from danger.

Only the first three episodes of this great film will be presented this week, and two further episodes every following week. It is not the intention of the Imperial to make their programmes too long and tedious, and with the exception of the opening programme, all the others will be composed of a good many other interesting films besides the "Perils of Pauline," and the show will not last more than one and a half hours. One word more may be added, that all the episodes of the "Perils of Pauline" are absolutely complete in themselves, so that the story can be started from any part.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

The Grotesques are as big a drawing power as ever and splendid box office results have been obtained during the week. Audiences have been surprisingly big, considering the big out-door attractions in racing and cricket at Poona and golf at Nasik. Even the erratic monsoon conditions prevailing during the past three days have not damped the enthusiasm of theatre-goers, and every change of programme has been hailed with as much delight as the first one. The Eastern tour has improved this merry little band immensely, and they work with a rapidity and cohesion that leaves one still smiling at their antics when one should be composed for one of their more serious items. "The Village Concert" is as big a scream as ever, and every member does some exceedingly clever characterisation of the various weaknesses to be found in rural theatrical efforts. This will be repeated to-night for a Saturday audience, and some sore sides will no doubt be the result of the screamingly funny burlesque.

Every artiste has scored a distinct success during the short season they have played here. The super-nut, Ewart Scott, as "Gilbert the Fhilbert": as well as his pompous and irrepressible Majors, either as "Sammy the Dashing Dragoon" or "Jones of the Lancers," Hugh Bayly with his eccentric female impersonations and dancing Arthur Argent with one of the most melodious Baritone voices heard in Bombay, Miss Lilian Gwyne singing with a rare gift of expression, little Phoebe Hodgson tripping along merrily and Irene Greville as clever as ever in her delightful child impersonations in which as the programme very ungallantly announces "She takes herself back 50 years."

Albert Simner at the piano is capable of many other attainments and put in a lot of very useful work one way and another.

The Grotesques are only here for four nights more, and as they are returning to England shortly, the public should not miss to see this very entertaining company.

The cinema programme at the 6-30 performance will include a new topical drama by Pathe Freres, "The Bridge on the Yser." This is in three parts and shows some very picturesque scenery and the fights between the Belgian and the Germans for the possession of the bridge. There are also a couple of very amusing comedies.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

The new programme this week at the Palace Varieties is a most entertaining one. Signor Molni, the Golden tenor, has an exceptionally fine voice and his rendering in Italian of Venseca Protita brought rounds of applause. He responded with another popular ballad entitled "Sincerity" and yet the audience demanded more. Leo Gann the Coon Deliniator and Dancing Wonder is singing several new numbers and is as popular as ever; his dancing never fails to please. Miss Gwennie Gordon is singing some pretty light Ballads and chorus numbers. The star picture is a color drama. "Within the Lion's Peach" which is clevery acted and most exciting from start to finish.

Wiffles is a scream in the African Potentate "thorough cleaning" and a fine scenic picture concludes a most enjoyable evening programme.

VICTOR CINEMA.

To-night commences the first instalment containing parts one to eight of the well-known film Lucille Love a serial story. It is a masterful plot which is remarkable for the manner in which the suspense and interest is sustained throughout the 30 parts. The Universal Company of America, producers of the Troy O' Heart's and the Masterkey, have spared no expense in including all sorts of modern locomotion, cannibals fierce, wild beast etc., in it. It features the charming and talented artiste Grace Cunard and her rival Francis Ford the man of the film and an all-star cast. A visit to this cinema will be worth the while.

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA.

The new programme, specially selected for the Parsi New Year's occasion, commencing this week at the above Picture Palace, is sure to be a success. The chief item is a cinema adaption of the Marchioness Townsend's celebrated original story. "When East meets West" entitled Eulalie, whic is in three parts. It is a weird mystic story of hypnotism and wireless. Pathe's Gazette will include some remarkably good pictures of the war, and last but not least, a feast of fun is in store for the patrons in "His Doctor's Orders" and "Fatty's Debut" well renowned Keystone Comics, in which the favourite comedian Fatty surpasses himself. There'll be an extra prize show on Friday the 16th instant on account of Parsi Khordadsal holiday.

SERIOUS MOTOR CAR ACCIDENT.

TWO MILITARY OFFICERS INJURED.

A serious accident occurred last evening at 8 p.m. on Queen's Road between Churchgate and Marine Lines stations when a motor car collided with a carriage. The motor car turned turtle and the occupants of the car, Captain Moore and Captain Ball, were crushed beneath the car. They were extricated and both were sent to the European General Hospital. Capt. Moore's condition is serious. The occupants of the carriage, some Borah gentlemen, escaped unhurt.

A TIPPERA TRAGEDY.

HUSBAND AND WIFE COMMIT SUICIDE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The report of a heart-rending tragedy reached Calcutta to-day from Tippera showing the acuteness of famine in that district.

It states that a man residing in the village of Sibpur who was without food for two days, with great difficulty managed to get some rice which he gave to his wife to cook.

As the man was unable to pay the Chowkidari tax, the Chowkidar came to his house and took away the rice with the result that the unfortunate man committed suicide by hanging himself. His wife followed suit.

ARMS TRAFFIC IN BENGAL.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

A writer in "Capital" says:—The continuance of robbery under arms, in different parts of Bengal, is a proof positive that the Arms Acts is being openly evaded with impunity despite all precautions of the European firms in Calcutta which import guns and ammunitions. It would surely be useful to the public to know something of the information which the police possess of undesirable aliens and others who should be given a wide birth. The official candour at Bombay has had best results. There is no reason to think it would be dangerous in Calcutta.

Nobody wants to know secrets that would help the enemy but he would all like to know who is the enemy and how we are to be on our guard against him.

BARISAL SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The Special Commissioners of Barisal have delivered judgment in the Madhai Dacoity case. Three accused were found guilty of dacoity and two of them, namely, Muhammad and Ahmed were sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each and the third, Dula Gazi, to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, September 11, 1915.

CO-OPERATION.

Most of us recognize the need of some ideal to inspire and guide our individual lives. It is also a commonplace that there should be a similar recognition of the need of ideals for regulating and developing our common life either as members of a particular body or citizens of a State. There are a few movements of modern civilized life which provide ideals for the devotion of efforts which at once develop the individual as well as the common life. Among such movements, co-operation occupies a prominent place. The essence of this movement, briefly, is that an isolated and needy person can, by combining with others and, by the consequent moral development and mutual help, obtain for himself as well as for his associates the material advantages available to wealthy and more favoured persons, and thereby develop himself to the fullest extent of his natural abilities and also secure similar development for his associates. But more important than the material advantages is the moral strength and progress attained. For while the union of individual forces leads to material advancement and united action fosters self-reliance and the feeling of "all for each and each for all," it is the interaction of these separate influences that leads to the higher and more prosperous standard of life which connotes not merely "better business and better farming" but also "better living." It is important to hold fast to the essential truth about co-operation and it is, therefore, gratifying that the Report, just issued, of the Committee, on Co-operation in India appointed in October, 1914, lays great emphasis on it. "We have been compelled," says this Report," to deal mainly with the co-operative organisation from a business standpoint. But we wish clearly to express our opinion that it is to true co-operation alone that is to a co-operation which recognises the moral aspect of the question, that Government must look for the amelioration of the masses, and not to a pseudo co-operative edifice, however imposing, which is built in ignorance of co-operative principles."

Having thus rightly emphasized the moral aspect of the co-operative movement, we fear that, in considering the aims of the movement, the Committee has not resisted the common temptation to see in the movement more than the movement itself warrants, and, in its efforts to justify its views about the efficacy of the movement in improving the condition of the people, it has presented an exaggerated picture of those conditions. "The chief object of co-operation in India," it says, "is to deal with the stagnation of the poorer classes and more especially of the agriculturists who constitute the bulk of the population." Certainly, the condition of the poorer classes and especially the agriculturists leaves much room for improvement, but to say that it is in a stagnant state and that it is the introduction of the co-operative movement by a beneficient Government which has made it bright and prosperous is one of those fatally easy generalisations into which imperfectly informed persons are prone to fall. Besides losing sight of the good results of the previously existing agencies, organised and managed by the people, as well as by the Government, it is intended to impress the view that co-operation is the only means of salvation of the people. The danger of such a statement lies in that it belittles, if not altogether overlooks, the importance of other equally, if not more important factors, —and education is the most needed as well as the most potent of these,—which are essential for the progress of the people. This generalization is one more instance of the tendency with each of the various departments of Government to avail itself of every opportunity of taking credit to itself for progress in any direction. It becomes necessary, therefore, in the interests of the movement itself to point out that those who believe that co-operation is the panacea for all evils and that it will herald a millennium cannot but be soon disillusioned. There are certainly very great possibilities in co-operation for economic regeneration and progress, but they have their limitations. What is most important to bear in mind, if we have an eye to the orderly and desirable development of the country in all directions, is the contribution which co-operation can make towards building up the moral character of the people by making them thrifty, self-reliant, practical and mutually helpful, and thus making them worthier for a vigorous and progressive national life. As for the general economic growth of the people we must still continue to strengthen and develop other agencies.

We have confined our observations for the present, to only one point in the Report. It is a point, however, which we consider the most important one; and as such it required to be made clear before the Report itself could be considered in detail. This we shall do in succeeding articles; for we have many criticisms to offer on this Report which, it may be mentioned, covers no less than 180 pages of a bulky volume. But, before concluding, we think it necessary to call attention to the composition of the Committee,—a subject which it may seem idle to refer to at this stage, when the Committee has already finished its labours. But we do so because we have no doubt that the outstanding drawbacks of the Report would have been avoided and the recommendations of the Committee would have been, on the whole, sounder, more helpful and more useful than they are if it had been constituted on a truly representative basis. As it was, the composition was defective in various ways. Besides Sir Edward Maclagan, the President, whose selection was not a bad one, it consisted of six members including a merchant and banker, a Registrar of co-operative societies, a Collector, an official of the Finance Department, a bank manager and a pleader. It is significant that the only official representative of the movement was drawn from far-off Burma whose co-operative organization differs considerably from that prevailing in India generally, with the result that the Report bears unmistakable impress of ideas of co-operative development put into practice in Burma,—a point to which we shall have to recur again. The presence of a Collector and of a member of the Financial Department, —officials who could not have been expected to be in close touch with the movement—was certainly not essential and their places could have been filled more worthily by the representatives of actual non-official workers in the movement itself. For it is undeniable, —and the Report itself bears testimony to the fact,—that the progress which the co-operative movement has so far made in the country would have been impossible if a considerable band of enthusiastic and practical-minded honorary workers, really interested in the welfare of the people, had not been forthcoming to help it forward with persistent and fostering care and attention. An adequate representation on the Committee of these workers would not only have brought to its deliberations great experience, and the indispensable knowledge which great experience gives, but would also have contributed to make its recommendations as useful as they ought to have been. It is needless to add that the selection of only two Indians out of the six members who composed the Committee did not render this representation at all adequate.

"CHILDLIKE AND BLAND" BUT UNCONVINCING.

The official apologists have now come forward with a new explanation of the statement in the Police Administration Report regarding the Cotton Fires Enquiry. It is childlike and bland but, unlike the smile of Bret Harte's famous Chinaman, it is hardly likely to take anybody in. It will be remembered that it was stated that "large fortunes" had been made "as a result of a system of fraud in the dealing, mixing and classification of cotton." We are now informed that

The "mixing and classification of cotton" does not mean that the staple is mixed with a view to fraudulent purpose before it is pressed into bales. What has been discovered is that the bales of various grades of cotton are mixed, such as "fine" and "good" Broach, and are insured as all of the highest class, which means an enhancement of possibly fifteen rupees a bale on the lower quality. If a fire occurs then the insurance companies pay as if the whole stack destroyed was of one quality and the highest.

The childish and pathetic ignorance displayed by this egregious explanation moves one almost to tears. "Mixing" and "Classification" are two definite and well-known terms in the cotton business in everyday use, and one would have thought that even a Khandesh mamlatdar ought to understand their meaning. "Mixing" does and can only mean mixing in the bale, and its use for the exposition of any other process merely confirms the suspicion that the authors of the paragraph in the police Report are ignorant of the business they set out to investigate.

"Classification" is another matter altogether and the two terms cannot be used in combination in the sense described in the police Report. As a matter of fact, such a system of fraud as is suggested in the extract quoted above is practicably impossible owing to the elaborate tests to which the buyer can have his purchase subjected under the suspices of the Cotton Trades Association. The latter can have four bales taken out from any part of the stack he chooses and these are opened and the cotton contained therein submitted to the opinion of two expert surveyors, appointed by the Association, one representing the buyer and the other the purchaser. If he is not satisfied with that there is an appeal to the Committee of the Association. There may be frauds in the classification of cotton but they would stand a poor chance of success if they were carried out on such a simple plan as that described above. However, now that we have been told the meaning of "mixing and classification" perhaps the writer will be good enough to tell us his version of the technical meaning of "dealing," which every cotton expert we have consulted tells us is quite meaningless, as used in the connection in which it appears in the Police Administration Report. And after that he might try and explain away the rest of this extremely awkward pronouncement that has now become a grave source of inconvenience to its compilers.

Notes of the Day.

Promotion by Merit.

One of the recent visitors to the British Fleet,—we think it was M. Pichon,—commented on the youth of the officers as a whole with Admiral Jellicoe, 57 years of age, in supreme command. A still more striking example of the extent to which ability is allowed to prevail over seniority in the British Navy nowadays is provided by the case of Sir David Beatty. A few weeks ago Admiral Beatty was promoted from acting to full vice-admiral. He is only 44, an age at which not many years ago it would have been remarkable for an officer even to reach flag rank. But Admiral Beatty is not only the youngest of the vice-admirals, he is also younger than all the rear-admirals. For the youngest flag officer on the list to be a vice-admiral must surely create a record. Of course, Admiral Beatty has had good luck and chances which other officers would have been glad to have, but his pluck and ability are undoubted and no one would question the propriety of the action of the Admiralty in rewarding his recent brilliant services by promoting him over the heads of some of his seniors. Nothing has contributed more to the efficiency of the British Navy in recent years than the wholesome practice of promotion by merit, instead of by a hard and fast system of seniority. By the way, what a healthy difference it might make in some other services if the former practice were more widely followed. How would some of the "heaven born" fare if the incompetent, the mediocre and the blunderers were put on half-pay for two or three years at a time.

Lord Beauchamp and the Viceroyalty.

We see that Lord Beauchamp's name is again being pushed forward in certain quarters as a likely successor to Lord Hardinge. We have always regarded him as the most unlikely of all those whose names have been mentioned and we shall continue to think so until we get definite information that such an unfortunate step as his appointment to the Governor-Generalship of India is contemplated, and that information we do not expect to get. The London correspondent of a contemporary in discussing this improbable appointment says:

At the moment the Earl of Beauchamp seems to have the best chance of selection. It will be recalled that he surrendered the Lord Presidentship to Lord Crewe when the National Ministry was constituted early in June, and he had been from 1911 to 1914 Chief Commissioner of Works. His apprenticeship to public life came after he had left Christ Church, Oxford, as Mayor of Worcester,—his country seat, Madresfield Court, is near that ancient town,—and as a member of the London School Board. And he is not without experience of the King's dominions overseas, for he was Governor of New South Wales from 1899 to 1901. Moreover he has a tie with India, for Lady Ampthill, who was with her husband in Madras and when he was acting Viceroy, is his younger sister. His half-brother, the Hon. Robert Lygon, was A.-D.-C. to Lord Ampthill in Madras.

And it is also added, as a further qualification presumably, that Lady Beauchamp is "a sister of the present Duke of Westminster,"—if she had been a wife of the last Duke she would have been old enough to be her husband's father. But we fear even this formidable addition to Lord Beauchamp's list of relations will not help him to make a more acceptable candidate for the Viceroyalty, especially as neither the Duke of Westminster nor any of his relations, we believe, has ever been an A.-D.-C. to anybody in India. It may be added that Lord Beauchamp was a distinct failure as Governor of New South Wales.

A Stupendous Fine Remitted.

It would be interesting to know what is the largest fine that has ever been imposed in India for a breach of the Excise Act. We imagine that the record must be taken by that recently inflicted on a well-known firm of contractors in Bombay, who were summoned to appear before the Collector for selling tobacco to the Government without a licence, and subjected to the stupendous penalty of five lakhs and thirty thousand rupees,—ten times the value of the tobacco sold. The firm in question have for many years past been suppliers to the military authorities and supplied the Transvaal, China and Somaliland expeditions. They have also been contractors for large supplies in the present war and the transaction which attracted the unsolicited attention of the worthy Mr. Simcox was in this connection. We understand that the military authorities were none too pleased at this sensational assault on one of their favoured contractors and that considerable disturbances ensued in high quarters in consequence. However, that may be, the outcome of it has been that the Commissioner of Customs has remitted the entire fine, holding that the contractors were not required to take out a licence,—a fact that they thought they had found out for themselves many years ago. And the consternation of themselves and their many friends has given place to mutual congratulations, in which, however, we presume the zealous Collector is not prepared to join.

The Chaplain's Plaint.

One is always being treated in some paper or another to some disquisition on some grievance of the chaplains employed in one or other of the services. "Truth" is a wonderful friend to people with sentimental grievances wholly opposed to the practical, commonsense pose that it affects in political and religious matters as a rule. Its latest twist has been to take up the grievance of some naval chaplains, whose complaint is that they are not blessed with a uniform like the chaplains in the Army. "If an Army chaplain,—even a Bishop,—wears khaki," asks "Truth," "why on earth should not his naval brother be allowed some similar distinction? If a man comes on shore after roughing it for twelve months in the North Sea among those who are guarding our hearths and homes, why should he not wear something to distinguish him from the local curate in the eyes of his countrymen?" If the answer to this cannot be found "on earth" we would suggest that the worthy chaplain who has written to "Truth" on the subject should look for it in Heaven, where he might learn a few home truths about Christian humility, hear about the parable of the Pharisee and the Publican all over again, and discover that the humble local curate occupies quite as important a place in the eyes of the Almighty as a Navy or Army chaplain, whether clad in khaki or not.

Advocates of National Service.

The names of the signatories to the manifesto on behalf of national service issued during Mail week leave no room for doubt as to the extraordinary manner in which this question cuts across all party divisions and transcends antipathies engendered by peace-time controversies. Five soldiers are included among those urging the measure and the old advocates of compulsion,—so many of them as are not at the Front,—are prominent in the list. Associated with these, however, are names such as those of Dr. Gore, the Bishop of Birmingham, Sir Edward Elgar, Sir Arthur Pinero and Sir Claude Macdonald. Still more astonishing is it to find the names of Radicals such as Sir Alfred Mond, Mr. Ellis Griffith, Sir Leo Chiozza Money and Lord Denman. It has already been reported that Sir Alfred Mond had abandoned his controlling position on the board of the "Westminster Gazette." He cannot, however, abandon his large financial interest in the paper and sooner or later the National Service movement may have as its supporter this powerful organ of London Radicalism. As a contemporary remarks, if Sir Alfred Mond is capable of conversion the same miracle may possibly be wrought in the case of its editor, Mr. J. A. Spender.

A Slander on the Marwari Community.

The suggestion appears to have been made in Calcutta that Marwari gold is going to Germany. "A Marwari" writes to "The Statesman," as follows:—

It was with the most painful surprise that I found in "The Statesman" of the 2nd inst., an insinuation by "Imbecility" that the Marwaris were parting with gold to Germans. He has not told us how this is done, and why the Marwaris are so foolish and treacherous as to do so. Nor has he chosen to give us any reasons to show that his idea is well founded. He has not even disclosed his name, so that we are without the least test by which to value his opinions. In the midst of so much darkness it is impossible to understand or explain. My knowledge of the Marwari community and the probabilities all make me say with confidence that "Imbecility" is labouring under a total delusion.

It is a serious matter. If such remarks be idly made without check, then the result will be greatest harm to the Marwari community, and added difficulty to the Government and also the British merchants. The Marwaris will have a poor return for their long attachment to the British people, and "Imbecility" and others of his way of thinking will be guilty of almost as great a crime as the one they suppose to exist.—they will promote hatred against a class of his Majesty's loyal subjects in times when mutual help and affection are needed more than ever.

We have not seen "Imbecility's" letter but if he seriously made the suggestion of which the writer complains, he has chosen a most suitable "nom-de-plume."

BOMBAY WOMEN'S WAR FUND.

The Secretaries of the Women's Branch of War Fund will fell much obliged if the various Work Circles will return all the patterns they have in use, to the Central Office, when fresh patterns will be issued. The old ones, in several instances, are now incorrect.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN VICTORY.

BIG CAPTURES IN GALICIA.

VIOLENT BATTLE IN ARGONNE

AMERICA DEMANDS DR. DUMBA'S RECALL,

The Russians have gained another great success on the river Sereth south-west of Trenbovla in East Galicia capturing 150 officers and 7,000 men. The enemy retreated most hastily towards the river Strypa pursued by the Russians. Since September 3 the the Russians on the river Sereth have captured 383 officers, over 17,000 men, 14 heavy guns, 19 light guns, 36 machine-guns and 15 artillery limbers.

The energy of the Russian counter-attacks on the whole front is admitted in a German communiquè. A Russian communiquè says that the Russians continue to retire in perfect order in conformity with the general plan, making successful counter-attacks from time to time.

The American Ambassador in Vienna has been instructed by the Washington authorities to inform the Austrian Government that Dr. Dumba is no longer acceptable as envoy to the United States and to ask for his recall.

Besides the continuation of the bombardment of German positions in many sectors, in the west a violent battle is in progress with the Crown Prince's Army. In spite of persistent attacks by the Germans, the French line was maintained and many prisoners captured.

Another long statement in a semi-official German organ on Lord Haldane's mission and the Anglo-German negotiations in 1912, is remarkable for a sentence illuminating Germany's designs.

LANCASHIRE COTTON TRADE.

BOARD OF TRADE REGULATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that the Lancashire cotton trade has received new regulations from the Board of Trade which require a certificate on every yard of cloth exported except to the Colonies that it will not reach the hands of the enemy.

The authorities are convinced that Lancashire cloth apparently unsuitable for aircraft, has been obtained by the enemies through Neutrals and treated so as to make it suitable for aircraft. As the exports of cloth amount to a hundred million sterling annually in value the wide scope of the new regulations can be imagined.

ANOTHER GREAT RUSSIAN SUCCESS IN GALICIA.

AMERICA DEMANDS DR. DUMBA'S RECALL.

ANOTHER GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY.

7,000 MEN CAPTURED.

ENEMY'S HASTY RETREAT IN EAST GALICIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.

It is officially announced that the Russians have gained another great success on the river Sereth south-west of Trembovla capturing on Tuesday and Wednesday 150 officers and 7,000 men, three guns and 36 machine-guns. The Russian losses were unimportant. The enemy on Wednesday retreated most hastily towards the river Strypa pursued by the Russians.

Since September 3rd the Russians on the river Sereth have captured 383 officers, over 17,000 men, 14 heavy guns, 19 light-guns, 36 machine-guns and 15 artillery limbers.

RUSSIAN COUNTER-ATTACKS.

ENEMY'S ENORMOUS LOSSES.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The energy of the Russian counter-attacks on the whole front is admitted in a German communiqué and the desperate nature of the fighting is attested by a Petrograd communiqué which after mentioning that the situation is practically unchanged in the Riga region says that the Germans between the river Lantze and Jacobstadt have been unable to withstand furious Russian bayonet counter-attacks.

The object of the enemy's offensive in this region is apparently to drive the Russians from the right bank of the Dvina.

Further south on the Vilna roads where the position is generally stationary the enemy is entrenching vigorously.

The Russian communiqué states that south-east of Grodno towards Skidel and along the left bank of the Niemen the Russian troops on Wednesday by a series of fierce actions aimed solely at inflicting the heaviest possible losses, succeeded in checking the enemy's offensive.

The communiqué says that the Russians continue to retire in perfect order in conformity with the general plan, making successful counter-attacks from time to time.

Thus near Kokhara west of Skidel the Germans fled before counter-attacks.

The Russians between the rivers Niemen and Pripet are retiring towards the district between the river Zelvianka and the town of Rujany.

A vigorous offensive by the enemy infantry and cavalry along the left bank of the Pripet towards the Prinsk marshes was arrested.

A similar result was achieved on the roads to Rovno where the Russians are stubbornly holding positions on the Upper Stubel and Ikva rivers under a very fierce artillery fire

Referring to the successes on the Sereth the communiqué says that the Russian armies firmly and resolutely carrying out the movement in conformity with the general plan, contemplate the future with confidence, relying on her faithful ally the French Army, which for a fortnight has been bombarding the German front with terrible effect.

AN EXCELLENT AUGURY.

PARIS, Sept. 9.

An official statement says that great satisfaction is felt at the Russian victory at Tarnapol. It is regarded as an excellent augury for the future development of Russian operations.

GERMAN BRUTALITY IN POLAND.

PARIS, Sept. 9.

German brutality in Poland is causing the liveliest discontent among the inhabitants.

GRAND DUKE WILL LEAD OFFENSIVE.

NO CHANGE IN PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Sept. 10.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables, London, 9th September:—

The change in the Russian command follows the completion of the withdrawal clear of the enemy and the union of the north and central army groups. It is understood that the Grand Duke after a rest will lead the offensive. There are greater things to be done behind the line than with it. The Grand Duke will not be idle. No change in the plan of campaign is involved.

DUMBA NO LONGER ACCEPTABLE.

DEMAND FOR HIS RECALL.

INSTRUCTIONS TO AMBASSADOR IN VIENNA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

The American Ambassador in Vienna has been instructed by cable to inform the Austrian Government that Dr. Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador in Washington, is no longer acceptable as envoy to the United States and to ask for his recall.

THE ARABIC OUTRAGE.

SUBMARINE COMMANDER'S STORY.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Sept. 10.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables, London, 9th September:—

According to Herr Karl Von Weigand (special correspondent of the "New York World"), the submarine commander reports that the Arabic turned towards him. Supposing that she intended to ram him he fired a torpedo. Berlin regards this as settling the matter.

GERMANY'S SUBMARINE LOSSES.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Sept. 10.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables, London, 9th September:—

One of the French visitors to the Grand Fleet quotes the British Admiral as saying "We are sinking more submarines than Germany is building."

RUSSIAN THOROUGHNESS.

ORGANISATION OF WAR MACHINE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Sept. 10.

The following interesting notes on the recent events in Russia were given to a "Times of Ceylon" representative by Mr. E. P. Kadomtzeff, the Russian Consul.

"One can see from the newspapers," said Mr. Kadomtzeff, "that the first shock of the retirement of the Russian troops in Galicia and in other parts of Poland has passed away. The whole of Russia is now united for the purpose of organising, and sacrificing everything for war. Suddenly as by the touch of a magic wand there have sprung numerous organisations for the supply of arms, ammunition and all other necessities for the campaign. A meeting of the representatives of Russian trade and industries was held in Moscow and as a result all big factories are now devoted to the production of war material. The merchants of Moscow have subscribed millions of pounds for the purchase of the biggest factory convertible into a munitions-producing one. All available factories with their machinery and staff are similarly engaged day and night in this work. From Moscow, Petrogard and other big cities a wave of enthusiasm broke into the Provinces, reaching the small towns and penetrating into remote villages. All schools from the University to the Technical Industrial College with their laboratories and equipment, their personal and professional staff, their technical teachers and students, are now engaged in making munitions. The task of organising and utilising all the available Russian forces is, of course, such a gigantic one that it cannot be completed quickly and it will perhaps take months before the colossal national engine begins to work under the motto "Everything for the war."

The evacuation of Lemberg and other big cities in Galicia, the notes say, was performed in perfect order. The first step was to transport the fortress guns and all kinds of ammunition etc. They next removed all food stuffs, coal, firewood and everything else which could be of use to the enemy. Lastly they loaded hundreds of railway trucks with railway material, stripping the line of everything necessary for its working in Galicia. There was thus left not a pound of foodstuffs available to the enemy. The Austro-German troops were so surprised at the sudden evacuation of Lemberg, that they did not enter the silent city for 24 hours. The Russians had left one armoured train in the city and when the enemy did come in with banners flying and joyful music such a terrific fire was opened upon them that the triumphant entry was robbed somewhat of its splendour.

REAR-ADMIRAL CHRISTIAN.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Admiralty announces that Rear-Admiral Christian has been slightly wounded.

VIOLENT BATTLE IN ARGONNE.

CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY ENGAGED.

FRENCH LINE MAINTAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

PARIS, Sept. 9.

Besides the continuation of the bombardment of German positions in many sectors, a feature of the communiqué is the violent fighting against the Crown Prince in Argonne.

The battle was specially desperate throughout the night at Fontaine-aux-Charmes, the Germans renewing their attacks with great persistence, but the French line, with the exception of the portion of one trench, was everywhere maintained and we made prisoners.

French aeroplanes dropped fifty bombs on the Challerange station and a French dirigible attacked the station and factories at Nesle.

ARTILLERY DUELS CONTINUE.

PARIS, Sept. 10.

The communiqué says the artillery duel continues around Arras and in the regions of Roye, Woevre, Champagne and Argonne.

Enemy attacks in Argonne have not been renewed.

TWO GERMAN AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

LONDN, Sept. 9.

Field-Marshal French, in a bulletin, says since August 30 there has been some mining, also artillery activity eastward of Ypres. Two German aeroplanes were brought down.

LATEST ZEPPELIN RAID.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Press Bureau states that the total casualties in all areas visited by the Zeppelins last night were, killed twelve men, two women, six chidren, seriously injured, eight men, four women, two children, slightly injured, thirty-eight men, twenty-three women, eleven children.

All were civilians, except one soldier killed and three injured.

"FIRST GLIMPSE OF WAR AT CLOSE QUARTERS."

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Last night's Zeppelin visit is described in a leading article in the "Pall Mall Gazette" as the "first glimpse of war at close quarters."

The "Evening Standard" commends the coolness displayed by Londoners everywhere but remarks that there was a dangerous disposition to regard the affair as a spectacle.

A Zeppelin within its limits, the newspaper points out, is a very terrible instrument of war.

A ZEPPELIN DESTROYED.

CREW KILLED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

A telegram from Amsterdam says that a Zeppelin left Brussels for Antwerp on Tuesday evening and returned on Wednesday morning.

While over Stockel near Brussels the airship lost her propellor and fell on a house.

The Zeppelin was entirely destroyed by the ensuing explosion and the crew were killed.

ORGANISED LABOUR.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S APPEAL.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Addressing the Trade Union Congress Mr. Lloyd George emphasised that Great Britain was making prodigious efforts to increase the output of war material.

He asked those present to assist to the utmost and declared that we required 80,000 more skilled mechanics besides 2,00,000 unskilled men and women.

Organised labour must suspend the restrictions on the employment of unskilled labour and any regulations which hampered the increase of the output. This might make difference between victory and defeat. There must also be no stoppages during the war.

NEW PRESIDENT OF BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Sir Arthur Evans, of Oxford, is the new President of the British Association.

GERMANY'S DESIGNS.

MORE REMINISCENSES.

SIR E. GREY AND THE NEUTRALITY TREATY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 9.

Another long statement appearing in the semi-official "Norddeutche Allgemeine Zeitung" on Lord Haldane's mission and the Anglo-German negotiations in 1912 is remarkable for a sentence illuminating Germany's designs.

Summing up the failure of the negotiations the statement says "Great Britain declined Germany's far-reaching offers previous to the outbreak of war, which would have rendered possible her holding aloof from the war without prejudicing her interests."

It also reveals that Sir Edward Grey rejected the proposed neutrality treaty, because it was tantamount to an alliance, going further than any treaty Great Britain had concluded with any European power except the old Portuguese alliance.

The "Norddeutsche" says this might be true, but Sir Edward Grey overlooked the fact that the equivalent Germany offered was unprecedented in history.

AMERICAN CROP REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The American Government's crop report is better than was anticipated. It is estimated that wheat will yield 981 million bushels compared with 891 last year; corn 2,985 million compared with 2,672; oats 1,408 million compared with 1,141; and hay 81 million compared with 70.

VICEROY'S WAR NEWS.

THE EASTERN FRONT.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10

The following telegram has been received by the Viceroy from the Secretary of State, dated the 9th September:—

The Russians have successfully attacked the Austro-Germans in East Galicia, but in the centre the Austro-Germans are still advancing.

A Russian communiqué says on the front of Riga-Dvinsk the general situation is unchanged and the Germans' attempts to advance near Gross Echua and Neuhut have been repulsed. The Russians have withdrawn a little from the right bank of the Lautze. On the roads to Vilna there has been no essential change. The Germans directed a violent artillery fire accompanied by asphyxiating gases against the Russian troops occupying the outlets from the lakes near Novy-Troki, south-west of Vilna.

A German communiqué says that Bolkovy has been captured by the Germans.

The Russians report that in Galicia near Tarnmopol they achieved a great success against the Germans who had for several days been preparing decisive attacks. Forestalling the enemy the Russians took the offensive and after a stubborn fight completely defeated the Germans who besides enomous losses in killed and wounded left as prisoners over 200 officers and 8,000 men. After a brief pursuit the Russians occupied their original positions on the River Sereth. Further south the Russians dislodged the enemy from a series of villages.

In France the Germans after an intense bombardment using an enormous amount of shells filled with asphyxiating gas delivered a sustained attack with divisions in Western Argonne and at some points gained a footing in the French first line trenches. They were violently counter-attacked and failed in their attempt to break the French front.

Co-operating with the British Naval Air Service the French machines bombarded the aviation sheds at Ostend.

The Italians made the offensive in the Cadore near Monte Cowee pass and occupied several hostile positions and seized some trenches.

Hostile aircraft visited the Eastern Counties and the London District last night and dropped incendiary and explosive bombs causing some fires.

The Trade Union Congress at Bristol representing three million workers, passed a resolution supporting the Government and Great Britain's action in the war by six hundred votes to seven.

PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

During the week ending the 4th September the total plague mortality stood at 1,326 against 2,036 cases. Bombay heads the list with 804 deaths, Madras 43, Bihar 5, the United Provinces 28, the Punjab 3, Burma 22, the Central Provinces 81, Mysore 57, Hyderabad 171, Central India 22, Bengal, Delhi and the Frontier Province show a clean bill.

A WELL-EARNED V. C.

TERRITORIAL OFFICER'S EXPLOITS.

MAGNIFICENT COURAGE AND ENDURANCE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE)

LONDON, Sept. 0.

The Victoria Cross has been awarded to Lieutenant W. T. Forshaw of the Manchester Territorials for most conspicuous bravery and determination in Gallipoli from 7th to 9th of August when holding the North-west corner of the Vineyard.

He was attacked and heavily bombed by Turks, who advanced time after time by three trenches which converged at this point, but he held his own, not only exposing himself with the utmost disregard of danger, but personally throwing bombs continuously for fourteen hours.

When his detachment was relieved after twenty-four hours, he volunteered to continue the direction of the operations. Thrice next night he was heavily re-attacked and once the Turks got over the barricade but after shooting three with his revolver, he led his men forward and re-captured it.

When he rejoined his battalion, sickened by bomb fumes and sadly bruised by a fragment of a shrapnel, he could barely lift his arm from continuous bomb throwing. It was due to his personal example and magnificent courage and endurance that this very important corner was held.

FORMOSA INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

INDIANS INVITED TO PARTICIPATE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The Consul-General of Japan at Calcutta wishes it to be known that Government of Formosa will hold at Tihaku (capital of the island) the Formosa Industrial Exhibition from April 19th to May 9th, 1913, and that exhibits of articles from British India as well as from Southern China, the Dutch India, Australia, etc., will be cordially invited. Those who would like to participate in the exhibition are requested to intimate previously to the Consul-General the kinds and numbers of exhibits, the space required for them, the number of necessary shelves or tables etc., as early as possible. The exhibits will be exempted from custom duties, shelves or tables for them will be supplied gratis, space in the exhibition buildings will be alloted free of charge and for those who desire to have a separate building due facilities will be given so far as circumstances permit. The rules and regulations regarding the exhibition are on their way from Formosa to the Consul-General, who on receipt of the same will, on application, forward them to those interested.

Official and Personal.

Lord and Lady Willingdon will lunch with the Stewards of the Western India Turf Club, at the Club of Western India, to-day, and from there drive in state to the Race Course.

Lady Willingdon opened a sale of work of the Poona Y. M. C. A., at the Connaught Institute yesterday evening. The sale has been organized on an extensive scale and attracted a great crowd.

Latest advices from Calcutta state that Lady Carmichael is progressing very favourably. Her condition shows definite improvement.

The Raja of Idar has made a gift of sixteen tents for Blue Cross work at the Front which has been accepted by the Viceroy.

H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal will arrive at Simla on the 15th instant and make a brief stay. His Highness will presumably attend the sittings of the Railway Conference which he has invariably done in past years.

H. E. the Viceroy granted an interview to the Hon. Rai Bahadur Ram Seran Das of Lahore on Thursday.

Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith, of the United Provinces Commission, has been selected to fill the post of Deputy Secretary in the Legislative Department of the Government of India when Mr. Muddiman takes charge of the Secretaryship on the departure of the Hon. Sir William Vincent early in October.

The death occurred recently from paralysis of Moulvi Haji Khatib Quadir Badshah Saheb Bahadur, elder brother of Moulvi Hussain Saheb Bahadur, Chief Secretary to the Nizam's Government. The deceased was an excellent Persian and Urdu poet.

Mr. L. Porter, who is vacating the Secretaryship of the Education Department, left Simla for Europe yesterday. On his return he will revert to the United Provinces.

The Hon. Mr. Gillan, President of the Railway Board, will leave for Nainital on the 3rd October, where he will confer with the Government of the United Provinces on railway matters.

The Secretary of State in Council has appointed the following gentlemen to be assistant engineers in the Indian Public Works and State Railway Department:—Mr. H. G. Jackson, Madras; Mr. N. N. Farrell, Bombay; Mr. F. H. Hoghaw, Bengal; Mr. Mian Muhammad Khan, United Provinces (Irrigation Branch); Mr. J. L. Roy, Punjab, (Irrigation Branch); Mr. L. St.C. Rundlett, Burma; Mr. J. Woodside, Central Provinces; Mr. G. F. Balfour and Mr. Dev. Dutt in State railways.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET.

SECOND MATCH.

PRESIDENCY'S GOOD START.

RAIN STOPS PLAY---FINE INNINGS BY GOLDIE.

Presidency (1 wkt.) 103.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 10.

There being no rain last night and this morning, a start was made in fine weather at 11-5 a.m. The number of spectators was small as compared with the large attendance on the first two days. The Mahomedans won the toss and sent the Presidency in to bat.

The Mahomedan skipper made a bad mistake in sending a strong batting side like the Presidency in to bat on a soft wicket though he had the spin of the coin in his favour. It is at all times a risky experiment and it be comes positively dangerous when the opponents are a strong batting side, as the Presidency are in the present case. The pitch at the start was a very soft one on which the bowlers found it somewhat difficult to get a footing. The sun had come out when play started and the Mahomedan captain expected the wicket would favour the bowlers after an hour's play or so. This actually did happen after the play had been in progress for an hour and the bowlers getting some help from the wicket were able to turn the ball a bit. Just then, however, rain came down and stopped play.

The outstanding feature of the day's batting was the fine innings of Goldie who scored 68. He played a confident game from the very start, sending the ball all round the wicket, his chief hits being seven fours and one six. Tarrant's innings was lucky as he should have been sent back once when he had made only nine, and also when at 22 and the erstwhile Middlesex professional could not be said to have played up to his usual form at all.

The Mahomedan fielding was not up to the mark and the bowlers had consequently to suffer The latter had the additional disadvantage of having to bowl on a wicket on which they could with difficulty get a footing and under the circumstances Saleh Mahomedkhan and Tamboowala could not be said to have bowled badly notwithstanding the fact that the Presidency were able to put up 103 for one wicket. At any rate they sent down very few loose deliveries and the big score was due more to excellent batting and poor fielding than to any defect in the bowling. The Mahomedan attack also suffered from the fact that they soon had to take off Pyarekhan who though bowling well sent down no less than three no balls in one over and consequently could not be kept on.

Though the sun came out at 1-30 the pitch was still in a sodden condition.

Several inspections of the pitch were made, among others by Lord Willingdon, and the Maharajah of Alwar. Towels were used, but the pitch remained in an unplayable condition. being in a hollow it had received a lot of water from the surrounding ground. A final inspection at 5.30 p.m. showed that no further play was possible.

The match will be resumed to-morrow at 11 o'clock and stumps will be drawn at 6 by which time it is expected the teams will have had one innings each.

A suggestion had been made that the match should be played on Monday also, and the final match on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. This idea however seems to have been given up.

DETAILS OF THE GAME.

Tarrant and Goldie faced Saleh Mahomedkhan and Aziz. Both batsmen got a single each off Saleh Mahomed. In the next over Tarrant cut Aziz for two and sent the fifth delivery to the eastern boundary and ten was telegraphed.

At this stage Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived.

Tamboowala relieved Aziz. Goldie now opened his shoulders, sending the new bowler twice to the boundary, thus signalling 20. At 29 Tarrant had a life, being missed in the slips by Usuff Beg off Tamboowala, when he had made only nine. It was a very hot chance, however. Forty was soon signalled. The rate of scoring was not quite fast, the bowlers keeping a good length throughout. Goldie then enlivened matters by splendidly hitting Tamboowala to the northern boundary, hoisting half a century, which came after fifty minutes' play. Goldie had lately made the pace a bit too hot to suit the Mahomedan skipper, who now put on Pyare Khan of Jaipur to bowl in place of Tamboowala. Goldie sent the Jaipur man's very first delivery to the ropes, thus putting up 60 in one hour. Pyare Khan then clean bowled Goldie, but as the umpire had already called out "no-ball," the batsman was not out. There were three no-balls in Pyare Khan's first over. Tarrant now scoring much faster boundaries became pretty frequent. Seventy was telegraphed, out of which Goldie's contribution was fifty not out. Eighty quickly followed and then Goldie sent Tamboowala, who had relieved Pyare Khan, over the northern boundary. Amid loud cheering ninety was signalled Tarrant was at this stage missed by Aziz in the slips off Saleh Mahomed. This was Tarrant's second life. Goldie was then caught at short leg by Saleh Mahomed off Tamboowala.

(96—1—68).

Hardy joined Tarrant, who, a little later hoisted the century amid cheering by driving Saleh Mahomed for three. A hundred runs were then registered after 95 minutes' play. Rain came down at 12-50 p.m., interrupting play.

Hurlbutt of Bombay, is playing for the Presidency in place of Fawcett originally selected, who received some injuries at Ahmednagar and is consequently unable to play.

The Presidency scores when play was interrupted by rain were:—

Captain Goldie c Saleh Mahomed, b Tamboowala	68
F. Tarrant not out	26
E. P. Hardy not out	5
Rest to bat.	
Extras	4
Total (for one wicket)	103

SURAT GAMBLING CASE.

FURTHER HEARING.

(From our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Sept. 9.

The further hearing of the case was resumed to-day at 12 noon before the City Magistrate, Surat:—

Mr. Malcolm Kothavala, in further cross-examination by Mr. Velinker, said:—I had never personally been in the house before the evening of the 23rd. I have made more than one report about this and other gaming houses within the last 10 or 12 months. I got information from several people. It was not quite bazar *gup*, but, was not as reliable as the information I had more recently. In April, Kikabhai himself offered to me to close his gambling house if I raided the house of Eban and stopped the gambling there. Kika and Eban are rivals. I know my informer. No reward has been promised to him.

The rent note of the house is in the name of one Gulam Hushani Nurbhai who is dead. A friend of Kika pays rent for the same. There is no entry about payment of rent either in Kika's or the owner Nagindas's books, which I have inspected.

When I entered Kika got up and sat again; others began to get up. Some tried to put money in their pockets. I stopped that. Money that was lying in small pools before the players was pushed aside by those people getting up in a hurry and was mixed up so that it was not possible to state in the punchnama how much was near each gambler, and how much was actually bet. It is not true that the money entered in the panchnama was taken out of the pockets of the accused. They protested saying we could not sieze money on their persons.

Lalloobhai Dharamchand, the accused, prosecution against whom was withdrawn yesterday, was then cross-examined by Mr. Balvantrao. He said that being ashamed of having been involved in this imbroglio he saw Mr. Gandhi, the Public Prosecutor, and requested him to help him out of the difficulty. Mr. Gandhi referrd him to the D. S. P.

BRANDING OF A RECRUIT BY AN I.M.S.

GENERAL COURT MARTIAL AT RANGOON

(News Bureau.)

RANGOON, Sept. 9.

A trial by a general Court Martial (General C. F. Young, Commanding the Rangoon Bridage, presiding), commenced yesterday and was continued to-day at Mandalay, of Captain K. G. Pandalai, Indian Medical Service. The prosecution story was that while recruit Mir Khan, of the 91st Punjabis was in hospital suffering from mental delusions and insomnia speaking about evil spirits and a holy man exorcising ghosts, Captain Pandalai cauterized him with hot iron on the back to discover the truth of his delusions, as the accused suspected the recruit of malingering. The accused is further stated to have demanded from Lieut. Monk, 91st Punjabis, an armed escort for the recruit who was in a dangerous way. In a letter Captain Pandalai stated that Mir Khan, had threatened to take the accused's life and therefore it was unsafe to keep him in hospital as it was dangerous to other patients. A hospital assistant said the cauterisation followed upon the recruit getting some Mahomedans to perform some charms upon him. Lieut. Monk, 91st Punjabis, the principal witness, bore out the prosecution story. Other witnesses spoke to the branding. The case was adjourned.

PROSPECTS OF FAMINE IN BARODA.

KADI AND AMRELI DISTRICTS AFFECTED.

(News Bureau.)

BARODA, Sept. 10.

All over the Baroda State scarcity of rainfall has created famine—Kadi and Amreli Districts in particular suffering most. The Baroda Government are seriously considering what steps should be immediately taken to meet the emergency and relieve the distress.

In Kadi District the famine is so very threatening that immediate and active measures are necessary. The District Suba has called a meeting to consider the question of famine distress and its relief.

H. H. the Maharaja is going to Mussouri probably next week. Prince Dhairyashil Rao has alredy left ofr Mussouri.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The market was active for shares other than coal up to 2 p.m. Coal:—North-West (fully paid) 33¼, Raneegunj 25¼, Totubmaree 10 3-8.

The 3½ per cent. Government Paper was Rs. 89/10 and small sums at Rs. 88/15.

FORAS ROAD ASSAULT CASE.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate commenced to hear the case in which Allarakhia Aba alias Alaya and Mahomed khan Jafferkhan are charged with assaulting one Bachu Gova on the Foras Road.

Mr. Weldon, barrister, with Mr. Blunt, solicitor and Mr. Kanuga, appeared for the first accused. Mr. V. F. Vicaji represented the second accused.

Mr. Godinho appeared for the prosecution and Mr. E. C. B. Acworth watched the proceedings on behalf of Sardar Suleman Cassam Mitha.

Superintendent Mayers at the out-set asked the Court's permission to allow a pleader to appear on behalf of the prosecution on the ground that the defence was ably represented, and the prosecution was at a disadvantage. He made the application under instructions from the Public Prosecutor.

The defence had no objection if the pleader was to be instructed by the police, and not by the complainant.

Mr. Mayers said that the police would instruct Mr. Godinho, and the Court allowed Mr. Godinho to appear for the prosecution.

Atta Hoosein, police sepoy No. 2045 E., questioned by the Court, said he saw two men coming out of a crowd and boarding a tram-car. One of them was Allaya whom he used to see at Foras Road, and at the Theatre. He never saw the second accused before.

Questioned by Mr. Weldon, the witness said the tram-car came between him and the two persons who were running. The crowd was about thirty-five paces from his post. He heard shouts of *mara mara* when he approached the crowd.

Cross-examined by Mr. Vicaji, the witness said he found the complainant lying some sixty paces from his post. He took only two witnesses to the Chowky, Chaturbhuj and Khamisa. The witness picked up the sticks which he found lying about two to three paces from the spot where the complainant lay.

Chaturbhuj Damji, cross-examined by Mr. Vicaji, said he was once sent to jail about six or seven years ago, for receiving stolen property. On the night in question he was going to his brother's shop at Madanpura to ask him to send cotton-dust to his shop the next day. He kept a book of accounts, but there was no entry about the purchase of the cotton-dust, as he paid cash for it. He was about four feet from the complainant when the latter shouted out. The witness saw one man assaulting the complainant with a bamboo-stick. He could not say where the blow struck the complainant. The witness raised no alarm, nor did he make any attempt to seize the complainant. He did not see Khamisa there. He had his umbrella open at the time, as it was raining. He could identify only one of the assailants. The man whom he could not identify was the first to run. He did not know Joosub Dagia, also known as Joosub Wag. He did not know one Joosub, who kept a gambling house.

Moosa Hoosein, cross-examined by Mr. Weldon, said he was in the employ of Fatteh Mahomed Haji Joosub. He did not remember having driven his master to the house of Mr. Suleman Cassam Mitha at Kolsa Mohalla. He drove his master to Kolsa Mohalla, but he could not say to whose house. On the evening in question he left his master at Chowpatty, and was taking his gharry home. On the way he stopped in front of a tea-shop and was taking tea on the road when the first accused came down a stair-case and told him to move his gharry. He knew the first accused, whose coachman was his (witness') friend. He saw the assault. He did not see the second accused. There was another man with the first accused when the latter came down the stairs, but he could not identify the other man. There was no one standing behind the carriage before the two men came down the staircase. Both who came down had sticks. The first accused stood at the foot of the staircase, and the other behind the carriage. Seeing one man lurking behind his carriage with a stick, and the other at the foot of the staircase, the witness became suspicious, and watched them, but did not ask them anything. Subsequently he saw the complainant coming down the staircase, and as soon as he put his foot on the road a blow was given him, but the witness could not say where the first blow struck the complainant. He did not remember which of the two accused gave the first blow. The man lurking behind the carriage did not come out, but ran away, and the witness did not see him dealing blows. He did not interfere in the souffle, nor did he shout for the police. He drove away after a crowd collected there. The police came to call him to his house within two or three hours of the assault, and he told the police what he had seen.

Questioned by Mr. Vicaji, the witness said his syce was also taken to the chowkey. His master Fatteh Mahomed never accompanied him to the police station. The witness had heard the name of Mr. Suleman Cassam Mitha. He had seen him, but he did not know his house in Kolsa Moholla. He did not remember having taken his master in a house opposite the Jamatkhana in Kolsa Moholla. The witness did not know if his master was friendly, or acquainted with Mr. Suleman Cassam Mitha. He had seen Mr. Suleman in the Islam Club, but never saw him talking with his master. The witness did not know Khurshed Jan.

Questioned by the Court, the witness said he did not know Chaturbhuj or Khamisa. Many people came on the scene but he did not know any of them. He could not say how the police came to know of his presence on the scene. Police Jamadar No. 20 E. came to call him.

Kaloo Sudar the syce, said he did not see any stick in the hands of the two persons who came down the staircase together. He was taken to the chowkey the same night.

Abdulla Banamia, police Jamadar No. 20, questioned by the Court, said he took the coachman and the syce to the police station the next morning under instructions from Inspector Smith. During enquiries the witness learnt from Khamisa and Mirabux that Fatteh Mahomed's gharry was standing near the scene of the assault, and on the strength of that information he traced the witnesses.

Haji Joosub Haji Khamisa, questioned by the Court, said he knew the coachman and the syce. The witness did not know their carriage. He did not know whose carriage it was when he saw it standing there.

Mirabux Karimbux said he did not know the coachman or the syce. He knew their master's name, and he knew the carriage as Fatteh Mahomed's carriage. The police asked him if Fatteh Mahomed's carriage was standing there; and he said yes.

Inspector Smith, examined by the Court, said the first information he got about Fatteh Mahomed's carriage was from the complainant the next morning. He thought the jemadar knew about its presence on the scene previous to that.

The jemadar was then re-called and questioned by the Court as to who gave him the information about Fatteh Mahomed's carriage. He said he learnt it from a liquor-shop keeper, whose name he did not know, and who was not a witness in this case, as also from Mirabux.

Further hearing was then adjourned.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST A BANK MANAGER.

STORY OF DIAMOND EAR-RINGS.

Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court Mr. A. H. S. Aston heard arguments on a notice issued against Mr. Bhawanji Nagsy Merchant, Manager of the Cosmopolitan Bank (now in liquidation) at the instance of Khoja Mahomed Ahmed Ladak, to show cause why summons should not be issued against him on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of a pair of diamond ear-rings of the value of Rs. 1,200, belonging to the complainant.

The complainant alleged that on the 15th May last, he gave the respondent a pair of ear-rings for sale, and obtained a receipt for the same. The respondent undertook to return the ear-rings on demand, if unsold. Since the 15th July, the complainant made repeated demands for the return but the respondent failed to comply. On the 3rd August, the complainant again went to the Bank and demanded the ornaments, when the respondent denied having had them and told him to take watever proceeding he liked.

Mr. Azad, bar-at-law, with Mr. Vijaykar, pleader, appeared to support the notice, whilst Mr. R. Solomon, pleader, appeared to show cause.

Mr. Azad, in support of the complaint, read certain correspondence that had passed between the parties and observed that the respondent denied having received the ornaments, and also denied having passed the receipt for the same. Manilal, the only witness for the complainant was bought over by the respondent, and made to sign an affidavit to the effect that the letter he had written to the complainant was written under coercion.

Mr. Solomon, on behalf of the respondent, said that the receipt produced by the complainant was a forgery. During his visits to the Bank, the complainant seemed to have picked up the Bank's forms, got them stamped and forged the signature of the respondent. The complainant was never in a position to give ear-rings worth Rs. 1,200 to the respondent.

The Magistrate suggested that in that case he should issue a process to enable the respondent to prove that the receipt was a forgery.

Mr. Solomon said he wanted to ask for a process, so that he could prove the receipt to be a forgery.

The Court ordered summons to issue against the respondent. The receipt was ordered to be kept in Court.

SIGNALLER ARRESTED AT CALICUT.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF TELEGRAPH FEES.

(News Bureau.)

CALICUT, Sept. 10.

A telegraph signaller named Corria, employed in Bangalore Cantonment, was arrested yesterday at Calicut by an Inspector of the Bangalore Cantonment Police and produced before the Town Magistrate. Corria is charged under section 420, I.P.C., on an allegation that the accused had received money and granted receipts on five occasions for messages, which he did not thereafter send to addressees concerned.

The Magistrate ordered that the accused be remanded till the 11th instant.

HINDU-MOSLEM RIOT NEAR CALICUT

MOPLAS ACQUITTED IN SESSIONS TRIAL.

(News Bureau.)

CALICUT, Sept. 10.

The Sessions Judge, South Malabar, has just disposed of a sensational case of Hindu-Moslem riot, arising from a Tiyya religious procession accompanied by the customary Hindu music before the Nacheri Mosque in the suburbs of Calicut. After throwing out the counter-complaint against the Tiyyas, the Divisional Magistrate committed thirteen Moplas to the Sessions on charges of committing aggravated assault on Tiyyas and setting fire to the Tiyya temple.

The trial lasted four days. For want of sufficient evidence, the Sessions Judge acquitted all the accused.

Rev. C. H. Walker of the Oxford Mission, Calcutta, died at Colombo on Tuesday.

MADRAS FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

REPORT OF STEADY PROGRESS.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 10.

The Government Order on the report of Sir Frederic Nicholson's Annual Report on the working of the Fisheries Department, says that the Department made steady progress, though weather impeded experimental research on the West Coast and damaged the fish farm at Tuticorin. The Oil Chemist succeeded in manufacturing various kinds of soap from fish oil not only to meet the ordinary requirements, but also for special purposes, such as destruction of insects in plantations and for use in leather manufactures.

It is stated that valuable results may be expected from Mr. Hornell's organization of chank fisheries and his attempts to develop the chank bangle industry.

As this is the last Annual Report that may be received from the Hon. Director, Sir F. Nicholson, K.C.I.E., the Government desires to take the opportunity to place on record once more their grateful appreciation of his devoted services. They look forward to a great future for the Madras Fisheries Department and that it has already achieved such success and has led the way to similar development in other provinces, is above all due to the initiative, the versatility and the unselfish energy of its creator, Sir F. Nicholson.

IMPORTS OF GERMAN SPIRIT.

"BOTTLED IN SWITZERLAND."

(News Bureau.)

KARACHI, Sept. 10.

Previous to the war, large imports were received here for Sind and the Punjab of cheap unmatured German whisky and brandy.

It is now reliably ascertained that this enemy trade still flourishes, the spirit being evidently despatched in bulk from Germany to Switzerland and subsequently bottled in Switzerland. Thousands of cases have been sold locally since the outbreak of the war, as Swiss exports with special labels of "Bottled in Switzerland."

Previous to the war no Swiss exports existed of these cheap and injurious German distillations.

THE "MADRAS TIMES" CASE.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Sept. 10.

At the High Court to-day, the case in which V. Ramaswami Iyer, some time Managing Director of the "Madras Times" Printing and Publishing Company, sued the Company for alleged wrongful dismissal from the post of co-editor came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Bakewell, but was adjourned to the 15th instant.

An interlocutory application regarding the inability of Mr. Grahame, late Editor, to give evidence on behalf of the plaintiff in pursuance of a summons issued to him, was disposed of.

Major Clarence Smith testified to the effect that it was physically impossible for Mr. Grahame to give evidence as he could not speak coherently on the subject. It was, therefore, decided to utilise his evidence in a similar case in the Small Cause Court sometime ago.

RAILWAY CONFERENCE ASSOCIATION.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

The Railway Conference Association will meet at Simla about the 20th instant.

Amongst those present will be Col. C. H. Cowie, President; Mr. Adamson, Jhodapur-Bikaner Railway; Mr. Bayley, Assam-Bengal; Mr. Bell, Eastern Bengal; Mr. Blagrave, Bhavnagar State; Mr. Bliss, Secretary; Mr. Brenton, Burma; Mr. Cameron, North-Western; Mr. Clark, Bengal-Nagpur; Mr. Dawane, Nizam's Guaranteed; Mr. Dwana, Madras and Southern Mahratta; Mr. Godfrey, Bengal-Nagpur; Mr. Greenall, Madras and Southern Mahratta; Mr. Harrison, Bombay, Baroda and Central India; Mr. Hawes, Great Indian Peninsula; Mr. Hickie, Barsi Light; Mr. Highet, East Indian; Thakore Saheb of Morvi; Mr. Huddleston, Burma; Mr. Kellie, Rohilkhand-Kumaon; Mr. La Touche, Jodhpur-Bikaner; Mr. Laidlaw, Great Indian Peninsula; Mr. Lawrence, Gwalior Light; Mr. McGregor, Oudh and Rohilkhand; Mr. Murray, East Bengal State; Mr. Pearce, East Indian; Mr. Peddie, Nizam's Railways; Mr. Polwhele, Bengal Doabs; Mr. Rhe Phillipe, North-Western; Mr. Scott, South Indian; Lt.-Col. Smyth, Nizam's Railway; Mr. Strange, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway; Mr. J. Walker, Bengal and North-Western Railway; Mr. Woolcombe, B. B. and C. I. Railway.

RUNNING TRAIN ROBBERY.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

A running train robbery of a daring character is reported from Assam. A few days ago a Bengali gentleman, of Rajshahi, was going to Dhubri on the Assam-Bengal Railway and when the train was between Madhanagar and Atrai stations and was in full speed a dozen persons boarded the train and under fear of death the Bengali passenger and several other persons who were in the compartment were compelled to part with their money and valuables. The robbers then jumped off the train with everything they had secured. No trace of the culprits has yet been found.

Fresh subscriptions amounting to Rs. 2,35,000 are announced to-day towards the Imperial Indian Relief Fund.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

TWO CANDIDATES FOR BOMBAY MOSLEM SEAT.

Thursday was the last day for receving nomination of candidates offering themselves for election as the representative of the Mahomedan community of Bombay on the Bombay Legislative Council in place of the late Mr. Fazalbhoy M. Chinoy. Contrary to expectations only two nominations, one of Mr. Suleman Abdul Wahed and the other of Mr. Kazi Kabruddin, barrister-at-law, were sent in. The election will take place at the Town Hall on the 29th instant. Mr. Suleman Wahed is a member of the Cutchi Memon community of Bombay. He is a Government nominee on the Bombay Municipal Corporation and six years ago was Sheriff of Bombay. Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin represents the Byculla ward in the Bombay Corporation and is a Secretary of the Anjuman-e-Islam, Bombay.

BOMBAY LANDING AND WHARFAGE FEES ACT.

AN AMENDING BILL.

A Bill further to amend the Bombay Landing and Wharfage Fees Act of 1882, together with the following Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying it, is published in accordance with Rule 28 (6) of the Rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay:—

The object of the Bill is to raise a fund for the improvement of landing-places at minor ports in the Presidency by levying a small charge on each passenger travelling by vessels touching at those ports. The improvements contemplated are—

(1) the provision of piers, temporary landing-stages, etc., to facilitate landing and embarkation;

(2) the dredging of the creeks to improve access to the landing-places;

(3) the provision of telephonic or telegraphic communication between the ports by payment of the charges connected therewith; and

(4) the construction and maintenance of waiting-rooms and other conveniences for passengers.

The rate to be charged will be fixed by the Governor in Council by notification in the "Bombay Government Gazette" [clause 3 (*a*)]. The rate is not likely to be less than six pies or more than one anna.

The Bill gives power to the Governor in Council to exempt any passengers from the fee to which they may be liable under the Act [clause 3 (*b*)]. The manner of collecting the fees and its remittance will be regulated by by-laws made under section 9 of the Act (clause 5).

The reason why telephonic or telegraphic communication is included in the list of proposed improvements is that the coastal service being irregular passengers may have to wait for hours not knowing when their steamer may arrive, and when it arrives it may be found to be full.

The Bill will be of service primarily to the Ratnagiri District where there is no railway communication. The Collector of Ratnagiri in fact states that "hardly any other measure could do more to promote the prosperity and comfort of the people of the Konkan."

It has been considered that the easiest way to secure the desired result is to amend the Bombay Landing and Wharfage Fee Act, 1882, which has been a dead letter up to now, but which will be brought into use, as soon as this Bill is passed, by a notification under section 2 of that Act.

THE PUBLIC SAFETY.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—You have laid the public under an immense load of gratitude for your very outspoken leaders under the heading of Public Safety.

In my view the key to the whole business lies in the High Court not being able to assert itself against judicial abuses or vagaries, probably on account of its present weak constitution, or on account of the superior combination at the seat of the Government, and the immunity the judicial officers enjoy irrespective of the incompetence or arbitrariness displayed by them.

The other day the High Court disposed of a murder case, set aside the conviction, and sent the case for trial to another judge, because a certain civilian sessions judge, in a murder case, so far forgot his duty, as to disallow cross-examination of important witnesses, when the accused's pleader who had been appointed after they had been allowed to go away applied to have the right. It is sad to believe that the Sessions Judge did not realise his responsibility in a grave matter like this, that he should have rested his refusal on an ordinary technical answer, which would hardly do credit to a third class magistrate in the mofussil. These vagaries have permeated all ranks of officers, and under the fetish of expedition, an amount of injustice is being every day done in the present-day law courts. You are sick of things in Bombay, but what of the mofussil? The remarks passed by the High Court do not affect the particular judge, and all judges know that the High Court may well indulge in their recreation of making remarks. Until some tangible thing has been done nothing can mend matters. They know they will get their promotions quite regularly, it does not matter if a few men have been wrongly punished or wrongly aquitted.

I hope you will go on agitating until you have achieved something. Duty brings its own reward and all men who respect that law and wish well of the Government are bound to be with you. For nothing weakens a Government more than weakening of the confidence of the people in the Law Courts of His Imperial Majesty.—Yours, etc.,

A. B. C.

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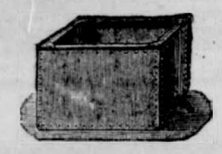

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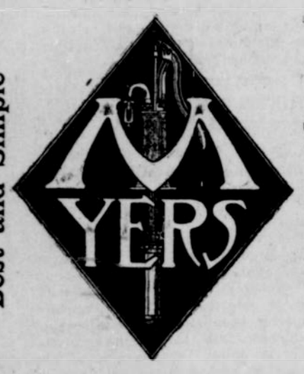

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LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

JUDGE AND JURY DIFFER.

ACCUSED CONVICTED OF UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

KING-EMPEROR *v.* HIRA BIJAL AND ANOTHER.

This was a criminal reference submitted to the High Court by Mr. C. N. Mehta, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, under section 307 of the Criminal Procedure Code, in consequence of a difference between him and the jury.

The accused were charged with rioting, dacoity and murder of one Jiva Bacher. The jury acquitted them on all charges. The Sessions Judge however found them guilty on all the charges and sentenced the accused on the first two counts to rigorous imprisonment varying from 2 to 7 years. On the charge of murder, the Sessions Judge having no power to pass sentences as he differed from the jury, made this reference to the High Court.

The facts alleged by the prosecution were these:—On 7th April 1915, accused 1, who is a Pagi of Paccham (Limdi State), had called together several of his relations and the Pagis of the neighbouring villages were also made to attend the meeting. There the first accused reprimanded the other Pagis including the deceased Jiwa and took them to task on the allegation that they were instrumental in getting thefts of corn committed within his limits. The latter denied the charge against them; and it appeared that they dispersed after exchange of some harsh words. Next day, about 12 or 13 people collected in the neighbouring village of Fedra (British territory). Witness Buddhia saw them sitting in the threshing-floors, some time after midnight. It being season time Buddhia suspected them for thieves and informed the village Pagi of Fedra. The deceased Jiwa with 8 other persons, encircled them three of whom had guns, three others had swords and all had sticks. On finding that they were entrapped, the thieves drew out their swords and levelled their guns; but did not fire the guns, until Walu sprang upon the first accused and caught him and Bijal similarly caught the second accused. Almost simultaneously with these arrests, some of the remaining thieves fired their guns and three reports of the fire were heard. Two of these hit Jiwa who was going ahead and the third went blank. With the fall of Jiwa there was confusion and the remaining thieves escaped. The first accused was found with a gun and the second accused with a large knife in his waist.

The defence was that the first accused who is the watchman of Paccham and the second accused, his temporary assistant, had been out on their night rounds in the outskirts of Paccham on the night in question and were caught by the Fedra people on a wrong suspicion, while they were sleeping within their own boundaries, and that the Fedra villagers had trumped up this case making it a common cause.

Their Lordships agreed with the jury and in acquitting the accused on all the charges, observed that the evidence was not quite consistent as to the precise time when the Pagi was alleged to have been killed. It seemed to their Lordships that they were not bound to adopt the prosecution version. The accused were separated from the gang before the deceased was shot and could not be held responsible for the murder committed by another member of the gang to which they no longer belonged. The common object of the gang was dacoity but that object was subsequently abandoned and the men did separate. The murder committed subsequently was an independent and isolated act. There was no evidence as regards the other charges, viz., rioting and dacoity. Their Lordships however found both the accused having been members of an unlawful assembly (section 141 of the Indian Penal Code), and sentenced each of the accused to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

The Government Pleader appeared in support of the reference.

Dewan Bahadur G. S. Rao and Mr. B. G. Rao appeared for the accused.

INTENTIONAL INSULT.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

HARMANISHANKAR *v.* JINBHAI & ANOTHER.

The applicant alleged alleged that he was travelling from Bombay vision against the decision of Mr. M. D. Dave, 3rd Class Magistrate of Anand, who acquitted the accused of the offence of intentional insult and voluntarily causing hurt.

The applicant was travelling from Bombay to Ahmedabad on the might of the 2nd November, 1914. When the train reached Anand, the applicant got down from the Railway train and asked for a cup of tea which was served to him on the platform. While the applicant was standing, the first accused a railway servant, asked the petitioner in an insolent tone as to why he was standing there, and began to insult him and commanded him to leave the place. The applicant refused to do his bidding, thereupon the first accused began to abuse him, took hold of his jacket and gave him four or five slaps and tore his jacket with great force. While the applicant was remonstrating with the first accused the 2nd accused, another railway servant, came to the spot and gave three kicks to the applicant and used foul language.

The applicant then filed a complaint before the 3rd Class Magistrate of Anand but his conduct towards the accused during the trial, created in the applicant's mind an apprehension that the Magistrate would acquit the accused whatever the strength of the prosecution evidence. He applied to the District Magistrate and the High Court for a transfer of the case but to no purpose. The Magistrate tried the case and acquitted the accused.

The petitioner submitted that the order of acquittal passed by the Magistrate was not warranted and amounted to a miscarriage of justice.

Then Lordships rejected the application.

Mr. U. K. Trivedi appeared for the applicant.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

MARWARIS' METHODS.

JUDGE'S STRICTUERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Beaman.)

RAICHAND KESSAJEE & Co.—Plaintiffs *v.* HAJI CASSUM HAJI SIDICK SUMMAR.—Defendant.

This was a suit filed by the plaintiffs, a Marwari firm, to recover Rs. 1,501 on a promissory note passed by the defendant with interest at the rate of 2 per cent per mensem. The following judgment, in which all the facts appear was delivered by his Lordship:—

In this suit the plaintiff seeks to recover on a promissory note, for Rs. 1,501, dated the 9th of February 1912. The defence is that the defendant was a minor on that date, further that this was merely a penalty bond, the real transaction having been confined to an intened loan of Rs. 500 for which a separate note was given. Of that sum the defendant says he only received Rs. 350. The suit was brought on the 9th February 1915, that is the last day permitted by the law of limitation. On the 28th February 1912 the father of the defendant having become aware that he had fallen into bad hands and had been signing notes, some in blank, advertised publicly in newspapers that his son was a minor, that he was well provided with money and necessaries and that the said notes would not be honoured and must be regarded by any and all who held them as mere waste paper. The plaintiff pretends that he never saw that notice, but it is certain that he took no steps to enforce the debt on which the suit is based for three full years. I have no doubt but that the defendant was a minor at the date of the transaction though it is possible he may have represented himself to be a major. That, however, is not the only ground upon which I think the plaintiff's case must fail. The plaintiff himself has gone into the witness box and perjured himself in the usual free manner, customary amongst his class. He had the audacity to say that he never heard of such a thing as a penalty note; that he in all his experience had never known Marwaris to take two notes in the same transaction, or lend a lesser sum than that which appears on the face of the note itself, subject to one exeption only, namely a small deduction never exceeding 5 per cent on the total amount for writing charges.

Every one of these statements must be, and is a deliberate falsehood. The practice has been too well-known and has been too often proved in these Courts to allow my believing for a moment that any Marwari, who has resided for 14 years in Bombay can possibly be ignorant of it.

The real truth of the transaction is perfectly apparent. The plaintiffs now pretend that the transaction was taken up by themselves and two other Marwari firms who were brought into contact with the defendant by some disreputable broker. The defendant was eager to get money on any terms to spend on vicious pleasures and the plaintiffs doubtless felt that they might take the risk of his minority in view of the enormous profits they might make should their present claim prove successful. They advanced the defendant as much as Rs. 380 and expected to recover about Rs. 2,500. That would yield a very handsome profit on the risk. They threw out a very small sprat to catch a very large salmon and the result will be that they will lose the sprat and never get the salmon.

I should also like to see these Marwaris who bring such preposterous suits and support them by such transparent perjuries vigorously prosecuted so that a stop might be put to this public nuisance.

I dismiss the suit with all costs.

Mr. Mirza and Mr. B. J. Wadia appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia and Mr. Captain appeared for the defendants.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs: Messrs. Balkrishna and Motabhoy.

Attorneys for the defendants: Messrs. Captain and Vaida.

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

The Fourth Criminal Sessions of the current year commenced its sittings at 10-30 a.m. yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod presiding. There are nine cases for trial during the current Sessions, two of them being for murder, one for culpable homicide, one for administering a stupefying drug, three for theft and three for rape.

OLD OFFENDERS SENTENCED.

EMPEROR *v.* FRANCIS MANUEL.

The accused a Christian aged 49, was committed to the Sessions on the 12th of August 1915 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to take his trial on a charge of theft.

Mr. D. A. Ghasvala appeared to prosecute. The accused was undefended.

One Keshoo Saidana with a companion named Bhukana arrived from Secunderabad in Bombay on the 9th August in search of employment and alighted at Bori Bunder. After they alighted here the accused entered into conversation with them and they informed him that they were without any money to buy food, and requested the accused to go and pledge a pair of trousers and get them some money. The accused went and pledged the pair of trousers. He got seven annas for it, but paid four annas to the complainants and pocketed the remaining three annas. Keshroo and Bhukana then went to a refreshment room near by, put a bundle belonging to them outside and went in to take refreshments. Meanwhile the accused took out from the bundle a blanket worth Rs. 7-8-0 and went away. On the third day the complainants saw the accused and gave information to the Police. The Police arrested him and the blanket was found pledged with a Marwari.

Evidence was then led on behalf of the prosecution.

The Jury returned a verdict of guilty and were divided in the proportion of six to three.

As the accused had two previous convictions his Lordship, agreeing with the verdict of the majority, sentenced the accused to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

EMPEROR *v.* RANCHOD RUPA

The accused was charged with the offence of having committed theft of three annas and one pie on the 6th July from the cold dring shop of one Rustom Jamshed situated on Kalbadevi Road.

Mr. Ghasvala appeared to prosecute.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty against the accused and his Lordship in view of his previous convictions sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

ADMINISTERING A DRUG.

KING-EMPEROR *v.* 1 SONOO PAYAJI, 2 GOPAL RAWJI.

The two accused, aged 30, were committed to the Sessions by Mr. G. R. Khairaz on 3rd August to take their trial on a charge of having administered a stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt to one Krishnabai.

Mr. E. M. F. Nicholson appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. D. M. Colah defended the first accused. The second accused was undefended.

In opening the case for the prosecution, counsel stated that the accused were charged with having administered *majuma*, a stupefying drug to a woman named Krishnabai. The first accused was living at Lalvadi, Parel. Krishnabai and her mother were also living at Lalvadi. On 3rd July, the first accused went to the room of Krishnabai's mother and told her that he would get them work in an onion shop at Nalbazar. The first accused then asked Krishnabai to go with him to his room telling the mother that he would find work for her later on. This happened at 9 a.m. As Krishnabai did not return home in the evening, the mother became anxious. One Vitha' who knew the mother informed her that he was surprised to see Krishnabai at Kamatipura.

Now coming to what happened to Krishnabai after she left her mother, counsel said that Krishnabai went with the first accused. He took her out and while on the way a Mahomedan came up to her and offered her five annas for a day's labour. The first accused said that he could procure her eight annas for the day. The first accused then took her to the house of the second accused at Kamatipura. While there she protested that no work was obtained for her and that she should be taken home. The accused, however, offered her some food to eat. She did not eat the food. Meanwhile the second accused went out and brought some Indian sweetmeats named *Malpuwas* and *majuma*. The second accused ate some *malpuwas* and offered some to Krishnabai. The accused also offered her some "*majuma*" tablets, which tasted a little bitter and sweet. She ate one and became ill and giddy. Then she began to shout for help when both the accused ran away. Other women from the neighbourhood came up and one Yeshowdabai took Krishnabai to her room, gave her some curd and kept her at her place till 7 p.m. Krishnabai was then taken home, inquiries were made and the accused were arrested. There was no evidence to show that any assault was committed on Krishnabai.

Evidence was then led on behalf of the prosecution. Krishnabai, her mother Sakubai, Vithai, Yeshowdabai the *majuma* seller and the House-Surgeon of the J. J. Hospital were the principal witnesses for the prosecution.

The defence of the first accused was that there was no evidence against him to show that the drug was administered by him to Krishnabai.

The defence of the second accused was that he did not know either the first accused or Krishnabai.

The jury returned an unanimous verdict of guilty against the accused.

His Lordship addressing the accused said that before he passed sentence he must take into consideration that no material harm was done to Krishnabai. The verdict of the jury was correct. His Lordship sentenced both the accused to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

A WOMAN'S COMPLAINT.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.)

KING-EMPEROR *v.* UMAR KADAR.

The accused, a Mahomedan, aged 25, stood charged with having committed rape on a Hindu coolie woman on the 29th July in a house near Jakaria Musjid.

Mr. M. A. Havelivala appeared for the prosecution. The accused was undefended.

In the course of his opening address counsel stated that she along with other labourers was waiting for work at Tramba Kanta near Pydhonie. The accused offered four or five of them employment for the day. All of them went with him to a house near Jakaria Musjid. There the accused asked them to remove some rubbish. When this was being done, the accused asked Parvatibai to go and sweep a room on the fifth floor of the house. While there she was assaulted by the accused. The matter was reported to the police and the accused was arrested.

The trial was not finished when his Lordship rose for the day.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 13TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1915.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar. In the Division Court No. 40.

Summary Suit for disposal in Chambers.

643-15.—Motichand & D, Baloobhoy Moolchand v. Kevalram Shivlal & ors, Against Deft. only.

735-15.—Jeh S M & H, Kalyanbhai Chaganbhai Nanavaty v. Richard Langan & anr.

For Judgment.

130-13.—Captain & V, Virbai, widow, v. Kanji Jadhowji, Manch & N.

To speak to the Minutes of Consent Order.

234-13.—Sonos Ramji & ors, v. Luxmon Pamji & ors, Kh L & M, Dubash & Co.

For Consent Decree.

578-15.—Shroff D & D, Framji Nusserwanji Panday & anr, v. Bachoobai Nusserwanji Panday, Jehangir M & S.

For Further directions and Costs on Comr's Report.

576-13.—Captain & V, Esmail Haji Noor Mahomed Cassam v. Bai Hirabai Khund L & M.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

368-14—Crawford B and Co, Khatizabai v Ebrahim Mahimed Bham and ors, Captain and V, Dhanjishaw and B. Part heard.

S C 98-15.—Rustonji & G, Tokersey Khairaj v. Kurpal Hursey & Co, a firm. Motichand & D. Part Heard, 25-6-15.

526-14.—Sabnis & G, Ahmedalli Dossaji v. Rehamatbai, widow. C P S Cunha, Part Heard, 6-8-15.

108-15—Mulla & Mulla Khatizabai v. Haji Mahomed Azamtulla Khan Captain & Vaidya.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Commr's Report.

502-07.—Sm B & Co, The Advocate-General of Bombay, v. Dayabhai Japidas & ors, Ragh B & Co. Edg G W & Co.

Short Causes.

730-15.—Payne and Co, The Credit Bank of India, Ltd, (In Liquidation), v. Maganlal Gangadas Jariwalla.

682-15.—Motichand & D, Balubhai Moolchand v. Kevalram Shivram & ors.

For Trial of remaining issues.

382-07—M. Blliothea, Aboo Mahomed Poonjabi v. Haji Moosa Aba, & ors, Khoja & M.

Long Causes.

996-14.—Crawford B & Co, The Bombay Co, Ltd, v. Dada Miya Kandwam, Sabnis & G.

1311-14—Payne and Co, Sir Jugmohandas Varjiwandas and Co v Brijlal Bhugwandin Trivedi, Edgelow G W and Co.

1508-14.—J A Valles, Isabel Mary Cordeiro v. Dominica Mary Cardoz, Sabnis & G.

759-15.—Purnanand & Co, Thakar Ratilal Tribhowandas v. Dave Chaganlal Kahdas, Jamsetji R & D.

857-92—Matubhai J and M, Sale Mahomed Noor Mahomed and ors v Cassbhai Gulamhusein, Hiralal and Co. (for a pauper).

1002-11—Hiralal and Co (for a pauper), Cassum Gulamhussein v Fazul Jaffer and ors, Mathubai J & M.

302-14.—Jehangir S M and H, Fulbai, widow, v. Salley Mahomed Dharamsey, & ors, Matubhai J & M, Little & Co.

28-15.—In Person a pauper, Karamchand Premchand v. Kastur Ujan & ors, Madh K & C.

124-15.—D J Mantri Arjun Jairam v. Shivi, wife of Arjun Jayaram, Purmanand & Co.

901-13.—Captain & V, Lakhamse Ludha & Co, a firm, v. Damji Herji & Co, a firm, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

894-13.—Captain & V, Lakhamse Ludha & Co, a firm, v. Damji Herji & Co, a firm, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

296-15.—Mulla & M, Messrs Hirji Jetha & Co, a firm, v. Messrs Tricumdas Lalji, a firm, Sabnis & G.

881-15.—Payne & Co, Sonbai, widow, v. Jafferbhoy Fazalbhoy Goolam Hoosein, Patell & Ez.

633-14—Rustomji and G. Yamnabai widow v Jilloobai widow and ors, Captain and V.

1320-12—Edgelow G W and Co, Dhulaji Hakmaji and ors v Gulabchand Vanna and ors, Jehangir M and S.

82-15.—Patell and Ez, Umar Haji Sumar v. Bai Zilikhabai, widow & ors, Patell & Ez, Ty D & Co, Chitnis M & K.

727-15.—Payne & Co, The Credit Bank of India, Ltd, in Liqn, v. Ramjanally Megji, N. C. Dalal.

Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Beaman. In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for Hearing & Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

179-14—Daphtary F and D, Haji Ajum Gulam Hoosein a firm v The Bombay and Africa Steam Navigation Co Ltd, Matubhai J and M.

S C 791-15.—Malvi H M & R, Messrs Amlackchand Govindram, a firm, v. Messrs Ganeshdas Bahadurmal, a firm, Motichand & D, Part Head.

281-15.—Tyabji D & Co, Chhotalal Ishwardas Parekh, & anr, v. Chunilal Jivandas, Payne & Co.

347-15.—Pandia & Co, Harsi Keshanji v. Bai Rukhanabai, widow, Vachha & Co.

348-15.—Pandia & Co, Mulji Bharanal, v. Bai Rukhmabai, widow, Vachha & Co.

364-15.—Jeh S M & H, Shivji Ludha & ors, v. Gorbai, Motichand & D.

382-15.—Madh K & Ch, Sakarchand Meraj & anr, v. Premchand Odhavji & Co, a firm, Tyabji D & Co.

394-15.—Merwanji K & Co, Limji Nowraji Banaji v. Limji Nowroji Banaji, & ors, Mer K & Co, Little & Co, Ard H D & Co.

407-15.—Payne & Co, Alladin Hashund v. Noorbanubai, widow, Captain & V.

412-15.—Surajmal & Co, Motichand Rupchand & ors, v. Multani Tolaram Nebandas, & anr, Malvi H M & R.

459-15.—Kharas & Co, Govind Janba Patel v. Bai Hirabai, widow, & ors, M. B Chothia.

478-15.—Dabh F & D, Narayen Ramchandra Malpikar, v. Navalal Purbhuram, Mulji & Tha.

133-15.—Craigie B & C, Sir Shapurji Broacha & anr, v. Sir Cawasji Jehangir, Baronet, Ard H D & Co.

136-15.—Craigie B & C, Sir Shapurji Broacha & anr, v. Vasantrao Ahandrao Dabolkar, Ard H D & Co.

1498-14.—Malvi H M & R, Kaikhusru Framji Marker v. Jamsetji Nusserwanji Wadia, Edg G W & Co.

1135-14.—Matu J & M, The Bombay Banking Co, Ltd, v. Ganesh Sakharam Sardisai, Khand L & M.

712-14.—Matu J & M, The Official Assignee of Bombay, v. Dayal Purshotam Tyabji D & Co.

711-14.—Matu J & M, The Official Assignee of Bombay v. Vithaldas Rowji & ors, Mulla & M, Bhek & G.

529-13.—Little & Co, Shivshankar Ramchandra v. Bai Dhankorebai, widow, Dastur & Co.

400-14.—Captain & V, Mahomed Roshan Bari & ors, Abdul Mahomed Abdulla Muktaboy, Ard H D & Co.

272-14.—Matu J & M, Madhowji Ramji & ors, v. Bai Bhikhaiji, widow, Jeh S M & H.

138-15.—Unwalla P & P, Kandaji Jacoo v. Gulab Balaram & ors, Ragh N & Co, Kh L & M, Bhai K & G, Little & Co.

1268-14.—Patell & Ez, Eleji Umarsey, a firm, v. W & A Graham, a firm, Craigie B & C.

S C Ct 642-23013-14.—Craigie B & C, Sir John Hatt Noble Graham, & ors, v. Vallabhdas Shivji & ors, Patell & Ez.

427-13.—Patell & Ez, Bai Hooseinbai, widow, & ors, v. Abdul Kayume Abdul Hoosein & anr, Mans H M & Co.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED GRIEVOUS HURT.

ACCUSED COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, one Bada Rakhma was charged with causing grievous hurt to one Narayan Shivram, now deceased.

The facts of the case have already been related in full in these columns. Briefly they are these: on the 30th August last the accused suspecting the complainant of having relations with his wife, instead of going to Masina's Hospital where he was employed on night work lay in wait for the deceased. At about 10 p.m. Narayan entered the accused's room and locked it from inside. The accused then went to his room and had it opened by his wife. The deceased hid himself; but he was found out and there was a tussle during the course of which the deceased was stabbed with a knife, with the result that he succumbed to his injuries the next day in the Hospital suffering from septic peritonities.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to take his trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

ALLEGED ILL-TREATMENT.

WIFE'S CLAIM FOR MAINTENANCE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, Mr. Henry Greenwood, a Preventive Officer of H. M's Customs, Bombay, appeared in answer to a summons taken out against him by Ethel Lousia Greenwood his wife, on a charge of refusing to maintain her.

Mr. Godinho, pleader, appeared for Mrs. Greenwood while the accused was defended by Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Company, solicitors.

Mrs. Greenwood in her information alleged that she was married to Mr. Greenwood on the 2nd September 1908 in Bombay. Ever since 1913 her married life had been a wretched one and the respondent used to ill-treat her very often. He often assaulted her in the presence of servants. She was in poor health ad she had been medically advised to take some special nourishments. Since the 1st August Mr. Greenwood had refused to provide her with those nourishments. He had also removed her wearing apparel from the house and but for the kind assistance of one Mrs. Brown she would have been homeless.

Mr. Lambert, of Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Company, Solicitors, who represents the respondent being unable to be present at the Court, a postponement was asked for and granted.

The hearing has been adjourned to the 16th instant.

FOND OF SILVER "KARGOTAS."

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon one Vithal Raoji was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of three silver "kargotas" belonging to three different persons of the collective value of Rs. 105.

The facts are that the accused borrowed these ornaments for a few days but instead of returning them to the persons from whom he had taken them, he pledged them to a Marwari from whom the Police subsequently recovered them.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

The Magistrate sentenced the accused to one month's rigorous imprisonment on each charge, i.e., three months in all.

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CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 8.

The following casualties are announced:

KILLED.

Lieutenant E. S. Turton, Yorkshire Hussars.
Second-Lieutenant E. H. Nowell, Suffolks.
Second-Lieutenant F. W. Quilter, Londons.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Lieutenant D. A. Baldwin, Leicesters.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain J. A. Liddell, Argyills.
Lieutenant H. S. Meansell, Warwicks.
Second-Lieutenant O. P. Pulvermat, Suffolks.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant S. B. Wilton, North Staffords.
Second-Lieutenant R. W. Bird, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieutenant T. Varley, South Lancs.
Second-Lieutenant J. H. Wilxinson, South Staffs.

MISSING.

Captain F. J. Wilson, Scottish Rifles.
Second-Lieutenant E. R. Scholefield, Flying Corps.

DARDANELLES CASUALTIES.

KILLED.

Lieutenant J. G. Heywood, Northamptons.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain C. E. Koebel, West Surreys.
Lieutenant H. D. O'Hara, Dublins.

WOUNDED.

Major S. G. Gibbs. Army Service Corps.
Major T. Wigan, Berkshire Yeomanry.
Captain E. B. Butler-Henderson, Berkshire Yeomanry.
Captain H. B. Maling, Connaught Rangers.
Captain N. H. Russell, Leinsters.
Captain J. M. Sly, Essex.
Lieutenant G. H. Beith, Welsh Regiment.
Lieutenant J. Brown, Medicals.
Lieutenant R. P. Bullivant, London Yeomanry.
Lieutenant G. P. Davis, Durhams.
Lieutenant W. F. Handin, Dublins.
Lieutenant L. H. Skine, Medicals.
Lieutenant H. A. Whitson, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant V. Boyley, Liverpools.
Second-Lieutenant C. Carmody, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieutenant H. I. Jones, Bucks Yeomanry.
Second-Lieutenant I. A. Kirkpatrick, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieutenant T. B. Marson, London Yeomanry.
Second-Lieutenant J. G. Martyr, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieutenant F. H. Smith, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant P. H. Thorne, Engineers.

NOW WOUNDED MISSING.

Captain S. H. Milnes, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieutenant H. Irvine, Worcesters.
Second-Lieutenant F. Richards, Hampshires.

MISSING.

Second-Lieutenant W. J. Short, Scottish Borderers.

NOW UNOFFICIALLY PRISONER.

Captain H. A. Brett, Lincolns.

Her Highness the Maharani Sahib of Bhavnagar and Her Highness the Maharani Sahib of Panna have each contributed a sum of Rs. 100 towards the Lucknow distress fund.

ALLEGED ATTEMPTED BANK BURGLARY.

SMART ARRESTS AT CAWNPORE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)
CAWNPORE, Sept. 10.

An alleged attempted burglary was brought to light yesterday afternoon in the Bank of Bengal premises. Sub-Inspector Jiwan Singh, in charge of Colonelganj Police Station, on receipt of some information came to the Bank and with the help of a European sergeant and the Bank forces, surrounded the compound and himself went in plain clothes and arrested a decently clad man loitering in the compound, on whose person, it is stated, a loaded revolver with extra cartridges was found. Six more arrests were made and one of the arrested party was at the time inside the Bank cashing a note. The party was arrested before their alleged nefarious design could be carried out. Vigorous police investigation is proceeding and further developments are expected.

SIR BENJAMIN ROBERTSON AT YEOTMAL.

NEW WOMEN'S HOSPITAL OPENED.

(NEWS BUREAU.)
NAGPUR, Sept. 10.

The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces visited Yeotmal and opened the new Women's Hospital on Thursday.

Rao Bahadur Mundle, Chairman of the District Council, presented an address, giving a brief account of the hospital. Sir Benjamin replied to the address in felicitous terms and afterwards unviled the portrait of Mr. Standen, Commissioner of Berar. The portrait was presented by Rao Bahadur Mundle.

The Chief Commissioner also visited the Anjuman Building.

Lady Robertson opened the Mahila Samaj Hall. Over a hundred ladies were present. Addresses in English and Marathi were read by Mrs. Harshe and Mrs. Mandpy. Lady Robertson made a sympathetic reply, exhorting them to study English. Both functions were well attended.

The Chief Commissioner and party left for Amraoti in the afternoon.

TWANTE CANAL IMPROVEMENT SCHEME

(NEWS BUREAU.)
RANGOON, Sept. 10.

At a recent meeting of the Committee of the Burma Chamber of Commerce there was considered a letter dated June 15th, 1915, from Messrs. P. W. and C. S. Meiki of London forwarding a second report on the Twante Canal Improvement scheme and expressing the view that despite the opinion of Mr. Nethersole, Inspector-General of Irrigation in India, the construction of the Twante Canal on the lines proposed by the Government of Burma may have a very prejudicial effect upon the river and port of Rangoon as also on the Kanoungto Creek. It was resolved that a copy of Messrs. Meiki's report be sent to Government with an expression of the Chamber's opinion that in view of the directly opposite conclusions reached by the Government, the canal officials and London experts, it seems essential that a commitee of gentlemen, having knowledge of tidal rivers, should be appointed to reconsider the wole Twante Canal Improvement Scheme.

OFFER OF ILLEGAL GRATIFICATION.

CONVICTION UPHELD IN MAYAVARAM CASE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)
MADRAS, Sept. 10.

The Deputy Magistrate of Mayavaram has convicted and sentenced one Kuppuswamy Naik to six months' rigorous imprisonment for abetment of the offence of offering an illegal gratification to the Sub-Magistrate of Tranquebar. The accused's master was a defendant in a case before the Sub-Magistrate, in which judgment had been reserved for the 21st June. On the evening of he 20th the accused went to the Sub-Magistrate's house with some cloths, and a vessel of ghee and gave him a paper packet containing six sovereigns and a currency note for Rs. 10 as a bribe to acquit his master, who, however, was convicted on the following day.

The accused in his defence said that he brought money to pay any fine that might be levied upon him in the case in which he was an accused before the Sub-Magistrate, while the ghee and cloths were intended for another man.

The Deputy Magistrate held that the money was intended as a bribe, though the other articles might not have been, and convicted the accused and confiscated the money.

On appeal the conviction and sentence were upheld by the District Judge.

MOHANT OF TARKESWAR'S DONATIONS TO WAR FUND.

(NEWS BUREAU.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The Mohant of Tarkeswar, who recently gave three motor ambulances to the Hooghly District Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association has since made a donation Rs. 15,000 to Lady Carmichael's War Gift Fund.

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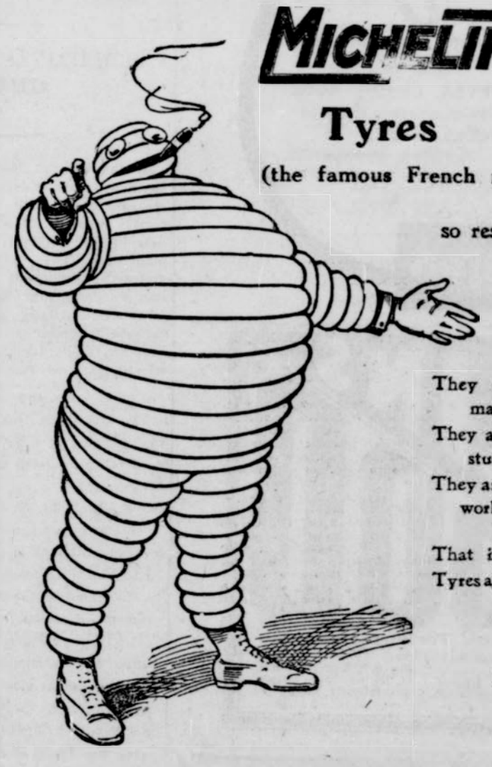

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REVELATIONS OF DIPLOMACY.

PEACE OFFER TO RUSSIA.

HOW ITALY LEFT THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE

As far back as March last Austria and Germany were endeavouring to conclude a separate peace with Russia. That startling fact is brought out with unmistakable clearness in the Italian Green-book issued during mail week. The Green-book contains the diplomatic documents submitted to the Italian Parliament by Baron Sonnino, Minister for Foreign Affairs, and includes the period between December 9, 1914, and the cancellation of Italy's treaty of alliance with Austria-Hungary on May 4, 1915.

The first intimation of Austria's approach to Russia for a separate peace is contained in a telegram from the Italian Ambassador at Petrograd to Baron Sonnino at Rome, dated March 29, as follows:—

"I learn from unimpugnable source that a serious attempt at peace has been addressed to this Government by someone speaking in the name of the Austro-Hungarian Government.—Carlotti."

It will be remembered that at the end of March Austria-Hungary was in a bad way. The Russian armies had overrun Galicia, captured Lvoff (Lemberg) and Przemysl, and were pouring over the Carpathians towards the Plain of Hungary. On April 10 the Italian Minister at Nish (Serbia) confirmed the news in the following telegram to the Italian Foreign Minister:—

"According to confidential information a separate peace between Austria-Hungary and Russia might be possible.—Squitti."

Next, on April 13, the Italian Minister at Sofia (Bulgaria) telegraphed to the Italian Foreign Minister:—

"Rumours are in circulation of a possible separate Austro-Russian peace. In Vienna political circles there is talk of peace between Austria-Hungary and Russia, and even that it is with the object of being free to deal with Italy.—Cucchi."

Two days later the news was telegraphed by the Italian Ambassador at Berlin to the Italian Foreign Minister as follows:—

"The rumours of a movement towards a separate peace between Germany and Austria-Hungary and Russia are persistently maintained and are constantly gaining ground.—Bollati."

Two dates are of importance. On May 4 the Italian Government, after diplomatic representations extending over four months, broke off negotiations with Austria-Hungary. On May 3 the great Russian retreat began, which has so far resulted in the retirement from Galicia and the evacuation of Warsaw and the greater part of Poland. During the period in which the peace overtures were being made the German Government had awoke to the necessity of coming to the help of Austria. An immense force had been transferred to the east front; guns and ammunition were massed in West Galicia, and on May 3 the battle on the Dunajetz took place, when the Russians were overwhelmed with artillery fire of tremendous proportions. The Russians made a determined stand at Gorlice, but the German forces were too strong for them, and the great retirement began which culminated in the recapture of Lvoff and the fall of Warsaw.

So ended the first peace overtures to Russia made when Russia was at her strongest. These, apparently, have been recently renewed in the hour of Poland's tribulation.

TRIPLE ALLIANCE RUPTURE.

The correspondence in the Green-book which tells how Italy came to withdraw from the Triple Alliance is of the greatest interest, though it adds little to our knowledge of actual events. It was not till December 9 last that Baron Sonnino instructed the Italian Ambassador at Vienna to communicate verbally with Count Berchtold, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, that the military advance of Austria-Hungary into Serbia constituted a fact which could not avoid becoming the subject of examination on the basis of the stipulations contained in Article VII. of the Triple Alliance. This article placed the Austro-Hungarian Government, in the case of even temporary occupations, under the obligation of first coming to an agreement with Italy and also of granting compensation.

This fact, twisted and tortured, looked at from every conceivable point of view, led by steps to the formulation of Italy's demands. Austria argued and "boggled," and, even when pressed by Germany to clear up the situation, hesitated. Albania was first offered to Italy, but Italy refused, pointing out that what she wanted was a cession of territory which Austria was legally entitled to give. Baron Sonnino's letters are perfect examples of firm diplomatic handling.

Finally Baron Burian, Foreign Minister at Vienna, complicated matters early in March by refusing to admit Italy's interpretation of Article VII. of the Treaty of the Triple Alliance. Quibbling and evasion were too much for Baron Sonnino, who in a telegam to the Italian Ambassador at Vienna, says:—"I, too, conclude that there is nothing to be expected from the protraction of the discussion with Baron Burian." And so matters drifted till Austria's attempt to make a separate peace with Russia at the end of March and beginning of April.

ITALY'S ULTIMATUM.

Finally on April 8 Baron Sonnino formulated Italy's demands to Austria, as follows:—

Article I.—Austria-Hungary cedes to Italy the Trentino, with the frontiers which were those of the Italian Kingdom in 1811, that is to say, after the Treaty of Paris on February 28, 1810.

Article II.—Italy's eastern frontier is to be corrected in her favour, so as to bring the cities of Gradisca and Gorizia within the ceded territory. From Troghofel the new frontier is to detach from the present one, and to run eastwards as far as Osternig thence descending from the Carnic Alps down to Saifniz. Thence by the counterfort between Seisera and Schliza it is to ascend the Wirsehberg and then to follow the present frontier as far as the summit of Nevea, and to run down from the base of the Rombone to the River Isonzo, passing to eastward of Plezzo. It is then to follow the line of the Isonzo as far as Tolmino, where it leaves the Isonzo to pursue a more easterly line, which, passing on the eastern side of the heights of Pregona-Planina and following the track of the Chiappovano, runs up to eastward of Gorizia and, crossing the Carso di Comen, ends at the sea between Monfalcone and Trieste in the neighbourhood of Nabresina.

Article III.—The city of Trieste with its territory, which is to be extended on the north until it includes Nabresina, so as to reach to the new Italian frontier (Article II.), and on the south until it includes the present judiciary districts of Capo d'Istria and Pirano, is to be constituted an autonomous and independent State in all that regards its internal, military, legislative financial, and administrative policies, and Austria-Hungary shall renounce all sovereignty over it. It is to remain a free port. It should not be entered by either Austro-Hungarian or Italian soldiers. It should assume a quota of the present Austrian Public Debt proportionate to its population.

Article IV.—Austria-Hungary cedes to Italy the archipelago of Curzola, including Lissa (with the neighbouring islets of St. Andrea and Busi), Lesina (with Spalmadori and Torcola), Curzola, Lagosta (with the neighbouring islets and rocks), Cazza, Meleda. and Pelagosa.

Article V.—Italy should immediately occupy the ceded territories (Articles I., II., and IV.), whilst Trieste and its territory (Article III.) should be evacuated by the Austro-Hungarian authorities and military forces, with the immediate discharge of all soldiers and sailors derived from one and the other.

Article VI.—Austria-Hungary is to recognise Italy's full sovereignty over Valona, and its bay comprising Sasseno, together with such territory in the hinterland as may be required for their defence.

Article VII.—Austria-Hungary is to cease completely to interest herself in Albania, as comprised within the frontiers traced by the Conference of London.

Article VIII.—Austria-Hungary is to grant a complete amnesty followed by the immediate release of all those prosecuted and convicted upon military and political grounds who are natives of the ceded territories (Articles I., II., and IV.) and of the evacuated territories (Article III.).

Article IX.—For the delivery of the ceded territories (Articles I., II., and IV.) from their quota of responsibility in the Austro-Hungarian Public Debt as well as in the debt resulting from pensions to retired Imperial and Royal functionaries, and against the integral and immediate transference to Italy of all domanial property, moveable or immovable, with the exception of arms, situated in the said territories, and in compensation for every State right concerned with the said territories, in all that may refer to them, whether at present or in future, without any exception whatsoever, Italy will pay Austria-Hungary the capital sum in gold of 200,000,000 Italian lire.

Article X.—Italy undertakes to maintain perfect neutrality throughout all the present war with regard to Austria-Hungary and Germany.

Article XI.—For the entire duration of the present war Italy renounces all power subsequently to invoke in her own favour the provisions of Article VIII. of the Treaty of the Triple Alliance; and Austria-Hungary is to make the same renouncement in all that regards Italy's effected occupation of the islands of the Dodecanesus.

It is unnecessary to pursue the tortuous negotiations. Germany went to the aid of Austria. The Russian peril was for the time averted. On May 3 the Russian retirement began. On May 3 Italy cancelled her part in the Triple Alliance and on May 23 Italy declared war on Austria.—"The Standard."

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PRINCE LOUIS AND THE NAVY

TRIBUTES FROM BLUEJACKETS.

When this war broke out the First Sea Lord of the Admiralty was Prince Louis of Battenberg. Some half-baked civilian discovered that he was "a German." Another candidate for a lunatic asylum evolved that Prince Louis was a German spy plotting to send the British Fleet to destruction. I have perhaps written this, or words to the same effect before, observes Mr. Fred T. Jane in "The Standard." So I will not labour the situation by going into the case of the patriotic gentleman who wrote and told me how he was convinced that Prince Louis of Battenberg arranged for the destruction of the three "Cressies"—as though the fate of those old ships could have any possible influence on the war!

But since Prince Louis of Battenberg is now in the limelight I will tell a few things about him. The first thing is to mention that I have received an extraordinary number of letters from old bluejackets who at one time and another have served under "L. B." Now if there is one thing more certain than another it is that the British bluejacket has never been known to get adrift in estimating the capacity of any officer who is over him. I believe I am correct in saying that it was Mr. Arnold White who years ago suggested that the utmost naval efficiency would be arrived at were the question of who should be admiral settled by the vote of the Fleetmen instead of by the Admiralty.

The idea, of course, is not novel, except for our own era. I believe that it obtained with the Athenians somewhere about the days of Salamis. I have received a shoal of letters from retired naval men the gist of which is invariably to the effect of "Thank God, you've managed to tell the public something about Prince Louis of Battenberg."

For example:—"I was under Prince Louis of Battenberg at Argostoli manoeuvres when he did Jacky Fisher in the eye with about half the fleet that Jacky had."

Or, again:—"I was in the Benin expedition. When we Saint Georges came back I remember how he fixed up for old Queen Vic to dress us down at Osborne. Good old Louis Battenberg."

Yet again:—"I was under him in the ——when that old fool X. swore at him and called him unspeakable names. And he took it like a man, and never let on that old X. was drunk."

Once more:—"I was with him in the joy cruise of the Second Cruiser Squadron, when he slapped us all up into New York Harbour at 18 knots, which the Yanks, who own the place, had never dared to do before over eight. He made them 'stare some.' We heard that what he said to the Drake's officers was, 'You've the flag to think of.'"

REPLY TO A BALKAN DEPUTATION.

Yet again:—"Was serving under Prince Louis of Battenberg many years back along. One of these Balkan folk sent a deputation asking him to be their King. He brought them all out on the quarter-deck, and pointed to our apology for an ensign. 'I'd sooner serve under that rag,' he said, 'than be the Kaiser of Germany. So chuck fussing about your beastly little country.' These may not be his exact words, sir, but they was to that effect."

Still yet again:—"Excuse me troubling you, but having served Prince Louis of Battenberg, and knowing him as an officer and a gentleman, could you oblige me with the address of any persons what have called him a German spy? I'm getting old myself, but I've three sons in the Service, and one of them is just now home on short leave. He's a good boxer, hence this question, begging your purdon, sir."

And so on and so on. Letters like these keep on rolling in. Some, too, from men on active service. From officers likewise. The British Navy has, and always has had, unlimited trust in Prince Louis of Battenberg. Now that all the fat is in the fire, now that it has been conclusively proved that he did save the British Empire, it seems well to make clear that he merely did just exactly what the British Navy always expected of him.

FORCING A LOCKED DOOR.

"Whatever be the grounds for optimism as to the Dardanelles struggle, it is impossible to forget that we are forcing a locked door while the key is hanging hardly out of reach," says "The Daily News." "It is not in our hands, but it is so near that we can ill rest satisfied with a failure of our diplomacy to secure it.

"The co-operation of the Balkan States, either as individual allies or in a resuscitated Balkan League, would change the whole complexion of the war. As we have recently pointed out, the way has never seemed clearer for a Balkan settlement on racial lines, and it is reassuring to learn, on apparently good authority, that one essential factor, the resumption of friendly discussions between Sofia and Nish, has been established.

"The realisation of the hopes of the Balkan States may call for some territorial sacrifices from the Allies. If that be so neither Russia nor Italy, Britain nor Serbia, is entitled to refuse any reasonable concession that would cement an alliance of incalculable military value."

RUSSIA'S RICHES.

"We have been so long under the German spell that we have come to think that there are no industrial facilities in Russia; but it was sufficient for us to look into our own house to find that it is full of riches," writes M. Menshikoff in the "Novoye Vremya." Mr. Mamontoff, a man who ought to know our industries as well as any man, says that we are capable of producing enough shells to snow down Germany if we will only make full use of all our industrial resources.

"In the Kieff province alone, the local mobilisation committee discovered about a thousand works and shops which can cast and turn out shells."

UNITED STATES ON GUARD.

NAVAL PRECAUTIONS.

In the course of a despatch dealing with the present international situation as it is regarded in the United States, the New York correspondent of the "Central News" says:—

At Cornish, New Hampshire, on August 3, President Wilson had a lengthy conference with Mr. William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury. The principal matter discussed was the question of providing the revenue necessary for a proper extension of the national defences, it having been estimated that urgently needed developments of the army and navy, in view of present circumstances, will require an immediate expenditure of more than five hundred million dollars.

This matter and the subject of great appropriations for strengthening the military and naval forces of the country will undoubtedly occupy a prominent place in the President's message to Congress when it is next convened. Meantime it is a sign of the times that Mr. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, has written to retired United States naval men asking if they are ready to return to the colours in case of war.

The letters are marked "urgent," and point out that "the Secretary of the Navy is authorised in time of war, or when, in the belief of the President, war is threatened, to call any enlisted man on the retired list into active service for such duty as he may be able to perform." Each man written to is asked to state the condition of his health, his age and employment, whether he would be able to fight if called upon, and the names of those dependent upon him. Immediate response is urged, the letters say, because it is a matter of grave importance.

MR. W. E. COREY'S VIEWS.

The views of Mr. William E. Corey, ex-president of the United States Steel Corporation, who has returned from France, are interesting. Mr. Corey believes that the war may last even for another three or four years. "The Allies have fully made up their minds to fight to a finish," he says. "They are preparing for a war of at least three more years' duration, and their confidence regarding the outcome gets stronger every week. They are particularly anxious to retain the friendship of America, and if the war lasts as long as I expect it to they will have to float war loans in this country.

"As for the United States, the only way for us to keep out of trouble is to maintain an army and navy the equals of any in Europe. It would take us two years to get in shape to fight a European Power on even terms. At present all we could do would be, possibly, to defeat Spain or Portugal." Although himself a Republican, Mr. Corey warmly praises President Wilson. "The way he has kept us out of war is simply masterly," he says, "and in my belief he will eventually be called one of our ablest and greatest Presidents."

MAORI WAR DANCE ON THE SHORES OF GALLIPOLI.

An officer of the New Zealand Contingent at the Dardanelles describes in "The Times" an extraordinary Maori war dance which took place on the shores of Gallipoli.

"The Maoris, privates and officers, lined up. With protruding tongues and a rhythmical slapping of hands on thighs and chests, with a deep concerted 'a—a—ah,' ending abruptly, they began the Maori haka—the war dance. Shrill and high leaders intoned the solo parts, and the chorus crashed out. As the dancers became more animated the beat of their feet echoed through the gullies of Gallipoli. The leader now declaimed fiercely, now his voice sank to an eerie whisper, still perfectly audible, and as he crouched low to the ground so the men behind him posed. Suddenly, after a concerted crash of voices, the chant ended with a sibilant hiss, a stamp of the right foot, and the detonation of palms slapping the hard ground.

"A hundred yards away in the Turkish trenches perplexed Moslems listened to this blood-curdling serenade, and one of them in explanation produced his copy of the Tanin. Ominous nods and head-shakings followed its reading: 'For the first time in history the Straits have had to endure attack by cannibals.'

"And the leader of the haka, a full-blooded Maori, wrote M.A., LL.D., after his name, and spoke better English than many a white man."

THE HUN LINE.

ADMIRALTY'S HAPPY THOUGHT IN NAMING.

In accordance with the Admiralty decision to associate the names of the enemy steamers which are being employed in British service with their original owners, the modern Huns, seven large steamers appear in the new volume of Lloyd's Register with the prefix "Hun." Their new names, old names, and tonnage are given in the "Times" as follows:—

Hungerford	ex Lautenfels	5,811 tons
Hunstanton	,, Werdenfels	4,504 ,,
Huntly	,, Ophelia	1,153 ,,
Hunsdon	,, Arnfried	2,899 ,,
Huntress	,, Prisia	4,997 ,,
Hunsgate	,, Altair	3,220 ,,
Huntsend	,, Luzow	8,826 ,,

The steamers are described as being requisitioned either for British Government service or by the Admiralty.

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SELF-INTEREST OR SELF-SACRIFICE.

THE APPEAL TO THE LOWER MOTIVES

We remarked, the other day, that politicians when they appeal to the people, even in the war, keep the political habit of appealing to their lower motives—to self-interest rather than to self-sacrifice, writes "The Times." Their theory, if it can be called a theory, seems to be that self-interest and wisdom are one, that men in time of war will make the sacrifices necessary for victory if only it can be proved to them that they will suffer in pocket or in person by defeat. But that desire, not to suffer either in pocket or in person, will never lead a man to sacrifice himself; it will lead him only to rely upon the sacrifice of others. The whole theory of enlightened self-interest is destroyed by the fact that the pursuit of self-interest never does bring enlightenment. Its effect is not wisdom but folly. Philosophers may argue that it would be otherwise if men were rational: the answer is that self-interest makes them irrational; for reason itself is disinterested, and cannot flourish in a mind possessed by self-interest. The very origin of reason is the forgetting of self in the desire to discover the truth; and, since this is its divine orgin, it cannot be made the instrument of self-interest which has no desire to know the truth, but only to escape suffering in person or pocket.

In time of war this is, or ought to be, perfectly plain. Men are called upon to sacrifice their lives in war; and how can they do that from self-interest? The ultimate aim of self-interest is always to go on living, and therefore a nation that was controlled by it would be incapable of war; the members of it would submit to any tyranny rather than run the risk of the ultimate disaster, death. Such a nation might have an army—in peace time—because some members of it would be driven to enlist from fear of starvation and from the hope of endless peace; but when war broke out the army would dissolve or run away at the first shot fired. The one aim of every soldier in it would be to go on living, and he would, of course prefer his own and his country's disgrace to death. As to the civilians, they would rely upon the hope that fools enough would be found to sacrifice their lives for others; but if self-interest were universal no such fools would be found; every one would be relying upon some one else, and every one would be disappointed. So the whole doctrine of self-interest is wrecked upon the fact that no society can exist in this world unless men are ready to give their lives for it, as they cannot do from self-interest. And the fact that men are ready to give their lives both in war and in peace is the final refutation of that doctrine.

A WRONG PSYCHOLOGY.

And yet some politicians will not see it. They are, no doubt, ready to sacrifice themselves, and they have to do with a whole nation ready for sacrifice; yet they keep on appealing to its lower motives as if they were political economists of the narrowest and most obsolete school talking about the laws of demand and supply. If they wish to understand the people and how the people are to be moved, let them look into their own minds and be aware of their own motives, and then let them give others credit for a disinterestedness as great as their own. For we do not believe that the politician is behind the rest of us in his desire to serve his country; our complaint is that he believes the rest of us do not share his desire. His psychology is wrong because it is not based upon his experience of himself, but upon theories about other people contrary to that experience. Those who believe that self-interest rules the mob, as they put it, never believe that self-interest rules themselves. To themselves they are individuals, but mankind to them is a species governed by what they are pleased to call natural laws; and unfortunately mankind, if they are treated as a species, tend to become one. If appeals are made only to their self-interest, they consider these appeals in the light of self-interest; and in that light, or rather darkness, self-sacrifice seems to them an absurdity. It is better, perhaps, if such appeals are made now, that they should be frankly base. Tell the British working man that he will be just as well off if England is conquered by Germany, and he will not listen to you with any patience. But tell him that he should be a patriot now from self-interest, and you confuse his mind and your own. He is hungry for the higher appeal, and you starve him with the lower one. He wants the right reason for self-sacrifice, and you put him off with the wrong one. He comes to hear music and you give him discord, for there is a necessary discord between self-interest and self-sacrifice which no sophistry can resolve. If a man is disinterested it is because he desires to be disinterested, seeing in that the chance of happiness for his soul, and you cannot arouse that desire in him by tempting him with the chance of safety or comfort for his body.

It is announced that there is to be an Astronomical Conference at Ujjai next November, commencing on the 19th to concert measures for reviving the Observatory there.

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Send your solution on a sheet of paper together with stamped addressed envelope for reply to GEORGE & CO. Wholesale Watch Merchants, Avebury House, Newhall Street, Birmingham, England. The Winner is required to purchase a Chain from us to wear with Watch. The name of this paper must be mentioned. Prizewinners of last Competition were

Miss M. Lazarus, U. F. C. M. Girls School, Acharyappen Street, Georgetown, Madras, India.

Mr. H. R. Rao, Florance House, Ice House Road, Triplicane, Madras, S. India.

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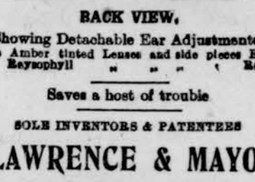

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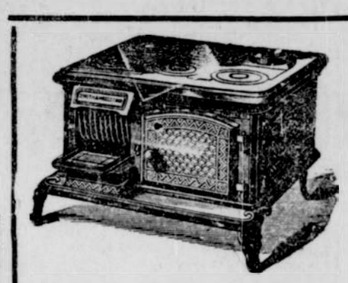

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